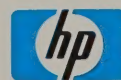
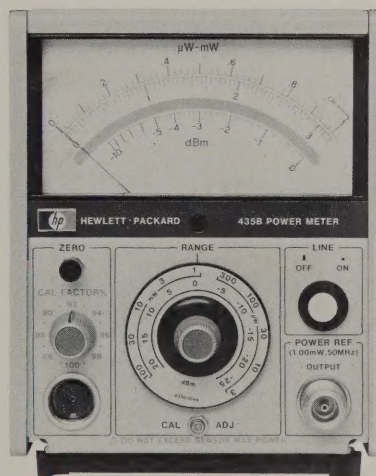


# 435B POWER METER

THIS MANUAL COVERS A  
SPECIAL MODIFICATION  
OF THE INSTRUMENT.  
SEE INSIDE COVER



HEWLETT  
PACKARD

## **CERTIFICATION**

*Hewlett-Packard Company certifies that this product met its published specifications at the time of shipment from the factory. Hewlett-Packard further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the United States National Bureau of Standards, to the extent allowed by the Bureau's calibration facility, and to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members.*

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## POWER METER

### MANUAL IDENTIFICATION

Model Number: 435B

Date Printed: January 1983

Part Number: 00435-90035

This supplement contains important information for correcting manual errors and for adapting the manual to instruments containing improvements made after the printing of the manual.

To use this supplement:

Make all ERRATA corrections

Make all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the tables below.

| Serial Prefix or Number | Make Manual Changes | Serial Prefix or Number | Make Manual Changes |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| ► 2342A, 2342U          | 1                   |                         |                     |
|                         |                     |                         |                     |
|                         |                     |                         |                     |

► NEW ITEM

### ERRATA

► Page 1-1, paragraph 1-2:

In the first sentence delete options "009 to 013".

► Page 1-3, paragraph 1-6:

Add the following after **Option 003**:

**Option 004.** The 1.5 metre (5 ft.) Power Sensor Cable is not shipped with the Power Meter.

► Page 1-3, paragraph 1-7:

Delete paragraph 1-7 (Cable Options).

► Page 1-3, paragraph 1-10:

Add the following after paragraph 1-10:

The following table lists the cable accessories and their lengths that are available for use with the Power Meter. Order option 004 if the standard 1.5 metre cable is not desired with a cable accessory.

| Cable Accessory | Cable Length   |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 11730B          | 3.1m (10 ft)   |
| 11730C          | 6.1m (20 ft)   |
| 11730D          | 15.2m (50 ft)  |
| 11730E          | 30.5m (100 ft) |
| 11730F          | 61.0m (200 ft) |

### NOTE

Manual change supplements are revised as often as necessary to keep manuals as current and accurate as possible. Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest edition of this supplement. Free copies are available from all HP offices. When requesting copies quote the manual identification information from your supplement, or the model number and print date from the title page of the manual.

**ERRATA (cont'd)**

Page 6-4, Table 6-2:

**A3Q2.** Change the part number for A3Q2 to the following:

1854-0810 CD2 TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD = 625 mW FT = 200 MHz 28480 1854-0810.

Page 6-5, Table 6-2:

Add the following below A3VR2:

A4 00435-60033 CD6 AMPLIFIER/POWER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY 28480 00435-60033.

► **A4CR1, 2.** The recommended replacement for A4CR1, 2, if they fail, is found in **Change 1**.

Page 6-6, Table 6-2:

**A4Q3-5, 14, 15.** Change the part number for A4Q3-5, 14, 15 to the following:

1854-0810 CD2 TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD = 625 mW FT = 200 MHz 28480 1854-0810.

► **A4R20.** The recommended replacement for A4R20, if it fails, is found in **Change 1**.

Page 6-11, Table 6-2:

► **MP34.** Change the part number and description for MP34 to the following:

3050-1167 CD2 ID .200 OD .370 THICKNESS .009 SS FH .047.

Add the following below MP34:

MP35 00432-90010 CD9 LABEL-INFORMATION 28480 (Used with Option 001 only).

MP36 00432-90011 CD0 LABEL-INFORMATION 28480 (Used with Option 002 only).

MP37 00432-90023 CD4 LABEL-INFORMATION 28480 (Used with Option 003 only).

► **W4.** For the following lengths of W4 change the part numbers to those shown and delete any reference to Options "009 to 013" under description.

| Length     | Part Number |     |
|------------|-------------|-----|
| 1.5 metre  | 11730A      | CD4 |
| 3.1 metre  | 11730B      | CD6 |
| 6.1 metre  | 11730C      | CD8 |
| 15.2 metre | 11730D      | CD0 |
| 30.5 metre | 11730E      | CD2 |
| 61.0 metre | 11730F      | CD4 |

Page 8-10, Figure 8-8:

On the A5 assembly (left side of photo) add the designator R6 to the resistor package above P2.

Service Sheet 5 (schematic):

On U2 pin 6 change R8 to R9.

On U2 pin 3 change R9 to R8.

## ► CHANGE 1

Page 1-3, paragraph 1-6 (Option 003):

Change the description for **Option 003** to the following:

A rear panel input connector is connected in parallel with the front panel input connector. A rear panel POWER REF OUTPUT connector replaces the standard front panel connector.

Page 3-5, Figure 3-2:

① **Power Sensor Input.** The description of the Power Sensor Input should read as follows:

Option 002 and 003 have a rear panel input connector wired in parallel with the front panel input connector.

Page 6-5, Table 6-2:

**A4CR1, 2.** Change the part number and description for A4CR1, 2 to the following:

1901-0996 CD6 DIODE-SCHOTTKY SMALL SIGNAL.

**CHANGE 1 (cont'd)**

Page 6-6, Table 6-2:

**A4R20.** Change the part number and description for A4R20 to the following:

0811-2284 CD7 RESISTOR 1K .1% .05W PWW TC =  $0 \pm 10$ .

Page 6-11, Table 6-2:

**W1.** Under the description for W1 delete the following:

Omitted on Opt. 003.

Service Sheet 2 (schematic):

To the left of J1 (left side of schematic) delete the part of the note that states the following:

(Omit J1 and W1 on Option 003 only).

## POWER METER

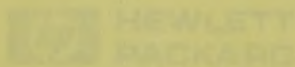
Including Options 001, 002, 003,  
009, 010, 011, 012, and 013)

### SERIAL NUMBERS

For additional copies directly to instruments with  
serial numbers printed 225A.

For changes described in Section VII, this man-  
ual also applies to instruments with serial num-  
bers printed 225A and 241V.

For additional important information about serial  
numbers, see INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY  
THIS MANUAL, Section I.



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OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL PART 435-00000

Operating Instructions for Model 435B

Changing and Replacing Components from the Model 435B

Printed in January 1964



# **435B POWER METER**

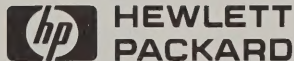
**(Including Options 001, 002, 003,  
009, 010, 011, 012, and 013)**

## **SERIAL NUMBERS**

This manual applies directly to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 2238A.

With changes described in Section VII, this manual also applies to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 2005A and 2041U.

For additional important information about serial numbers, see INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL in Section I.



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1501 PAGE MILL ROAD, PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL PART NO. 00435-90035

Operating Manual Part No. 00435-90037

Operating and Service Microfiche Part No. 00435-90036

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## SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

### GENERAL

This product and related documentation must be reviewed for familiarization with safety markings and instructions before operation.

This product is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with a protective earth terminal).

### BEFORE APPLYING POWER

Verify that the product is set to match the available line voltage and the correct fuse is installed.

### SAFETY EARTH GROUND

An uninterruptible safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source to the product input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set.

### WARNINGS

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury. (Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection). In addition, verify that a common ground exists between the unit under test and this instrument prior to energizing either unit.

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

If this instrument is to be energized via an auto-transformer (for voltage reduction) make sure the common terminal is connected to neutral (that is, the grounded side of the mains supply).

Servicing instructions are for use by service-trained personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

Adjustments described in the manual are performed with power supplied to the instrument

while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse(s) only with 250V fuse(s) of the same current rating and type (for example, normal blow, time delay, etc.). Do not use repaired fuses or short circuited fuseholders.

### SAFETY SYMBOLS



Instruction manual symbol: the product will be marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual (see Table of Contents for page references).



Indicates hazardous voltages.



Indicates earth (ground) terminal.

### WARNING

The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

### CAUTION

The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the product. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.



**Figure 1-1. HP Model 435B and Accessories Supplied**

## SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1-1. INTRODUCTION

This manual provides information pertaining to the installation, operation, testing, adjustment and maintenance of the HP Model 435B Power Meter.

Figure 1-1 shows the Power Meter with accessories supplied.

An operating manual is shipped with the instrument. This is simply a copy of the first three sections of this manual. The operating manual should be kept with the instrument for use by the operator. Additional copies of the operating manual may be ordered separately through your nearest Hewlett-Packard office. The part number is listed on the title page of this manual.

On the title page of this manual, below the manual part number, is a "Microfiche" part number. This number may be used to order 100 x 150 mm (4x6-inch) microfilm transparencies of the manual. The microfiche package also includes the latest Manual Changes supplement as well as all pertinent Service Notes.

Instrument specifications are listed in Table 1-1. These specifications are the performance standards or limits against which the instrument may be tested.

### 1-2. INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL

Options 001, 002, 003, 009, 010, 011, 012 and 013 of the Power Meter are documented in this manual. The differences are noted in the appropriate location such as OPTIONS in Section I, the Replaceable Parts List, and the schematic diagrams.

This instrument has a two-part serial number. The first four digits and the letter comprise the serial number prefix. The last five digits form the sequential suffix that is unique to each instrument. The contents of this manual apply directly to instruments having the same serial number prefix(es) as listed under SERIAL NUMBERS on the title page.

An instrument manufactured after the printing of this manual may have a serial number prefix that is not listed on the title page. This unlisted serial prefix indicates that the instrument is different from those documented in this manual. The manual for this newer instrument is supplied with a yellow Manual Changes supplement that contains "change information" explaining how to adapt the manual to the newer instrument.

In addition to change information, the supplement may contain information for correcting errors in the manual. To keep this manual as current and accurate as possible, Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest Manual Changes supplement. The supplement for this manual is keyed to the manual's print date and part number, both of which appear on the title page. Complimentary copies of the supplement are available from Hewlett-Packard.

For information concerning a serial number prefix not listed on the title page or in the Manual Changes supplement, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

### 1-3. DESCRIPTION

The Power Meter and a compatible power sensor are interconnected with the power sensor cable to form a power measurement system. The system power level range, frequency response, and load impedance are dependent on the power sensor.

Accuracy of the power measurement system is ensured by the following Power Meter characteristics:

- a. An internal automatic zeroing circuit which removes error due to the ambient temperature output of the power sensor's power sensing device.
- b. A calibration factor adjustment which accounts for error due to the frequency response of the power sensing device.
- c. An internal calibration reference which has an output of  $1 \text{ mW} \pm 0.7\%$  ( $50 \Omega$ ).

Table 1-1. Specifications

## SPECIFICATIONS

**Frequency Range:**

100 kHz to 26.5 GHz (depending on power sensor used).

**Power Range:**

(Meter calibrated in watts and dBm.)

**With 8481B or 8482B sensors:** 44 dB with 9 full scale ranges of 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40 and 45 dBm (1 mW to 25W).

**With 8481H or 8482H sensors:** 45 dB with 9 full scale ranges of -5, 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30 and 35 dBm (30  $\mu$ W to 3W).

**With 8481A, 8482A, 8483A or 8485A sensors:** 50 dB with 10 full scale ranges of -25, -20, -15, -10, -5, 0, 5, 10, 15 and 20 dBm (3  $\mu$ W to 100 mW).

**With 8484A sensor:** 50 dB with 10 full scale ranges of -65, -60, -55, -50, -45, -40, -35, -30, -25 and -20 dBm (300 pW to 10  $\mu$ W).

**Accuracy:**

**Instrumentation:**<sup>1</sup>  $\pm 1\%$  of full scale on all ranges.

**Zero:** Automatic, operated by front-panel switch.

**Zero Set:**  $\pm 0.5\%$  of full scale on most sensitive range, typical.

**Zero Carryover:**  $\pm 0.5\%$  of full scale when zeroed on the most sensitive range.

**Noise** (typical, at constant temperature, peak change over any one-minute interval): 20 pW (8484A); 40 nW (8481A, 8482A, 8483A, 8485A); 4  $\mu$ W (8481H, 8482H); 40  $\mu$ W (8481B, 8482B).

**Drift** (1 hour, typical), at constant temperature after 24-hour warm-up): 40 pW (8484A); 15 nW (8481A, 8482A, 8483A, 8485A); 1.5  $\mu$ W (8481H, 8482H); 15  $\mu$ W (8481B, 8482B).

**Power Reference:** Internal 50 MHz oscillator with Type N Female connector on front panel (or rear panel, Option 003 only).

**Power output:** 1.00 mW.

Factory set to  $\pm 0.7\%$  traceable to the National Bureau of Standards.

**Accuracy:**  $\pm 1.2\%$  worst case ( $\pm 0.9\%$  rss) for one year (0 to 55°C).

**Response Time:**

(0 to 99% of reading, five time constants.)

Range 1 (most sensitive) <10.0 seconds.

Range 2 <3.8 seconds.

Range 3 <1.3 seconds.

Ranges 4—10 <500 milliseconds.

Typical, measured at recorder output.)

**Cal Factor:**

16-position switch normalizes meter reading to account for calibration factor or effective efficiency.

Range 85% to 100% in 1% steps.

**Cal Adjustment:**

Front panel adjustment provides capability to adjust gain of meter to match power sensor in use.

**Recorder Output:**

Proportional to indicated power with 1 volt corresponding to full scale; 1 k $\Omega$  output impedance; BNC connector.

**RF Blanking Output:**

Provides a contact closure to ground when auto-zero mode is engaged.

**Power Consumption:**

100, 120, 220, or 240V +5%, -10%.

100 and 120 volts, 48 to 66 Hz and 360—440 Hz.

220 and 240 volts, 48 to 66 Hz.

20 V·A maximum.

**Weight:**

Net, 2.7 kg (5.9 lbs).

**Dimensions:**

155 mm high (6-3/32 inches).

130 mm wide (5-1/8 inches).

279 mm deep (11 inches).

<sup>1</sup>Includes sensor non-linearity. Add +2, -4% on top two ranges when using the 8481A, 8482A, 8483A and 8485A power sensors; add  $\pm 4.0\%$  on the top two ranges when using the 8481B and 8482B power sensors; add  $\pm 5.0\%$  on the top two ranges when using the 8481H and 8482H power sensors.

## 1-4. OPTIONS

### 1-5. Battery

The Model 435B, Option 001 Power Meter is supplied with a rechargeable battery that provides up to 16 hours continuous operation from a full charge.

If the Power Meter was purchased without the battery option, it may be ordered in kit form under HP part number 00435-60012. The kit includes the battery, the battery clamp, a 6-32 x 1/2-inch pan head machine screw and installation instructions.

### 1-6. Input-Output Options

**Option 002.** A rear panel input connector is connected in parallel with the front panel input connector.

**Option 003.** A rear panel input connector replaces the standard front panel input connector; a rear panel POWER REF OUTPUT connector replaces the standard front panel connector.

### 1-7. Cable Options

A 1.5 metre (5-foot) power sensor cable is normally supplied. The 1.5 metre cable is omitted with any cable option. The option and cable length are shown in the table.

| Option | Cable Length in Metres (Ft.) |
|--------|------------------------------|
| 009    | 3.1 (10)                     |
| 010    | 6.1 (20)                     |
| 011    | 15.2 (50)                    |
| 012    | 30.5 (100)                   |
| 013    | 61.0 (200)                   |

### 1-8. ACCESSORIES SUPPLIED

The accessories supplied with the Power Meter are shown in Figure 1-1.

a. The 1.5 metre (5-foot) power sensor cable, HP part number 8120-2263, is used to couple the

power sensor to the Power Meter. The 1.5 metre cable is omitted with any cable option.

b. The line power cable may be supplied in several configurations. Refer to the paragraph entitled Power Cables in Section II.

### 1-9. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED.

To form a complete RF power measurement system, a power sensor, such as the HP Model 8481A, must be connected to the Power Meter via the power sensor cable.

### 1-10. EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE

The HP Model 11683A Range Calibrator is recommended for performance testing, adjusting and troubleshooting the Power Meter. The Power Meter's range-to-range accuracy and auto-zero operation can easily be verified with the calibrator. It also has the capability of supplying a full-scale test signal for each range.

An extender board (HP part number 5060-0630) may be used to place the A4 assembly printed circuit board in a position that allows easy access to test points and components.

### 1-11. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

The test equipment shown in Table 1-2 is recommended for use during performance testing, adjustments and troubleshooting. To ensure optimum performance of the Power Meter, the specifications of a substitute instrument must equal or exceed the critical specifications shown in the table.

### 1-12. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

The Power Meter is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with a protective earth terminal). This instrument has been designed according to international safety standards and has been supplied in safe condition.

Table 1-2. Recommended Test Equipment

| Instrument Type  | Critical Specifications  | Suggested Model             | Use*    |
|--|--|-----------------------------|---------|
| Digital Voltmeter  | Function: DC, Resistance<br>Ranges:<br>Resistance: 200 $\Omega$<br>Vdc: 100 mV, 1000 mV, 10V, 100V<br>10 M $\Omega$ input impedance<br>5 1/2 digit resolution<br>Accuracy: $\pm 0.05\%$ of reading<br>$\pm 0.028\%$ of range | HP 3455A                    | P, A, T |
| Frequency Counter  | Frequency Range: 200 Hz — 50 MHz<br>Sensitivity: 100 mVrms<br>Accuracy: 0.01%  | HP 5314A                    | A       |
| Oscilloscope   | Bandwidth: dc to 50 MHz<br>Vertical sensitivity: 0.2 V/division<br>Horizontal sensitivity: 1 ms/division   | HP 1740A                    | P, A, T |
| Power Meter  | Range: capability to measure 1 mW<br>Transfer Accuracy (input to output): $\pm 0.2\%$  | HP 432A                     | P, A    |
| Power Sensor   | Range: capability to measure 1 mW  | HP 8481A/H or<br>HP 8482A/H | P, A    |
| Range Calibrator   |  | HP 11683A                   |         |
| Thermistor Mount   | SWR: 1.05 at 50 MHz<br>Accuracy:** $\pm 0.5\%$ at 50 MHz   | HP 478A-H75                 | P, A    |
| * P = Performance Tests; A = Adjustments; T = Troubleshooting.<br>** Traceable to NBS. |  |                             |         |

## SECTION II INSTALLATION

### 2-1. INTRODUCTION

This section includes information on the initial inspection, preparation for use, and storage and shipment instructions for the Power Meter.

### 2-2. INITIAL INSPECTION

#### WARNING

*To avoid hazardous electrical shock, do not perform electrical tests when there are signs of shipping damage to any portion of the outer enclosure (covers and panels).*

Inspect the shipping container for damage. If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been checked mechanically and electrically. The contents of the shipment should be as shown in Figure 1-1. Procedures for checking electrical performance are given in Section IV. If the contents are incomplete, if there is mechanical damage or defect, or if the instrument does not pass the electrical performance tests, notify the nearest Hewlett-Packard office. If the shipping container is damaged, or the cushioning material shows signs of stress, notify the carrier as well as the Hewlett-Packard office. Keep the shipping materials for the carrier's inspection.

### 2-3. PREPARATION FOR USE

#### 2-4. Meter Zeroing

With the LINE switch set to OFF, the meter pointer should be positioned directly over zero. If necessary, insert a screwdriver into the mechanical Meter Zero control (beneath the meter) and align the pointer with zero. Back the adjustment off slightly. The backlash in the control ensures against a meter indication error caused by jarring the instrument.

#### 2-5. Range Switch Scale Selection

The RANGE switch has three scales on 2 removable rings which correspond to the measurement capabilities of compatible power sensors. The range scales are 3W to 0.3 mW (+35 to -5 dBm),

100 mW to 3  $\mu$ W (+20 to -25 dBm) and 10  $\mu$ W to 0.3 nW (-20 to -65 dBm). Each scale listed indicates the maximum and minimum full scale meter readings.

To select the correct RANGE switch knob assembly scale (see Figure 2-1):

- Unscrew the outer (black) knob by turning it counterclockwise. Then, remove the outer knob.
- Remove the two scale rings.
- Determine which of the 3 scales is to be used.
- Place the other scale ring on the knob assembly.
- Place the selected ring on the knob assembly with the selected scale out.
- Line up the tabs of the scale rings with the slot in the knob assembly.
- Hold the scale rings in place with your fingers. Thread the outer knob onto the knob assembly. Lightly tighten the knob.

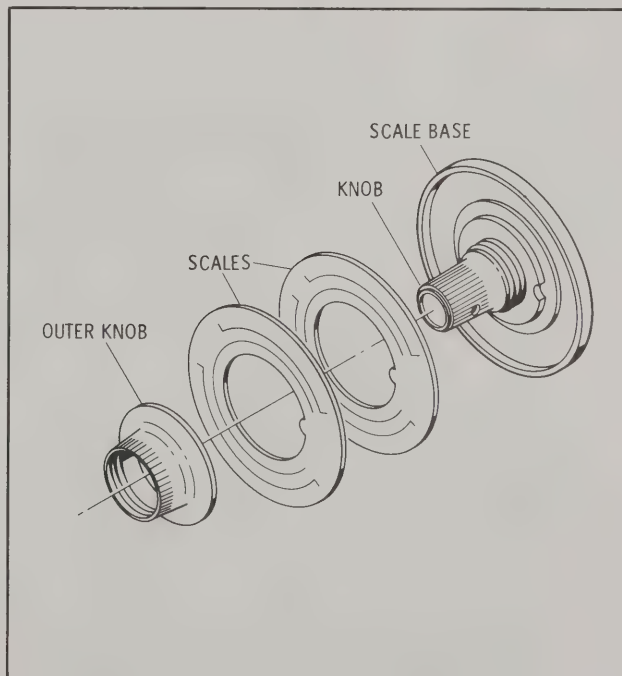


Figure 2-1. Changing Range Switch Scale

## 2-6. Power Requirements

The Power Meter requires a power source with an output of 100, 120, 220, or 240 Vac  $\pm 5\%$ ,  $-10\%$  single phase, 100 and 120 volts, 48 to 66 Hz and 360 to 440 Hz, 220 and 240 volts, 48 to 66 Hz. Power consumption is 20 V·A maximum.

### WARNING

*If this instrument is to be energized via an external autotransformer, make sure the autotransformer common terminal is connected to the earth terminal of the power source.*

## 2-7. Line Voltage Selection

### CAUTION

*BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, make sure the instrument is set to the voltage of the power source.*

Figure 2-2 provides instructions for line voltage and fuse selection. The line voltage selection card and proper fuse are factory installed for 120 Vac operation.

Fuses may be ordered under HP part numbers 2110-0234, 0.1A (250V slow blow) for 100/120 Vac operation and 2110-0040 0.062A (250V slow blow) for 220/240 Vac operation.

## 2-8. Power Cable

In accordance with international safety standards, this instrument is equipped with a three-wire power cable. When connected to an appropriate ac power receptacle, this cable grounds the instrument cabinet. The type of power cable plug shipped with each instrument depends on the country of destination. Refer to Figure 2-3 for the part numbers of the power cable plugs available.

### WARNING

*BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, the protective earth terminals of this instrument must be connected to the protective conductor of the (Mains) power cord. The Mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. The protective action must not be negated by the use of an extension cord (power cable) without a protective conductor (grounding).*

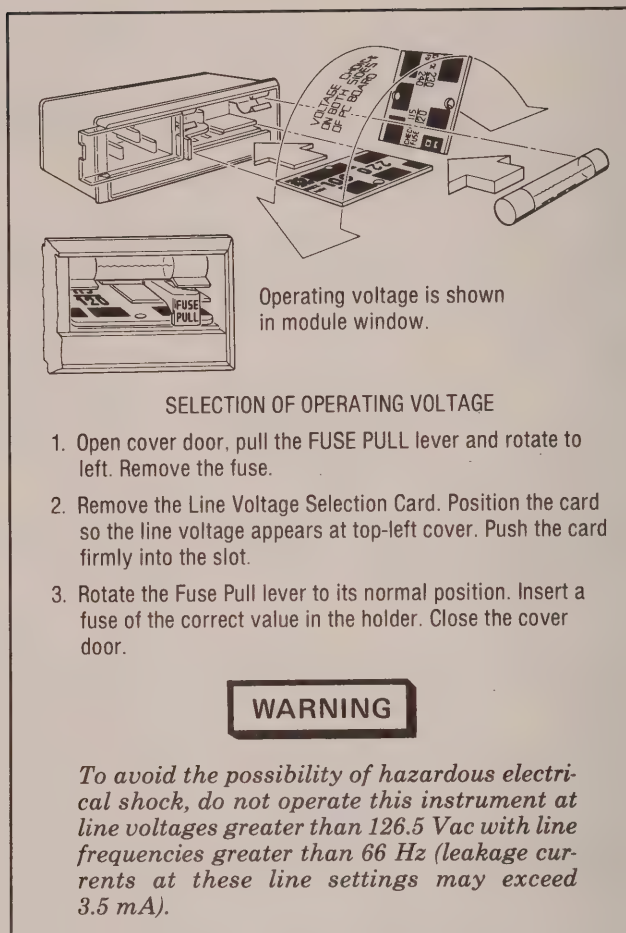


Figure 2-2. Line Voltage Selection

## 2-9. Interconnections

The Power Meter and a power sensor are integral parts of this measurement system. Before measurements can be performed, the Power Meter and sensor must be connected together with the power sensor cable. (The cable is supplied with the Power Meter.)

The power sensor cable couples the dc supply and sampling gate drive from the Power Meter to the power sensor and the 220 Hz ac output signal from the power sensor to the Power Meter.

### CAUTION

*The maximum voltage which may be safely coupled to the Power Meter input from the power sensor is 18 mVrms.*

## 2-10. Operating Environment

The operating environment should be within the following limitations:

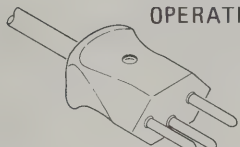
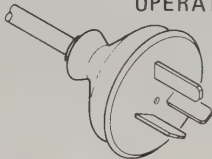
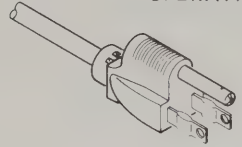
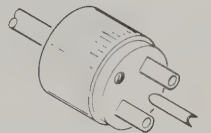
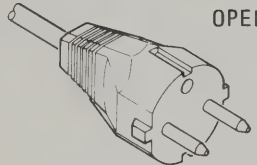
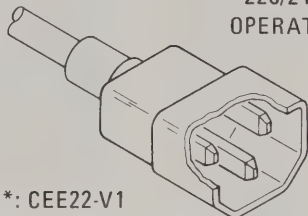
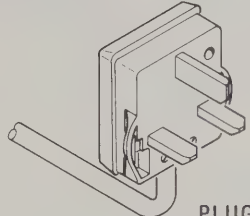
|  |   |  |   |
|--|---|--|---|
|  <p>220/240V<br/>OPERATION</p> <p>PLUG*: SEV 1011.1959-24507<br/>TYPE 12<br/>CABLE*: HP 8120-2104</p> |  <p>220/240V<br/>OPERATION</p> <p>PLUG*: NZSS 198/AS C112<br/>CABLE*: HP 8120-1369</p> |  <p>100/120V<br/>OPERATION</p> <p>PLUG*: NEMA 5-15P<br/>CABLE*: 8120-1378</p>  |  <p>220/240V<br/>OPERATION</p> <p>PLUG*: NEMA 6-15P<br/>CABLE*: HP 8120-0698</p> |
|  <p>220/240V<br/>OPERATION</p> <p>PLUG*: CEE7-VII<br/>CABLE*: HP 8120-1689</p>                        |  <p>220/240V<br/>OPERATION</p> <p>PLUG*: CEE22-V1<br/>CABLE*: HP 8120-1860</p>         |  <p>220/240V<br/>OPERATION</p> <p>PLUG*: BS 1363A<br/>CABLE: HP 8120-1351</p> |   |
| <p>*The number shown for the plug is the industry identifier for the plug only.<br/>The number shown for the cable is an HP part number for a complete cable including the plug.</p>   |   |  |   |

Figure 2-3. Power Cable HP Part Numbers Versus Mains Plugs Available

**Operating Environment (cont'd)**

Temperature ..... 0 to 55°C  
 Humidity ..... <95% relative at 40°C  
 Altitude ..... <4570 metres (15 000 feet)

**2-11. Bench Operation**

The instrument cabinet has plastic feet and a fold-away tilt stand for convenience in bench operation. (The plastic feet are shaped to ensure self-aligning of the instruments when stacked.) The tilt stand raises the front of the instrument for easier viewing of the control panel.

**2-12. Rack Mounting**

Instruments that are narrower than full rack-width may be rack-mounted using Hewlett-Packard adapter frames or combining cases.

**Adaptor Frames.** Hewlett-Packard accessory adaptor frames are an economical means of rack mounting instruments that are narrower than full rack-width. A set of spacer clamps, supplied with each adaptor frame, permits instruments of different dimensions to be combined and rack mounted as a unit. Accessory blank panels are available for filling unused spaces.

**Combining Cases.** Model 1051A and 1052A Combining Cases are metal enclosures that allow combinations of one-third and one-half rack-width instruments to be assembled for use on a work-

bench or for mounting in a rack of standard 19-inch spacing. Each case includes a set of partitions for positioning and retaining instruments and a rack mounting kit. No tools are required for installing the partitions. For bench use the cases have the same convenient features as full rack-width instruments, (i.e., fold-away tilt stands and specially designed feet for easier instrument stacking). Accessories available for the combining cases include blank filler panels and snap-on full width control panel covers.

**2-13. Battery Operation**

To operate the Power Meter on battery power, the battery must be installed and charged, the line power cable must be disconnected, and the LINE switch must be ON.

**Battery Installation.****WARNINGS**

*This task should be performed only by service trained persons who are aware of the potential shock hazard of working on an instrument with protective covers removed.*

*To avoid hazardous electrical shock, the line (Mains) power cable should be disconnected before attempting to install the battery.*

**Battery Operation (Cont'd)****WARNINGS****(Cont'd)**

*Do not short the battery terminals. This may result in overheating which can cause burns or increase risk of fire.*

*Do not incinerate or mutilate the battery. It might burst or release toxic materials causing personal injury.*

The battery is installed in the Power Meter as follows (see Figure 2-4):

- a. Remove the top cover.
- b. Hold the battery above the Power Meter, parallel to printed circuit board A4. The battery terminal lugs must face the circuit board.
- c. Loosen the lugs. Move the battery down into place and guide the lugs into the slots on the circuit board. The battery should now rest on the aluminum deck.



Figure 2-4. Battery Installation

d. Place the battery clamp over the battery and secure it. The two prongs fit into slots on the rear panel and the 6-32 x 1/2-inch pan head machine screw holds the forward end of the clamp in place.

e. Tighten the battery terminal lugs by hand.

Figure 2-5 shows the Power Meter with battery installed.

**Battery Charging.** The battery is being charged if the battery has been installed, the line power cable is connected to the available line power, and the LINE switch is ON. In the fully charged condition, (24-hour charge time), the battery will supply power for a minimum of 16 hours.

**2-14. STORAGE AND SHIPMENT****2-15. Environment**

The instrument should be stored in a clean, dry environment. The following environmental limitations apply to both storage and shipment:

Temperature ..... -55 to +75°C  
 Humidity ..... <95% relative at 40°C  
 Altitude ..... <15 300 metres (50 000 feet)



Figure 2-5. Power Meter with Battery Installed

## 2-16. Packaging

**Tagging for Service.** If the instrument is being returned to Hewlett-Packard for service, please complete one of the blue repair tags located at the end of this manual and attach it to the instrument.

**Original Packaging.** Containers and materials identical to those used in factory packaging are available through Hewlett-Packard offices. If the instrument is being returned to Hewlett-Packard for servicing, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number and full serial number. Also mark the container FRAGILE to ensure careful handling. In any correspondence refer to the instrument by model number and full serial number.

**Other Packaging.** The following general instructions should be used for re-packaging with commercially available materials:

a. Wrap the instrument in heavy paper or plastic. (If shipping to a Hewlett-Packard office or service center, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number and full serial number.)

b. Use a strong shipping container. A double-wall carton made of 2.4 MPa (350 pound) test material is adequate.

c. Use a layer of shock-absorbing material 70 to 100 mm (3 to 4 inches) thick around all sides of the instrument to provide firm cushioning and prevent movement inside the container. Protect the control panel with cardboard.

d. Seal the shipping container securely.

e. Mark the shipping container FRAGILE to ensure careful handling.

f. In any correspondence, refer to the instrument by model number and full serial number.



## SECTION III OPERATION

### 3-1. INTRODUCTION

This section provides complete operating instructions for the Power Meter. The instructions consist of: panel features, operator's checks, operating instructions, power measurement accuracy and operator's maintenance.

### 3-2. PANEL FEATURES

Front and rear panel features of the Power Meter are described in Figures 3-1 and 3-2. These figures contain a detailed description of the controls, indicators and connectors.

### 3-3. OPERATOR'S CHECKS

#### NOTE

*If the instrument does not operate properly and is being returned to Hewlett-Packard for service, please complete one of the blue repair tags located at the end of this manual and attach it to the instrument.*

Upon receipt of the instrument, or to check the Power Meter for an indication of normal operation, follow the operational procedure shown in Figure 3-3. These procedures are designed to familiarize the operator with the Power Meter and to provide an understanding of the operating capabilities.

### 3-4. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

General operating instructions are contained in Figure 3-4. The instructions will familiarize the operator with the basic practices used when operating the Power Meter.

#### WARNING

*Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal is likely to make this instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.*

### 3-5. POWER MEASUREMENT ACCURACY

A power measurement is never free from error or uncertainty. Any RF system has RF losses, mis-

match losses, mismatch uncertainty, instrumentation uncertainty and calibration uncertainty. Measurement errors as high as 50% are not only possible, they are highly likely unless the error sources are understood and, as much as possible, eliminated.

### 3-6. Sources of Error and Measurement Uncertainty

**RF Losses.** Some of the RF power that enters the power sensor is not dissipated in the power sensing elements. This RF loss is caused by dissipation in the walls of waveguide power sensors, in the center conductor of coaxial power sensors, in the dielectric of capacitors, connections within the sensor and radiation losses.

**Mismatch.** The result of mismatched impedances between the device under test and the power sensor is that some of the power fed to the sensor is reflected before it is dissipated in the load. Mismatches affect the measurement in two ways. First, the initial reflection is a simple loss and is called mismatch loss. Second, the power reflected from the sensor mismatch travels back up the transmission line until it reaches the source. There, most of it is dissipated in the source impedance, but some of it is re-reflected by the source mismatch. The re-reflected power returns to the power sensor and adds to, or subtracts from, the incident power. For all practical purposes, the effect the re-reflected power has upon the power measurement is unpredictable. This effect is called mismatch uncertainty.

**Instrumentation Uncertainty.** Instrumentation uncertainty describes the ability of the metering circuits to accurately measure the dc output from the power sensor's power sensing device. In the Power Meter, this error is less than  $\pm 1\%$ .<sup>1</sup> It is important to realize, however, that a 1% meter does not automatically give 1% overall measurement accuracy.

**Power Reference Uncertainty.** The uncertainty of the output level of the power reference oscillator is  $\pm 0.7\%$ . This reference is normally used to calibrate the system and is, therefore, a part of the system's total measurement uncertainty.

<sup>1</sup>Refer to Instrument accuracy specification in Section I when using the top two ranges.

**Cal Factor Switch Resolution Error.** The resolution of the CAL FACTOR switch contributes a significant error to the total measurement because the switch has 1% steps. The maximum error possible in each position is  $\pm 0.5\%$ .

### 3-7. Corrections for Error

**Calibration Factor and Effective Efficiency.** The two correction factors basic to power meters are calibration factor and effective efficiency. Effective efficiency is the correction factor for RF losses within the power sensor. Calibration factor takes into account the effective efficiency and mismatch losses.

Calibration factor is expressed as a percentage with 100% meaning the power sensor has no losses. Normally the calibration factor will be 100% at 50 MHz, the operating frequency of the internal reference oscillator.

The power sensors used with the Power Meter have individually calibrated calibration factor curves placed on their covers. To correct for RF and mismatch losses, simply find the power sensor's calibration factor at the measurement frequency from the curve or the table that is supplied with the power sensor, and set the CAL FACTOR switch to this value.

The CAL FACTOR switch resolution error of  $\pm 0.5\%$  may be reduced by one of the following methods:

- 1) Set the CAL FACTOR switch to the nearest positions above and below the correction factor given on the table. Interpolating between the power levels measured provides the corrected power level.

- 2) Leave the CAL FACTOR switch on 100% after calibration. Then, make the measurement and record the reading. Use the reflection coefficient, magnitude and phase angle, if such a table is supplied with the power sensor, to calculate the corrected power level.

### 3-8. Calculating Worst Case Uncertainty

Worst case uncertainty is the sum of the specified uncertainties and mismatch uncertainty. Uncertainty calculation is outlined in the following two subsections and examples are worked out in Figures 3-5 and 3-6. For a more complete explanation of measurement uncertainty refer to HP application note AN-64-1 "Fundamentals of RF and Microwave Power Measurement".

**Specified Uncertainties.** The specified uncertainties which account for part of the total power measurement uncertainty are:

- a. Instrumentation  $\pm 1\%$ <sup>1</sup> or  $\pm 0.05$  dB.
- b. Power reference  $\pm 0.7\%$  or  $\pm 0.03$  dB.
- c. CAL FACTOR switch resolution, 0 to  $\pm 0.5\%$  (depending on Cal Factor).
- d. Zero set,  $\pm 0.5\%$  of full scale of lowest range which is 15 nW.
- e. Zero Carryover,  $\pm 0.5\%$ .
- f. Noise and Drift, depends on the range and type of sensor.
- g. Calibration factor uncertainty, which depends on sensor type, is listed in the sensor manual.

Figure 3-5 gives an example of specified uncertainty calculation.

**Calculating Mismatch Uncertainty.** Mismatch uncertainty is the result of the source mismatch interacting with the power sensor mismatch. The magnitude of uncertainty is related to the magnitudes of the source and power sensor reflection coefficients, which can be calculated from SWR. Figure 3-6 shows how the calculations are made and Figure 3-7 illustrates mismatch uncertainty and total calculated uncertainty for two cases. In the first case, the power sensor's SWR = 1.5, and in the second case, the power sensor's SWR = 1.25. In both cases the source has an SWR of 2.0. The example shows the effect on power measurement accuracy a poorly matched power sensor will have as compared to one with low mismatch.

A faster, easier way to find mismatch uncertainty is to use the HP Mismatch Error (uncertainty) Limits/Reflectometer Calculator. The calculator may be obtained, on request, from your nearest Hewlett-Packard office by using HP part number 5952-0948.

The method of calculating measurement uncertainty from the uncertainty in dB is shown by Figure 3-8. This method would be used when the initial uncertainty calculations were made with the Mismatch Error/Reflectometer Calculator.

<sup>1</sup>Refer to Instrument accuracy specification in Section I when using the top two ranges.

### 3-9. OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE

The only maintenance responsibilities the operator should normally perform are primary power fuse replacement, LINE switch lamp replacement and rechargeable battery replacement.

Battery replacement is the only operation that requires tools. A Pozidriv screwdriver is needed to remove the battery clamp.

### 3-10. Fuses

The primary power fuse is found within the A6 Power Module Assembly on the Power Meter's rear panel. For instructions on how to change the fuse, refer to the paragraph entitled Line Voltage Selection in Section II.

#### CAUTION

*Make sure that only fuses with the required rated current and of the specified type (slow blow, time delay, etc.) are used for replacement. The use of repaired fuses and the short-circuiting of fuse-holders must be avoided.*

### 3-11. Lamp Replacement

The lamp is contained in a plastic lens which doubles for a pushbutton on the LINE switch. When

the Power Meter LINE switch is ON and is being operated by the available line power, the lamp should be illuminated. If the lamp is defective, remove the lens by pulling it straight out. Order lamp (3131-0434) CD6 and replace the old pushbutton-lamp assembly with the new one. To replace the assembly, align the pins with the notch in the receptacle and push straight in.

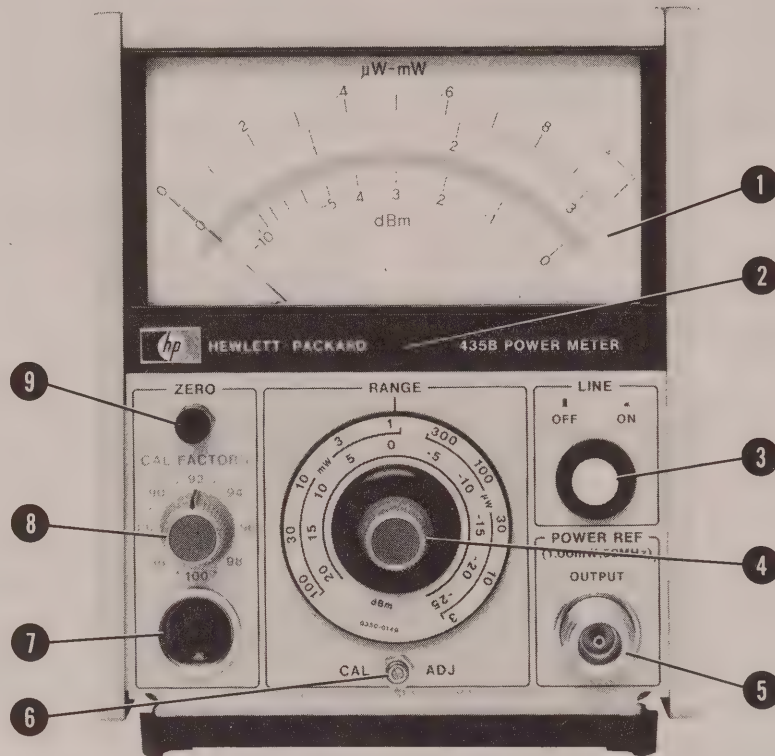
### 3-12. Battery Replacement

If the meter indicates that the battery is discharged by a full downscale reading, and after charging the battery still will only power the Power Meter for a short period of time, the battery is probably defective. The replacement battery, BT1 (HP part number 1420-0096), may be ordered through the nearest Hewlett-Packard office. Refer to Battery Installation in Section II.

#### WARNING

*This task should be performed only by service trained persons who are aware of the potential shock hazard of working on an instrument with protective covers removed.*

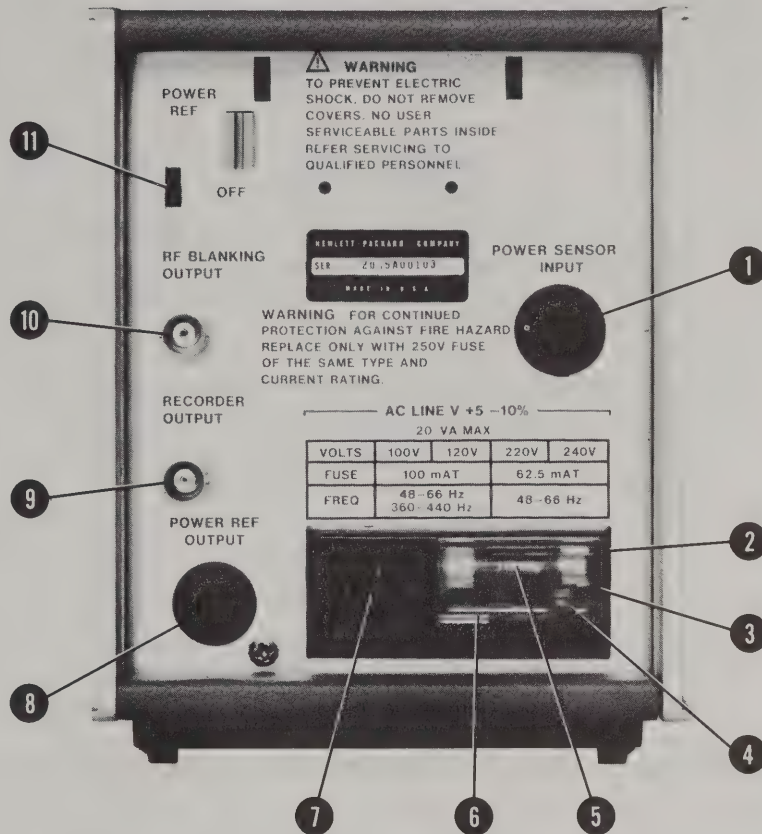
## FRONT PANEL FEATURES



- 1 **Meter.** Normally indicates average RF power in dBm or Watts. During battery operation the meter continuously indicates battery condition. A normal reading indicates the battery is charged; a full down-scale reading indicates the battery is discharged or is defective.
- 2 **Meter Zero.** Mechanical adjustment used to zero the meter when the LINE switch is OFF.
- 3 **LINE Switch.** Connects line or battery power to the Power Meter circuits when the LINE switch is ON. During battery operation, the lamp contained within the LINE switch will not be illuminated when the INSTRUMENT is ON.
- 4 **RANGE Switch.** Selects desired power range; keyed to meter full-scale deflection; has three removable scales which are changed to match the range of the power sensor.
- 5 **POWER REF OUTPUT.** RF output of 1.00 mW  $\pm$ 0.70% into 50 $\Omega$  at 50 MHz from an internal reference oscillator. Available for system calibration.
- 6 **CAL ADJ.** Screwdriver adjustment for calibrating any power sensor and Power Meter as a system, to a known standard.
- 7 **Input Connector.** Input from the power sensor via the power sensor cable.
- 8 **CAL FACTOR Switch.** Changes the gain of the Power Meter amplifier circuits to compensate for mismatch losses and effective efficiency of the power sensor.
- 9 **ZERO Switch.** The ZERO switch activates a feedback circuit, which automatically zeros the meter pointer, and a rear panel RF blanking signal.

Figure 3-1. Front Panel Controls, Connectors and Indicators

## REAR PANEL FEATURES



- 1 POWER SENSOR INPUT.** Option 002 has a rear panel input connector wired in parallel with the front panel input connector. In Option 003, this connector replaces the input front panel connector.
- 2 Power Module Assembly.**
- 3 Window.** Safety interlock; fuse cannot be removed while power cable is connected to Power Meter.
- 4 FUSE PULL Handle.** Mechanical interlock to guarantee fuse has been removed before Line Voltage Selection Card can be removed.
- 5 Fuse.** Refer to Section II for values.
- 6 Line Voltage Selection Card.** Matches transformer primary to available line voltage.
- 7 Receptacle.** For power cable connection to available line voltage.
- 8 POWER REF OUTPUT.** Takes the place of the front panel POWER REF OUTPUT connector (Option 003 only).
- 9 RECORDER OUTPUT.** Provides a linear output with respect to the input power. +1.00 Vdc corresponds to meter full-scale. The minimum load which may be coupled to the output is 1 M $\Omega$ .
- 10 RF BLANKING OUTPUT.** Contact closure to ground when ZERO switch is pressed. May be used to remove RF input signal during automatic zeroing operation.
- 11 POWER REF Switch.** Opens or closes the circuit from the power supply to the power reference oscillator. Reduces current drain during battery operation when OFF.

Figure 3-2. Rear Panel Controls, Connectors and Indicators

## OPERATOR'S CHECKS

1. BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, check that the power transformer primary is matched to the available line voltage, the correct fuse is installed and the safety precautions are taken. See Power Requirements, Line Voltage Selection, Power Cables and associated warnings and cautions in section II.

### WARNINGS

*BEFORE CONNECTING LINE POWER TO THIS INSTRUMENT, ensure that all devices connected to this instrument are connected to the protective (earth) ground.*

*BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, ensure that the line power (Mains) plug is connected to a three-conductor line power outlet that has a protective (earth) ground. (Grounding one conductor of a two-conductor outlet is not sufficient.)*

### CAUTION

*Do not twist the body of the power sensor when connecting or disconnecting it. This can cause major damage to the power sensor.*

2. Set the meter indication to zero with the mechanical meter zero control. Back the control off slightly.
3. Connect the power sensor to the Power Meter with the power sensor cable.
4. Connect the power cable to the power outlet and power module receptacles. Set the LINE switch to ON; the lamp within the switch lens should be illuminated.
5. Change the Power Meter's RANGE switch scale so it corresponds to the range of the power sensor. Refer to the paragraph entitled Range Switch Scale Selection in Section II.
6. Set the Power Meter Controls as follows:

RANGE switch position .....fully ccw  
 CAL FACTOR switch .....100%  
 POWER REF switch .....OFF

7. Press the ZERO switch and verify that the meter pointer moves to zero (0) and the RF BLANKING OUTPUT is shorted to ground.
8. Set the RANGE switch to the position indicated in the following table. Then, connect the power sensor (and adapter or attenuator as required) to the POWER REF OUTPUT and set the rear panel POWER REF switch to (ON). Verify that the meter reads approximately the same as indicated in the table.

Figure 3-3. Operator's Checks (1 of 2)

**OPERATOR'S CHECKS**

| Power Sensor                                     | RANGE Switch Position | Meter Indication |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|
| 8481B and 8482B (remove attenuator)              | 3W                    | 1W               |
| 8481A, 8482A, 8481H, 8482H                       | 3 mW                  | 1 mW             |
| 8485A (HP 1250-1250 Adapter required)            | 3 mW                  | 1mW              |
| 8483A (HP 1250-0597 Mechanical Adapter required) | 3 mW                  | 0.96 mW          |
| 8484A (HP 11708A Reference Attenuator required)  | 3 $\mu$ W             | 1 $\mu$ W        |

9. Step the CAL FACTOR switch through its range noting a small increase in meter reading with each successive step. Reset the CAL FACTOR switch to 100%.
10. Set the RANGE switch to the position indicated in the table below. Then, adjust the CAL ADJ control for a full-scale meter reading for 50 $\Omega$  power sensors and a 96% of full scale meter reading for 75 $\Omega$  power sensors.

| Power Sensor                                     | RANGE Switch Position |
|--|-----------------------|
| 8481B and 8482B (remove attenuator)              | 1W                    |
| 8481A, 8482A, 8481H, 8482H                       | 1 mW                  |
| 8485A (HP 1250-1250 Adapter required)            | 1 mW                  |
| 8483A (HP 1250-0597 Mechanical Adapter required) | 1 mW                  |
| 8484A (HP 11708A Reference Attenuator required)  | 1 $\mu$ W             |

11. Check at the rear panel RECORDER OUTPUT jack for an output of  $\approx 1$  Vdc.
12. To check operation using battery power, disconnect the power cable from the rear panel power module receptacle and set the LINE switch to ON (the lamp within the switch lens will not be illuminated). When a power measurement is made, a normal upscale reading indicates normal operation; a full down-scale reading indicates the battery is discharged.

Figure 3-3. Operator's Checks (2 of 2)

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

1. BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, check that the power transformer primary is matched to the available line voltage, the correct fuse is installed and safety precautions are taken. See Power Requirement, Line Voltage Selection, Power Cables and associated warnings and cautions in Section II.

### WARNINGS

*BEFORE CONNECTING LINE POWER TO THE INSTRUMENT, ensure that all devices connected to this instrument are connected to the protective (earth) ground.*

*BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, ensure that the line power (Mains) plug is connected to a three-conductor line power outlet that has a protective (earth) ground. (Grounding one conductor of a two-conductor outlet is not sufficient.)*

### CAUTION

*Do not twist the body of the power sensor when connecting or disconnecting it. This can cause major damage to the sensor.*

2. Set the meter indication to zero with the mechanical meter zero control. Back the control off slightly.
3. Connect the power sensor to the Power Meter with the power sensor cable.
4. Connect the power cable to the power outlet and power module receptacles. Set the LINE switch to ON; the lamp within the switch lens should be lit.
5. Change the Power Meter's RANGE switch scale so it corresponds to the range of the power sensor. Refer to the paragraph entitled Range Switch Scale Selection in Section II.
6. Set the Power Meter switches as follows:

|                     |           |
|---------------------|-----------|
| RANGE position..... | fully ccw |
| CAL FACTOR.....     | 100%      |
| POWER REF .....     | OFF       |

7. Press the ZERO switch, allow 5 seconds for the zeroing operation to take place, and release the switch.
8. Set the RANGE switch to the position indicated in the following table. Then, connect the power sensor (and adapter or attenuator as required) to the POWER REF OUTPUT and set the rear panel POWER REF switch to (ON). For 50 $\Omega$  power sensors, adjust the CAL ADJ control for a full-scale reading; the meter pointer should be aligned with the CAL mark (full-scale reading) on the meter face. For 75 $\Omega$  power sensors, adjust the CAL ADJ control for a 96% of full scale reading; the meter pointer should be aligned with the 0.96 mark on the meter face.

Figure 3-4. Operating Instructions (1 of 2)

### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

| Power Sensor                                     | RANGE Switch Position |
|--|-----------------------|
| 8481B and 8482B (remove attenuator)              | 1 W                   |
| 8481A, 8482A, 8481H, 8482H                       | 1 mW                  |
| 8485A (HP 1250-1250 Adapter required)            | 1 mW                  |
| 8483A (HP 1250-0597 Mechanical Adapter required) | 1 mW                  |
| 8484A (HP 11708A Reference Attenuator required)  | 1 $\mu$ W             |

9. Disconnect the power sensor from the POWER REF OUTPUT and set the POWER REF switch to OFF.
10. Locate the calibration curve on the power sensor cover. Find the CAL FACTOR for the measurement frequency; set the CAL FACTOR switch accordingly.
11. Set the RANGE switch such that full scale is greater than the power level to be measured.

#### CAUTION

*See Operating Precautions in the power sensor Operating and Service Manuals for maximum power levels which may be safely coupled to this system. Levels which exceed the limits may damage the power sensor, Power Meter, or both.*



12. Connect the power sensor to the RF source. Read the power level in dBm or Watts on the panel meter.

#### NOTE

*When the battery is being used as the power supply for the Power Meter, an automatic test circuit continually monitors battery condition. When the battery voltage is above a predetermined level, the meter indicates the correct power level. When the voltage drops below the threshold level, the meter reading is full downscale.*

Figure 3-4. Operating Instructions (2 of 2)

### SPECIFIED UNCERTAINTY CALCULATION

Conditions: Range — 1 mW

Meter Reading — 0.7 mW

Sensor — 8481A

Frequency — 1 GHz

CAL FACTOR — 99.5%

|  |           |                   |               |
|--|-----------|-------------------|---------------|
| (FS) Instrumentation Uncertainty             | = ±1.0%   | = ±0.01 mW        | = ±0.06 dB    |
| (R) Power Reference Uncertainty              | = ±0.7%   | = ±0.0049 mW      | = ±0.03 dB    |
| (R) CAL FACTOR Switch Resolution Uncertainty | = ±0.5%   | = ±0.0035 mW      | = ±0.02 dB    |
| (R) Zero Set Uncertainty                     | = ±0.002% | = ±0.000015 mW    | = ±0.00009 dB |
| (FS) Zero Carryover Uncertainty              | = ±0.5%   | = ±0.005 mW       | = ±0.03 dB    |
| (R) Noise                                    | = ±0.006% | = ±0.00004 mW     | = ±0.00025 dB |
| (R) Drift                                    | = ±0.002% | = ±0.000015 mW    | = ±0.00009 dB |
| (R) Cal Factor Uncertainty                   | = ±2.70%  | = ±0.019 mW       | = ±0.12 dB    |
|  |           | <u>±0.0425 mW</u> |               |

$$\text{Total Specified Uncertainties} = \pm 0.0425 \text{ mW} = \frac{0.0425}{0.7} (100) = \pm 6.07\%$$

$$= 10 \log \frac{0.7425}{0.7} = \pm 0.26 \text{ dB}$$

NOTE: FS = % of full scale

R = % of reading

Figure 3-5. Specified Uncertainties

### CALCULATING MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

1. Calculate the reflection coefficient from the given SWR.

$$\rho = \frac{\text{SWR}-1}{\text{SWR}+1}$$

Power Sensor #1  
SWR = 1.5

$$\rho_1 = \frac{1.5-1}{1.5+1}$$

$$= \frac{0.5}{2.5}$$

$$= 0.2$$

Power Sensor #2  
SWR = 1.25

$$\rho_2 = \frac{1.25-1}{1.25+1}$$

$$= \frac{0.25}{2.25}$$

$$= 0.111$$

Power Source  
SWR = 2.0

$$\rho_s = \frac{2.0-1}{2.0+1}$$

$$= \frac{1.0}{3.0}$$

$$= 0.333$$

2. Calculate the relative power and percentage power mismatch uncertainties from the reflection coefficients. An initial reference level of 1 is assumed.

#### Relative Power Uncertainty

$$\text{PU} = [1 \pm (\rho_n \rho_s)]^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{PU}_1 &= \{1 \pm [(0.2)(0.333)]\}^2 \\ &= \{1 \pm 0.067\}^2 \\ &= \{1.067\}^2 \text{ and } \{0.933\}^2 \\ &= 1.138 \text{ and } 0.871 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{PU}_2 &= \{1 \pm [(0.111)(0.333)]\}^2 \\ &= \{1 \pm 0.037\}^2 \\ &= \{1.037\}^2 \text{ and } \{0.963\}^2 \\ &= 1.075 \text{ and } 0.927 \end{aligned}$$

#### Percentage Power Uncertainty

$$\% \text{PU} = (\text{PU} - 1) 100\%$$

|                                      |     |                     |
|--------------------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| $\% \text{PU}_1 = (1.138 - 1) 100\%$ | and | $(0.871 - 1) 100\%$ |
| $= (0.138) 100\%$                    | and | $(-0.129) 100\%$    |
| $= 13.8\%$                           | and | $-12.9\%$           |
| $\% \text{PU}_2 = (1.075 - 1) 100\%$ | and | $(0.927 - 1) 100\%$ |
| $= (0.075) 100\%$                    | and | $(-0.073) 100\%$    |
| $= 7.5\%$                            | and | $-7.3\%$            |

Figure 3-6. Calculating Measurement Uncertainties (1 of 2)

### CALCULATING MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

3. Calculate the Measurement Uncertainty in dB.

$$MU = 10 \left[ \log_{10} \left( \frac{P_1}{P_0} \right) \right] \text{ dB}$$

$$MU_1 = 10 \left[ \log \left( \frac{1.138}{1} \right) \right] \quad \text{and} \quad 10 \left[ \log \left( \frac{0.871}{1} \right) \right]$$

$$= 10 [0.056] \quad \text{and} \quad 10 [-0.060]$$

$$= +0.56 \text{ dB} \quad \text{and} \quad -0.60 \text{ dB}$$

$$MU_2 = 10 \left[ \log \left( \frac{1.075}{1} \right) \right] \quad \text{and} \quad 10 \left[ \log \left( \frac{0.927}{1} \right) \right]$$

$$= 10 [0.031] \quad \text{and} \quad 10 [-0.033]$$

$$= +0.31 \text{ dB} \quad \text{and} \quad -0.33 \text{ dB}$$

Figure 3-6. Calculating Measurement Uncertainties (2 of 2)

# INDICATED POWER VERSUS RANGE OF ACTUAL POWER

(Values from examples on Figures 3-5 and 3-6.)

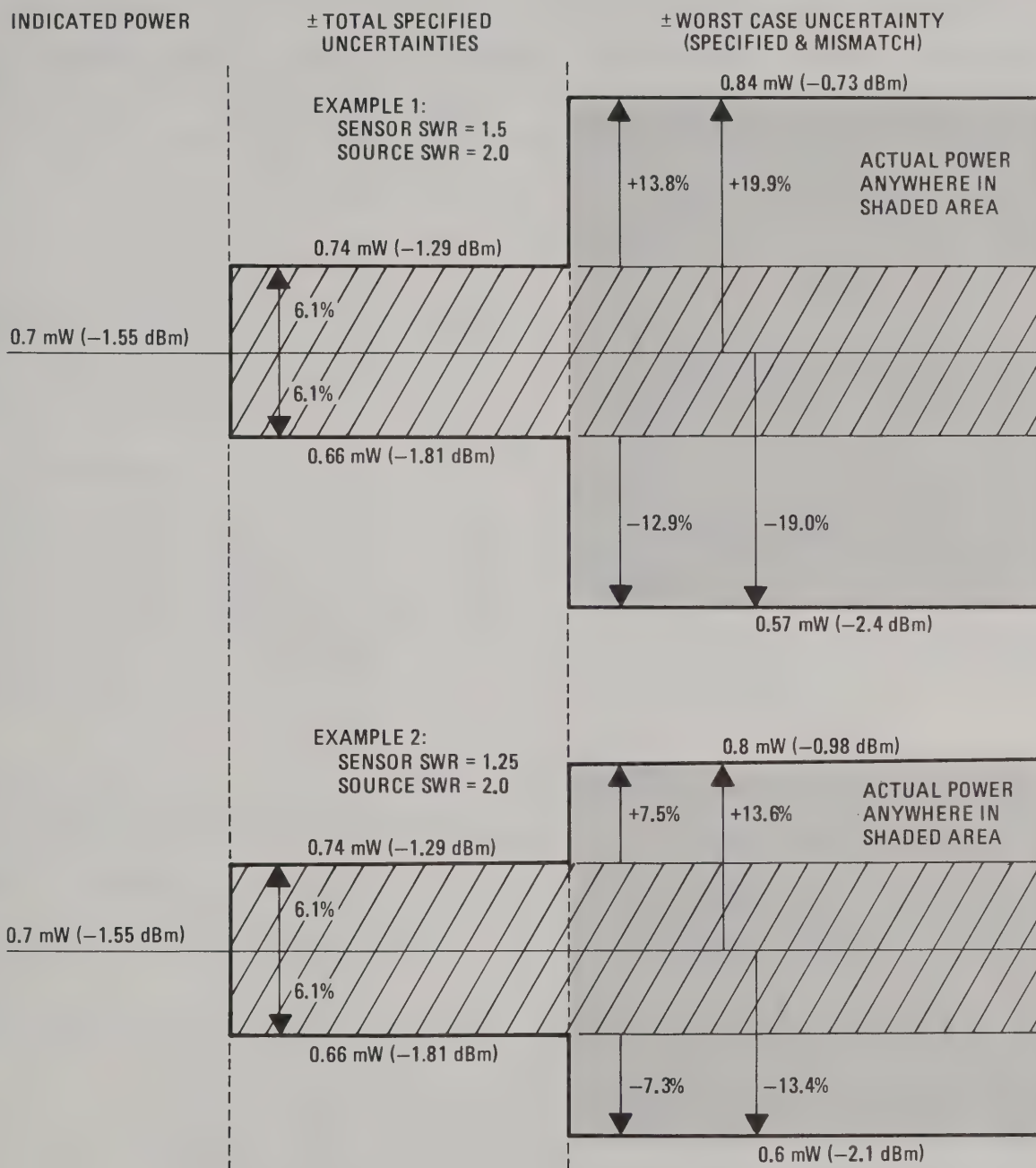


Figure 3-7. Worst Case Effects of Specified and Mismatch Uncertainties

### CALCULATING MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

1. For this example the known values are: source SWR, 2.2 and power sensor SWR, 1.16. From the Mismatch Error Calculator the mismatch uncertainty is found to be +0.24, -0.25 dB.
2. Add the specified uncertainties from Figure 3-5, ( $\pm 0.26$  dB). Our total measurement uncertainty is +0.50, -0.51 dB.
3. Calculate the relative measurement uncertainty from the following formula:

$$\text{dB} = 10 \log \left( \frac{P_1}{P_0} \right)$$

$$\frac{\text{dB}}{10} = \log \left( \frac{P_1}{P_0} \right)$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_0} = \log^{-1} \left( \frac{\text{dB}}{10} \right)$$

$$\text{MU} = P_1 = \log^{-1} \left( \frac{\text{dB}}{10} \right)$$

$$= \log^{-1} \left( \frac{0.50}{10} \right) = \log^{-1} \left( \frac{-0.51}{10} \right)$$

$$= 1.122 = 0.889$$

4. Calculate the percentage Measurement Uncertainty.

$$\% \text{MU} = (P_1 - P_0) 100$$

$$= (1.122 - 1) 100 = (0.889 - 1) 100$$

$$= +12.2\% = -11.1\%$$

Figure 3-8. Calculating Measurement Uncertainty (Uncertainty in dB Known)

## SECTION IV PERFORMANCE TESTS

### 4-1. INTRODUCTION

The procedures in this section test the electrical performance of the Power Meter using the specifications of Table 1-1 as performance standards. All tests can be performed without access to the interior of the instrument. A simpler operational test is included in Section III under Operator's Checks.

### 4-2. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Equipment required for the performance tests is listed in Table 1-2, Recommended Test Equipment. Any equipment that satisfies the critical specifications given in the table may be substituted for the recommended model(s).

### 4-3. TEST RECORD

Results of the performance tests may be tabulated on the Test Record at the end of the test procedures. The Test Record lists all of the tested specifications and their acceptable limits. Test results recorded at incoming inspection can be used for comparison in periodic maintenance, troubleshooting and after repairs or adjustments.

### 4-4. PERFORMANCE TESTS

The performance tests given in this section are suitable for incoming inspection, troubleshooting or preventive maintenance. During any performance test, all shields and connecting hardware must be in place. Perform the tests in the order given and record the data on the test card and/or in the data spaces provided at the end of each procedure.

#### NOTE

*The Power Meter must have a half-hour warmup and the line voltage must be within +5%, -10% of nominal if the performance tests are to be considered valid.*

Each test is arranged so that the specification is written as it appears in Table 1-1. Next, a description of the test and any special instructions or problem areas are included. Each test that requires test equipment has a setup drawing and a list of the required equipment. The initial steps of each procedure give control settings required for that particular test.

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## PERFORMANCE TESTS

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### 4-5. POWER REFERENCE LEVEL TEST

**SPECIFICATION:** Internal 50 MHz oscillator with Type N Female connector on front panel (or rear panel, Option003 only). Power output: 1.00 mW. Factory set to  $\pm 0.7\%$  traceable to the National Bureau of Standards. Accuracy:  $\pm 1.2\%$  worst case ( $\pm 0.9\%$  rss) for one year (0 to 55°C).

**DESCRIPTION:** The power reference oscillator output is factory adjusted to 1 mW  $\pm 0.7\%$ . To achieve this accuracy, Hewlett-Packard employs a special measurement system accurate to 0.5% (traceable to the National Bureau of Standards) and allows for a transfer error of  $\pm 0.2\%$  in making the adjustment. If an equivalent measurement system is employed for verification, the power reference oscillator output can be verified to 1 mW  $\pm 1.9\%$  ( $\pm 1.2\%$  accuracy +  $\pm 0.5\%$  verification system error +  $\pm 0.2\%$  transfer error = 1.9% maximum error). The power reference oscillator can be set to  $\pm 0.7\%$  using the same equipment and following the adjustment procedure in Section V. To ensure maximum accuracy in verifying the power reference oscillator output, the following procedure provides step-by-step instructions for using specified Hewlett-Packard test instruments of known capability. If equivalent test instruments are used, signal acquisition criteria may vary and reference should be made to the manufacturer's guidelines for operating the instruments.

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## PERFORMANCE TESTS

### 4-5. POWER REFERENCE LEVEL TEST (Cont'd)

#### NOTE

*The Power Meter may be returned to the nearest Hewlett-Packard office to have the power reference oscillator checked and/or adjusted. Refer to Section II, PACKAGING.*

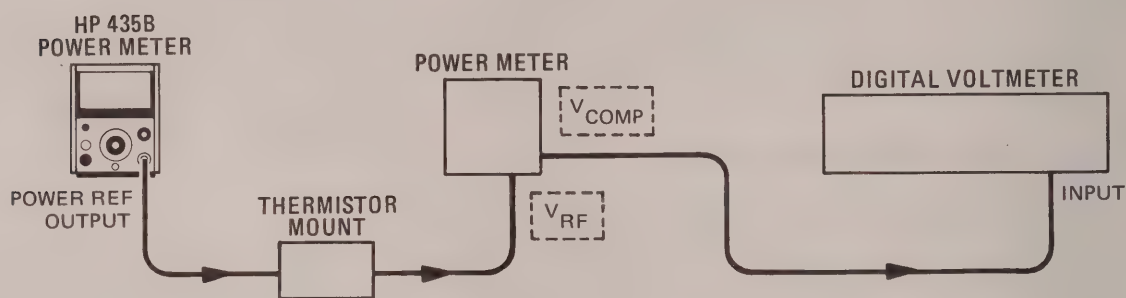


Figure 4-1. Power Reference Level Test Setup

EQUIPMENT: Power Meter ..... HP 432A  
 Thermistor Mount ..... HP 478A-H75  
 Digital Voltmeter (DVM) ..... HP 3455A

- PROCEDURE:
1. Set up the DVM to measure resistance. Connect the DVM between the  $V_{RF}$  connector on the rear panel of the 432A and pin 1 of the thermistor mount end of the 432A interconnect cable.
  2. Round off the DVM indication to two decimal places and record this value as the internal bridge resistance ( $R$ ) of the 432A (approximately 200 ohms).
  3. Connect 432A to the Power Meter as shown in Figure 4-1.
  4. Set the Power Meter LINE switch to ON (in) and the POWER REF switch to OFF. Then, wait thirty minutes for the 432A thermistor mount to stabilize before proceeding to the next step.
  5. Set the 432A RANGE switch to COARSE ZERO and adjust the front-panel COARSE ZERO control to obtain a zero meter indication.
  6. Fine zero the 432A on the most sensitive range, then set the 432A RANGE switch to 1 mW.

#### NOTE

*Check that DVM input leads are isolated from chassis ground when performing the next step.*

7. Set up the DVM to measure microvolts and connect the positive and negative input leads, respectively, to the  $V_{COMP}$  and  $V_{RF}$  connectors on the rear panel of the 432A.

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

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### 4-5. POWER REFERENCE LEVEL TEST (Cont'd)

8. Observe the indication on the DVM. If less than 400 microvolts, proceed to the next step. If 400 microvolts or greater, press and hold the 432A FINE ZERO switch and adjust the COARSE ZERO control so that the DVM indicates 200 microvolts or less. Then, release the FINE ZERO switch and proceed to the next step.
9. Round off the DVM indication to the nearest microvolt and record this value as  $V_0$ .
10. Set the Power Meter POWER REF switch to ON (in) and record the indications observed on the DVM as  $V_1$ .
11. Disconnect the DVM negative input lead from the  $V_{RF}$  connector on the 432A and reconnect it to 432A chassis ground. Record the new indication observed on the DVM as  $V_{COMP}$ .
12. Calculate the power reference oscillator output level ( $P_{RF}$ ) from the following formula:

$$P_{RF} = \frac{2V_{COMP}(V_1 - V_0) + V_0^2 - V_1^2}{4R \text{ (CALIBRATION FACTOR)}}$$

Where:

$P_{RF}$  = power reference oscillator output level

$V_{COMP}$  = previously recorded value

$V_1$  = previously recorded value

$V_0$  = previously recorded value

$R$  = previously recorded value

CALIBRATION FACTOR = value for thermistor mount at 50 MHz (traceable to the National Bureau of Standards)

13. Verify that the  $P_{RF}$  is within the following limits:

| Min.     | Actual | Max.     |
|----------|--------|----------|
| 0.981 mW | _____  | 1.019 mW |

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-6. ZERO CARRYOVER TEST

SPECIFICATION:  $\pm 0.5\%$  of full scale when zeroed in the most sensitive range.

DESCRIPTION: After the Power Meter is initially zeroed, the change in the meter reading is monitored at the RECORDER OUTPUT as the instrument is stepped through its ranges. The meter readings take into account noise and drift because zero carryover and the noise drift readings cannot be separated. Refer to Table 5-1 if the results are not within the limits.

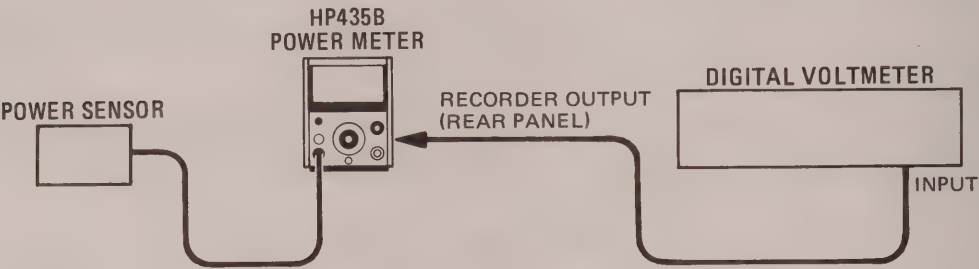


Figure 4-2. Zero Carryover Test Setup

EQUIPMENT: Digital Voltmeter ..... HP 3455A  
Power Sensor ..... HP 8481A/H or 8482A/H

- PROCEDURE
1. Set the DVM RANGE control to 100 mVdc.
  2. Set the Power Meter Switches as follows:  
CAL FACTOR ..... 100%  
RANGE position ..... fully ccw  
POWER REF (rear panel) ... OFF
  3. Connect the equipment shown in Figure 4-2.
  4. Press the front panel ZERO switch and wait for the meter indicator's position to stabilize. Verify that the DVM reads  $0 \pm 0.9$  mVdc. Release the ZERO switch.
  5. Verify that the RECORDER OUTPUT falls within the limits shown on the table for each range. Record the readings.

| RANGE<br>Switch<br>Position | Results     |               |             | RANGE<br>Switch<br>Position | Results    |               |            |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|
|                             | Min.        | Actual        | Max.        |                             | Min.       | Actual        | Max.       |
| fully ccw                   | mVdc<br>-15 | mVdc<br>_____ | mVdc<br>+15 | 5 steps cw                  | mVdc<br>-5 | mVdc<br>_____ | mVdc<br>+5 |
| 1 step cw                   | -17         | _____         | +17         | 6 steps cw                  | -5         | _____         | +5         |
| 2 steps cw                  | -14         | _____         | +14         | 7 steps cw                  | -5         | _____         | +5         |
| 3 steps cw                  | -11         | _____         | +11         | 8 steps cw                  | -5         | _____         | +5         |
| 4 steps cw                  | -8          | _____         | +8          | fully cw                    | -5         | _____         | +5         |

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

### 4-7. INSTRUMENTATION ACCURACY TEST WITH CALIBRATOR

**SPECIFICATION:**  $\pm 1\%$  of full scale on all ranges.

**DESCRIPTION:** Instrumentation accuracy is verified by coupling a full-scale reference input from the HP 11683A Calibrator to the Power Meter on each range. Verify that the RECORDER OUTPUT level is within  $\pm 1\%$  plus noise and drift.

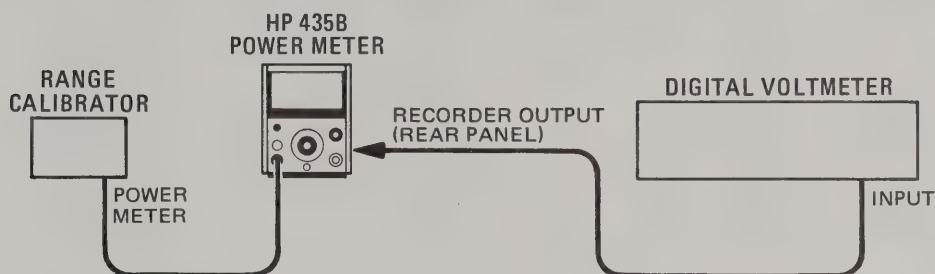


Figure 4-3. Instrumentation Accuracy Test Setup with Calibrator

**EQUIPMENT:**

|                         |           |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Digital Voltmeter ..... | HP 3455A  |
| Range Calibrator .....  | HP 11683A |

- PROCEDURE:**
1. Set the 11683A RANGE switch to 1 mW, the FUNCTION switch to CALIBRATE and the POLARITY switch to NORMAL.
  2. Set the Power Meter RANGE switch 5 steps from the fully ccw position.
  3. Set the DVM RANGE switch to 1000 mVdc.
  4. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-3.
  5. Adjust the front panel CAL ADJ control to provide a reading of  $1000 \pm 2$  mVdc.

**CAUTION**

*To avoid damage to the meter, set the Calibrator's FUNCTION control to STANDBY while changing the RANGE control settings on the Power Meter and Calibrator.*

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

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### 4-7. INSTRUMENTATION ACCURACY TEST WITH CALIBRATOR (Cont'd)

6. Set the Power Meter RANGE switch to each possible position in turn. Set the 11683A RANGE switch to the same position and verify that the DVM reading, which includes noise and drift, is within the limits shown in the table below.

| RANGE<br>Switch<br>Position | Results      |               |               | RANGE<br>Switch<br>Position | Results      |               |               |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
|                             | Min.         | Actual        | Max.          |                             | Min.         | Actual        | Max.          |
| fully ccw                   | mVdc<br>+975 | mVdc<br>_____ | mVdc<br>+1025 | 5 steps cw                  | mVdc<br>+998 | mVdc<br>_____ | mVdc<br>+1002 |
| 1 step cw                   | +978         | _____         | +1022         | 6 steps cw                  | +990         | _____         | +1010         |
| 2 steps cw                  | +981         | _____         | +1019         | 7 steps cw                  | +990         | _____         | +1010         |
| 3 steps cw                  | +984         | _____         | +1016         | 8 steps cw                  | +990         | _____         | +1015         |
| 4 steps cw                  | +987         | _____         | +1013         | fully cw                    | +990         | _____         | +1015         |

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

### 4-8. CALIBRATION FACTOR TEST

**SPECIFICATION:** 16-position switch normalizes meter reading to account for calibration factor or effective efficiency. Range 85% to 100% in 1% steps.

**DESCRIPTION:** After the Power Meter is zeroed on the most sensitive range, a 1 mW input level is applied to the Power Meter and the CAL ADJ control is set to obtain a 1.000 mW indication. Then the CAL FACTOR switch is stepped through its 16 positions and the meter is monitored to ensure that the proper indication is obtained for each position.

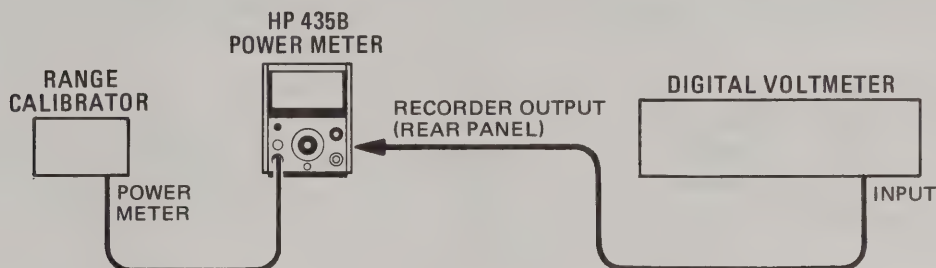


Figure 4-4. Calibration Factor Test Setup

**EQUIPMENT:** Digital Voltmeter ..... HP 3455A  
Range Calibrator ..... HP 11683A

- PROCEDURE:**
1. Set the 11683A RANGE switch to 1 mW, the FUNCTION switch to CALIBRATE and the POLARITY switch to NORMAL.
  2. Set the Power Meter RANGE switch 5 steps from the fully ccw position.
  3. Set the DVM RANGE switch to Vdc.
  4. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-4.
  5. Set the front panel CAL ADJ control to provide a reading of  $1000 \pm 2$  mVdc on the DVM.
  6. Set the CAL FACTOR switch to each position and verify that the indications observed at each position are within the limits specified in the following table.

| CAL FACTOR<br>Switch<br>Position | Results |        |       | CAL FACTOR<br>Switch<br>Position | Results |        |       |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------|-------|----------------------------------|---------|--------|-------|
|                                  | Min.    | Actual | Max.  |                                  | Min.    | Actual | Max.  |
|                                  | Vdc     | Vdc    | Vdc   |                                  | Vdc     | Vdc    | Vdc   |
| 100                              | 0.994   | _____  | 1.006 | 92                               | 1.081   | _____  | 1.093 |
| 99                               | 1.004   | _____  | 1.016 | 91                               | 1.093   | _____  | 1.105 |
| 98                               | 1.014   | _____  | 1.026 | 90                               | 1.105   | _____  | 1.117 |
| 97                               | 1.025   | _____  | 1.037 | 89                               | 1.118   | _____  | 1.130 |
| 96                               | 1.036   | _____  | 1.048 | 88                               | 1.130   | _____  | 1.142 |
| 95                               | 1.047   | _____  | 1.059 | 87                               | 1.143   | _____  | 1.155 |
| 94                               | 1.058   | _____  | 1.070 | 86                               | 1.157   | _____  | 1.169 |
| 93                               | 1.069   | _____  | 1.081 | 85                               | 1.170   | _____  | 1.182 |

Table 4-1. Performance Test Record

| Hewlett-Packard Company<br>Model 435B<br>Power Meter<br>Serial Number _____ Tested By _____<br>Date _____ |                                  |             |             |             |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Para No.  | Test Description                 | Results     |             |             |
|   |                                  | Min.        | Actual      | Max.        |
| 4-5.  | Power Reference Accuracy<br>1 mW | mW<br>0.981 | mW<br>_____ | mW<br>1.019 |
| 4-6.  | Zero Carryover                   | mVdc        | mVdc        | mVdc        |
|   | fully ccw                        | -15         | _____       | +15         |
|   | 1 step cw                        | -17         | _____       | +17         |
|   | 2 steps cw                       | -14         | _____       | +14         |
|   | 3 steps cw                       | -11         | _____       | +11         |
|   | 4 steps cw                       | -8          | _____       | +8          |
|   | 5 steps cw                       | -5          | _____       | +5          |
|   | 6 steps cw                       | -5          | _____       | +5          |
|   | 7 steps cw                       | -5          | _____       | +5          |
|   | 8 steps cw                       | -5          | _____       | +5          |
|   | fully cw                         | -5          | _____       | +5          |
| 4-7.  | Instrumentation Accuracy         | mVdc        | mVdc        | mVdc        |
|   | fully ccw                        | +975        | _____       | +1025       |
|   | 1 step cw                        | +978        | _____       | +1022       |
|   | 2 steps cw                       | +981        | _____       | +1019       |
|   | 3 steps cw                       | +984        | _____       | +1016       |
|   | 4 steps cw                       | +987        | _____       | +1013       |
|   | 5 steps cw                       | +998        | _____       | +1002       |
|   | 6 steps cw                       | +990        | _____       | +1010       |
|   | 7 steps cw                       | +990        | _____       | +1010       |
|   | 8 steps cw                       | +990        | _____       | +1015       |
|   | fully cw                         | +990        | _____       | +1015       |
| 4-8.  | Calibration Factor               | Vdc         | Vdc         | Vdc         |
|   | 100                              | 0.994       | _____       | 1.006       |
|   | 99                               | 1.004       | _____       | 1.016       |
|   | 98                               | 1.014       | _____       | 1.026       |
|   | 97                               | 1.025       | _____       | 1.037       |
|   | 96                               | 1.036       | _____       | 1.048       |
|   | 95                               | 1.047       | _____       | 1.059       |
|   | 94                               | 1.058       | _____       | 1.070       |
|   | 93                               | 1.069       | _____       | 1.081       |
|   | 92                               | 1.081       | _____       | 1.093       |
|   | 91                               | 1.093       | _____       | 1.105       |
|   | 90                               | 1.105       | _____       | 1.117       |
|   | 89                               | 1.118       | _____       | 1.130       |
|   | 88                               | 1.130       | _____       | 1.142       |
|   | 87                               | 1.143       | _____       | 1.155       |
|   | 86                               | 1.157       | _____       | 1.169       |
|   | 85                               | 1.170       | _____       | 1.182       |

## SECTION V ADJUSTMENTS

### 5-1. INTRODUCTION

This section describes the adjustments which will return the Power Meter to peak operating condition after repairs are completed.

If the adjustments are to be considered valid, the Power Meter must have a half hour warmup and the line voltage must be within +5 to -10% of nominal.

The adjustment procedure entitled "Power Meter Adjustments with 50 $\Omega$  Power Sensor" is to be performed only when the HP Model 11683A Range Calibrator is not available.

### 5-2. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Although this instrument has been designed in accordance with international safety standards, this manual contains information, cautions and warnings which must be followed to avoid personal injury and damage to the instrument (see Sections II and III). Service and adjustments should be performed only by qualified service personnel.

#### WARNINGS

*Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnection of the protective earth terminal is likely to make the instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.*

*Any adjustment, maintenance and repair of the opened instrument under voltage should be avoided as much as possible and, when inevitable, should be carried out only by a skilled person who is aware of the hazard involved.*

*Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.*

*Make sure that only fuses with the required rated current and of the specified type (slow blow, time delay, etc.) are used for replacement. The use of repaired*

*fuses and the short-circuiting of fuse-holders must be avoided.*

*Whenever it is likely that the protection offered by fuses has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.*

*Adjustments described herein are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.*

### 5-3. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The test equipment required for the adjustment procedures is listed in Table 1-2, Recommended Test Equipment. The critical specifications of substitute test instruments must meet or exceed the standards listed in the table if the Power Meter is to meet the standards set forth in Table 1-1, Specifications.

### 5-4. FACTORY SELECTED COMPONENTS

Factory selected components are indicated on the schematic and replaceable parts list with an asterisk (\*) immediately following the reference designator. The nominal value of the component is listed. Table 5-1 lists the parts by reference designator and provides an explanation of how the component is selected, the normal value range and a reference to the appropriate service sheet. The Manual Changes supplement will update any changes to factory selected component information.

### 5-5. ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS

All the adjustments for the Power Meter are contained on the A4 assembly except the front panel CAL ADJ control and POWER REF OUTPUT level control. The last foldout in this manual contains a table which cross-references all pictorial and schematic locations of the adjustment controls. The accompanying figure shows the locations of the adjustable controls, assemblies and chassis-mounted parts.

## ADJUSTMENTS

Table 5-1. Factory Selected Components

| Reference Designator | Basis of Selection   | Range of Values         | Service Sheet |
|----------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| A3R5                 | A3R5 is selected for a power reference output of 1 mW (into 50 $\Omega$ ) if this value is outside the adjustment range of LEVEL ADJ A3R4.   | 7.1 to 7.5 k $\Omega$   | 5             |
| A4C11, C14           | See Multivibrator Adjustment (paragraph 5-7).  | 0.0082 to 0.01 $\mu$ F  | 2             |
| A4R12, R16           | A4R12 and R16 are selected for correct zero carryover between ranges. See Zero Carryover Test (paragraph 4-6) for the limits for each range.   | 3.16 to 4.64 k $\Omega$ | 2             |
| A4R66                | A4R66 is selected for a full-scale reading (100 mW) with an accurate 10 mW input after completing Power Meter Adjustments with Calibrator (see paragraph 5-9). Hewlett-Packard recommends using a Model 11683A Calibrator to achieve the needed accuracy for selecting this resistor. The DVM reading at the Power Meter's RECORDER OUTPUT will be 1000 $\pm$ 3 mVdc with the correct resistor in place. | 150 to 250 k $\Omega$   | 2             |
| A4VR1, VR2           | A4VR1 and VR2 are selected to achieve accuracy on the top two ranges when the accuracy on other ranges is within specifications. See Instrumentation Accuracy Test with Calibrator (paragraph 4-7) for the limits for each range.  | 2.37 to 2.61V           | 2             |

## ADJUSTMENTS

### 5-6. POWER REFERENCE OSCILLATOR LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

REFERENCE: Service Sheet 5.

DESCRIPTION: The power reference oscillator output is factory-adjusted to  $1 \text{ mW} \pm 0.7\%$  using a special measurement system accurate to 0.5% (traceable to the National Bureau of Standards) and allowing for a 0.2% transfer error. To ensure maximum accuracy in readjusting the power reference oscillator, the following procedure provides step-by-step instructions for using specified Hewlett-Packard instruments of known capability. If equivalent instruments are used, signal acquisition criteria may vary and reference should be made to the manufacturer's guidelines for operating the equipment.

#### NOTE

*The Power Meter may be returned to the nearest HP office to have the power reference oscillator checked and/or adjusted. Refer to Section II, PACKAGING.*

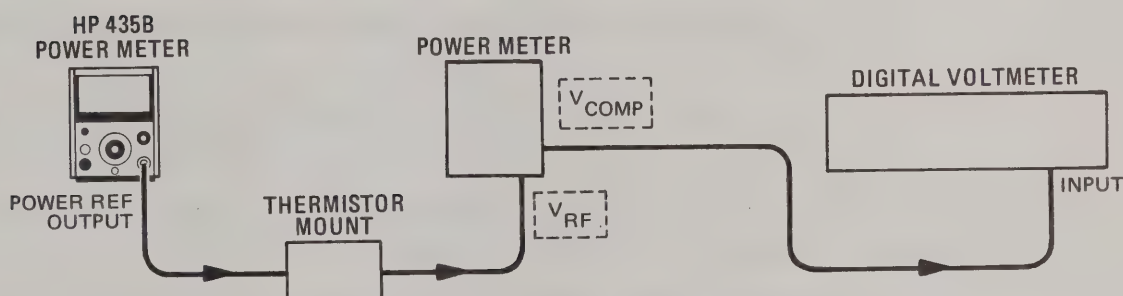


Figure 5-1. Power Reference Oscillator Level Adjustment Setup

EQUIPMENT:

|                               |             |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Power Meter .....             | HP 432A     |
| Thermistor Mount .....        | HP 478A-H75 |
| Digital Voltmeter (DVM) ..... | HP 3455A    |

- PROCEDURE:
1. Set up the DVM to measure resistance and connect the DVM between the  $V_{RF}$  connector on the rear panel of the 432A and pin 1 on the thermistor mount end of the 432A interconnect cable.
  2. Round off the DVM indication to two decimal places and record this value as the internal bridge resistance (R) of the 432A (approximately 200 ohms).
  3. Connect the 432A to the Power Meter as shown in Figure 5-1.
  4. Set the Power Meter LINE switch to ON (in) and the POWER REF switch to OFF. Then, wait thirty minutes for the 432A thermistor mount to stabilize before proceeding to the next step.
  5. Set the 432A RANGE switch to COARSE ZERO and adjust the front-panel COARSE ZERO control to obtain a zero meter indication.

## ADJUSTMENTS

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### 5-6. POWER REFERENCE OSCILLATOR LEVEL ADJUSTMENT (Cont'd)

6. Fine zero the 432A on the most sensitive range, then set the 432A RANGE switch to 1 mW.

#### NOTE

*Ensure that the DVM input leads are isolated from chassis ground when performing the next step.*

7. Set up the DVM to measure microvolts and connect the positive and negative input leads, respectively, to the  $V_{COMP}$  and  $V_{RF}$  connectors on the rear panel of the 432A.
8. Observe the indication on the DVM. If less than 400 microvolts, proceed to the next step. If 400 microvolts or greater, press and hold the 432A FINE ZERO switch and adjust the COARSE ZERO control so that the DVM indicates 200 microvolts or less. Then release the FINE ZERO switch and proceed to the next step.
9. Round off the DVM indication to the nearest microvolt and record this value as  $V_0$ .
10. Disconnect the DVM negative input lead from the  $V_{RF}$  connector on the 432A and reconnect it to chassis ground.
11. Set the Power Meter POWER REF switch to ON and record the indication observed on the DVM as  $V_{COMP}$ .
12. Disconnect the DVM negative input lead from chassis ground and reconnect it to the  $V_{RF}$  connector on the rear panel of the 432A. The DVM is now set up to measure  $V_1$  which represents the power reference oscillator output level.
13. Calculate the value of  $V_1$  equal to 1 milliwatt from the following equation:

$$V_1 - V_0 = V_{COMP} - \sqrt{(V_{COMP})^2 - (10^{-3}) (4R) (\text{EFFECTIVE EFFICIENCY})}$$

Where:

$V_0$  = previously recorded value

$V_{COMP}$  = previously recorded value

$10^{-3}$  = 1 milliwatt

$R$  = previously recorded value

EFFECTIVE EFFICIENCY = value for thermistor mount at 50 MHz (traceable to the National Bureau of Standards).

14. Remove the Power Meter top cover and adjust LEVEL ADJ potentiometer A3R4 so that the DVM indicates the calculated value of  $V_1$ .

## ADJUSTMENTS

### 5-6. POWER REFERENCE OSCILLATOR LEVEL ADJUSTMENT (Cont'd)

## TYPICAL

## CALCULATIONS:

## 1. ACCURACY

|  |               |                  |
|--|---------------|------------------|
| DVM Measurements:  | $(V_{COMP})$  | $\pm 0.018\%$    |
| (HP 3455A -90 days, $23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) | $(V_1 - V_0)$ | $\pm 0.023\%$    |
|  | $(R)$         | $\pm 0.03\%$     |
| Math Assumptions:  |               | $\pm 0.01\%$     |
| EFFECTIVE EFFICIENCY CAL (NBS):                                  |               | $\pm 0.5\%$      |
| MISMATCH UNCERTAINTY:  |               |                  |
| (Source & Mount SWR $\leq 1.05$ )                                |               | $\pm 0.1\%$      |
|  |               | $\leq \pm 0.7\%$ |

## 2. MATH ASSUMPTIONS:

$$P_{RF} = \frac{2V_{COMP}(V_1 - V_0) + V_0^2 - V_1^2}{(4R) (\text{EFFECTIVE EFFICIENCY})}$$

$$\text{Assume: } V_0^2 - V_1^2 = -(V_1 - V_0)^2$$

$$\text{Since: } -(V_1 - V_0)^2 = -V_1^2 + 2V_1V_0 - V_0^2, \text{ and}$$

$$\text{we want: } V_0^2 - V_1^2, \text{ then}$$

$$\text{the error is: } (-V_1^2 + 2V_1V_0 - V_0^2) - (V_0^2 - V_1^2) = -2V_0^2 + 2V_1V_0 = 2V_0(V_1 - V_0)$$

$$\text{if } 2V_0(V_1 - V_0) \ll 2V_{COMP}(V_1 - V_0) \text{ i.e., } V_0 \ll V_{COMP}, \text{ error is negligible}$$

$$V_{COMP} \sim 4 \text{ volts. If } V_0 < 400 \mu\text{V, error is } < 0.01\%.$$

$$(\text{typically } V_0 \text{ can be set to } < 50 \mu\text{V.})$$

3. Derivation of Formula for  $V_1 - V_0$ 

$$P_{RF} = \frac{2V_{COMP}(V_1 - V_0) + V_0^2 - V_1^2}{(4R) (\text{EFFECTIVE EFFICIENCY})}$$

$$\text{Desired } P_{RF} = 1 \text{ mW} = 10^{-3}$$

$$\therefore 10^{-3} = \frac{2V_{COMP}(V_1 - V_0) + V_0^2 - V_1^2}{(4R) (\text{EFFECTIVE EFFICIENCY})}$$

$$\text{Let } (4R) (\text{EFFECTIVE EFFICIENCY}) (10^{-3}) = K$$

$$\text{Substitute } -(V_1 - V_0)^2 \text{ for } V_0^2 - V_1^2 \text{ (see math Assumptions under Accuracy)}$$

$$\text{Then } 0 = (V_1 - V_0)^2 - 2V_{COMP}(V_1 - V_0) + K$$

$$\text{or } V_1 - V_0 = V_{COMP} \pm \sqrt{(V_{COMP})^2 - K}$$

## ADJUSTMENTS

### 5-7. MULTIVIBRATOR ADJUSTMENT

REFERENCE: Service Sheet 2.

DESCRIPTION: FREQ potentiometer A4R76 is adjusted to set the reference frequency of the multivibrator which drives the phase detector and the FET power sensor.

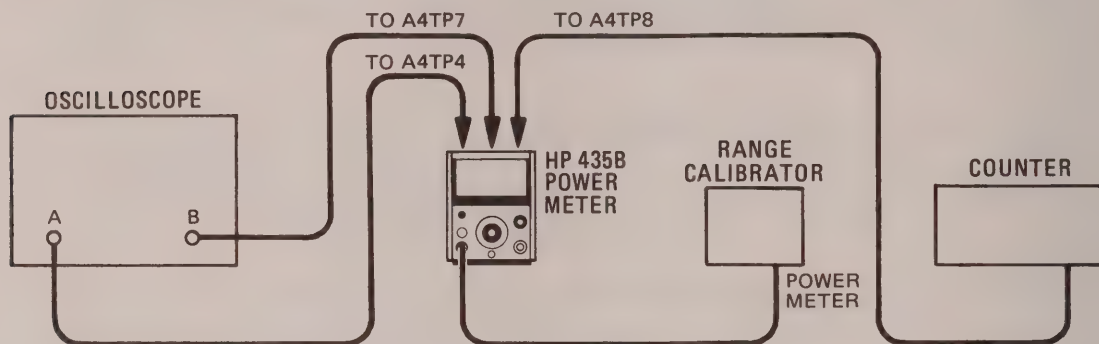


Figure 5-2. Multivibrator Adjustment Setup

EQUIPMENT:

|                        |           |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Range Calibrator ..... | HP 11683A |
| Counter .....          | HP 5314A  |
| Oscilloscope .....     | HP 1740A  |

- PROCEDURE:
1. a. Power Meter switch settings:
 

|                  |      |
|------------------|------|
| CAL FACTOR ..... | 100% |
| POWER REF .....  | OFF  |
| LINE .....       | ON   |
  - b. Range Calibrator switch settings:
 

|                |           |
|----------------|-----------|
| FUNCTION ..... | CALIBRATE |
| POLARITY ..... | NORMAL    |
| LINE .....     | ON        |
  - c. Oscilloscope switch settings:
 

|               |                         |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| CH. A .....   | 0.05 V/Div. AC coupled  |
| CH. B .....   | 0.2 V/Div.              |
| TIME .....    | 0.5 ms/Div.             |
| Display ..... | Chopped — Ch. B trigger |
  2. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 5-2.
  3. Adjust oscilloscope position controls to superimpose waveforms. Establish a horizontal grid line as DC average of the TP4 waveform by turning the 11683A MODE to STANDBY and positioning the Channel A trace on the line. Set the 11683A back to CALIBRATE. Turn the oscilloscope horizontal MAGNIFIER to X10 so that time calibration will be 50  $\mu$ s/div. See Figure 5-3.

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**ADJUSTMENTS**

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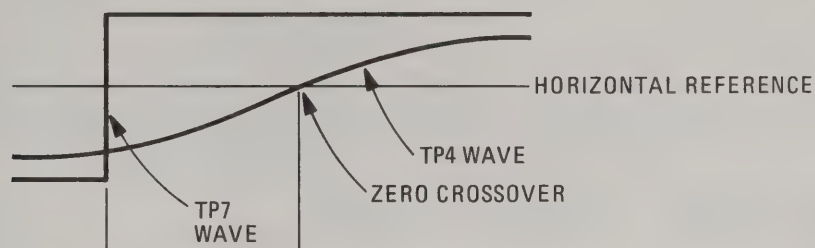
**5-7. MULTIVIBRATOR ADJUSTMENT (Cont'd)**

Figure 5-3. 220 Hz Zero Crossover

4. Adjust A4R76 so that the zero crossover lags the square wave by  $150 \pm 10 \mu\text{s}$ .
5. Check that the counter measures  $220 \pm 12 \text{ Hz}$  at TP8. If necessary, adjust A4R76 for a compromise between frequency and phase.
6. If the conditions of steps 4 and 5 cannot be met, change A4C11\* or A4C14\* as follows:
  - a. If the frequency at TP8 is too high, change C14\* to  $0.01 \mu\text{F}$ .
  - b. If the frequency at TP8 is too low, change C11\* to  $0.0082 \mu\text{F}$ .
  - c. Repeat steps 4 and 5.

## ADJUSTMENTS

### 5-8. POWER METER ADJUSTMENTS WITH 50Ω POWER SENSOR

#### NOTES

*This adjustment should only be performed when the HP Model 11683A Range Calibrator is not available.*

*If the adjustments are to be considered valid, the Power Meter must have a half hour warmup and the line voltage must be within +5 to -10% of nominal.*

REFERENCE: Service Sheets 2 and 3.

- DESCRIPTION:
1. The Balance control is centered to remove the dc offset introduced by the Auto Zero circuit.
  2. The DC Offset control removes any dc voltage introduced by the DC Amplifier.
  3. The CAL ADJ control is used to set a level of +1.00 Vdc at the rear panel RECORDER OUTPUT jack with a full scale input.
  4. The Meter control sets the meter reading to full scale when the RECORDER OUTPUT level is +1.00 Vdc.
  5. The Auto Zero Offset adjustment removes any dc voltage introduced by the Auto Zero circuits when the ZERO switch is pressed.
  6. The Balance control centers the Auto Zero circuits output voltage range. The Auto Zero output is forced to its negative extreme and the Balance control sets the RECORDER OUTPUT voltage below center-range (+1.00 Vdc) by one-half the total range.

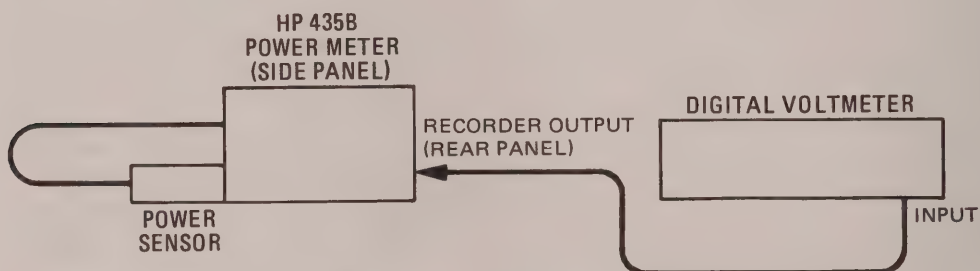


Figure 5-4. Power Meter Adjustment Setup with 50Ω Power Sensor

EQUIPMENT: Digital Voltmeter ..... HP 3455A  
 Power Sensor ..... HP 8481A/H or 8482A/H

- PROCEDURE:
1. Set the LINE switch to OFF, wait a few seconds, and adjust the mechanical meter zero control for a meter reading of zero.
  2. Set the DVM RANGE switch to 1 Vdc.
  3. Set the Power Meter CAL FACTOR switch to 100%.
  4. Remove the right side cover of the Power Meter and connect the equipment as shown in Figure 5-4.

## ADJUSTMENTS

### 5-8. POWER METER ADJUSTMENTS WITH 50 $\Omega$ POWER SENSOR (Cont'd)

5. Set the LINE switch to (ON).

#### NOTE

*Before proceeding with the adjustment, connect the input of a frequency counter (such as the HP 5314A) to TP7 or TP8 and verify that the multivibrator frequency is  $220 \pm 12$  Hz. If the frequency is incorrect, perform the Multivibrator Adjustment (5-7).*

6. Center the Power Meter Balance Control A4R46.
7. Set the Power Meter RANGE switch fully cw and adjust A4R32, DC Offset control, for a DVM reading of  $0 \pm 0.2$  mVdc.
8. Set the RANGE switch to the position indicated in the table below; set the rear panel POWER REF switch to (ON).

| Power Sensor                                    | RANGE Switch Position |
|---|-----------------------|
| 8481B and 8482B (remove attenuator)             | 1W                    |
| 8481A, 8482A, 8481H, 8482H                      | 1 mW                  |
| 8485A (HP 1250-1250 Adapter required)           | 1 mW                  |
| 8484A (HP 11708A Reference Attenuator required) | 1 $\mu$ W             |

9. Adjust the front panel CAL ADJ control to read  $1.000 \pm 0.001$  Vdc on the DVM.
10. Adjust A4R35, Meter control, to give a full-scale meter reading.
11. Set the rear panel POWER REF switch to OFF; set the RANGE switch to the position indicated in the table below.

| Power Sensor                                    | RANGE Switch Position |
|---|-----------------------|
| 8481B and 8482B (remove attenuator)             | 3W                    |
| 8481A, 8482A, 8481H, 8482H                      | 3 mW                  |
| 8485A (HP 1250-1250 Adapter required)           | 3 mW                  |
| 8484A (HP 11708A Reference Attenuator required) | 3 $\mu$ W             |

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**ADJUSTMENTS**

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**5-8. POWER METER ADJUSTMENTS WITH 50 $\Omega$  POWER SENSOR (Cont'd)**

12. Press the front panel ZERO switch, hold it in, and adjust the Auto Zero Offset control A4R42 for a DVM reading of  $0 \pm 1$  mVdc.
13. Set the RANGE switch to the position indicated in the table below; set the rear panel POWER REF switch to (ON).

| Power Sensor                                    | RANGE Switch Position |
|---|-----------------------|
| 8481B, 8482B, (remove attenuator)               | 1W                    |
| 8481A, 8482A, 8481H, 8482H                      | 1 mW                  |
| 8485A (HP 1250-1250 Adapter required)           | 1 mW                  |
| 8484A (HP 11708A Reference Attenuator required) | 1 $\mu$ W             |

14. Press the ZERO switch, hold it in, and adjust the Balance Adjustment, A4R46, until the DVM reading is  $961 \pm 1$  mVdc.

## ADJUSTMENTS

### 5-9. POWER METER ADJUSTMENTS WITH CALIBRATOR

#### NOTE

*If the adjustments are to be considered valid, the Power Meter must have a half-hour warmup and the line voltage must be within +5 to -10% of nominal.*

REFERENCE: Service Sheets 2 and 3.

- DESCRIPTION:
1. The Balance control is centered to remove the dc offset introduced by the Auto Zero circuits.
  2. The DC Offset control removes any dc voltage introduced by the DC Amplifier.
  3. The CAL ADJ control is used to set a level of +1.00 Vdc at rear panel RECORDER OUTPUT jack with a full scale input from the Model 11683A Range Calibrator.
  4. The Meter control sets the meter reading to full scale when the RECORDER OUTPUT level is +1.00 Vdc.
  5. The Auto Zero Offset adjustment removes any dc voltage that is introduced by the Auto Zero circuits while the ZERO switch is pressed.
  6. The Balance control centers the Auto Zero circuit's output voltage range. The Auto Zero output is forced to its negative extreme. The Balance Control sets the RECORDER OUTPUT voltage below the center (+1.00 Vdc) by one-half the total possible voltage swing.

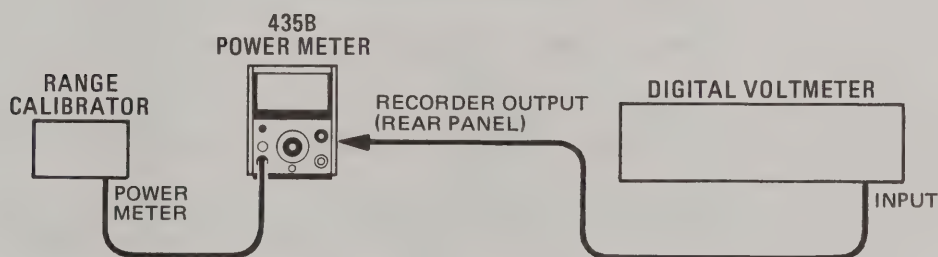


Figure 5-5. Power Meter Adjustment Setup with Calibrator

EQUIPMENT: Digital Voltmeter ..... HP 3455A  
 Range Calibrator ..... HP 11683A (ONLY)

- PROCEDURE:
1. Set the Power Meter LINE switch to OFF and adjust the mechanical Meter Zero control for a meter reading of zero.
  2. Set the Power Meter switches as follows:  
 CAL FACTOR ..... 100%  
 RANGE position ..... fully cw  
 POWER REF ..... OFF

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**ADJUSTMENTS**

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**5-9. POWER METER ADJUSTMENTS WITH CALIBRATOR (Cont'd)**

3. Set the Range Calibrator RANGE switch to 1 mW, FUNCTION switch to STANDBY, and POLARITY switch to NORMAL.
4. Set the DVM RANGE switch to Vdc.
5. Remove the right side cover of the Power Meter, connect the equipment as shown in Figure 5-5 and set the LINE switch to ON.

**NOTE**

*Before proceeding with the adjustment, connect the input of a frequency counter (such as the HP 5314A) to TP7 or TP8 and verify that the multivibrator frequency is  $220 \pm 12$  Hz. If the frequency is incorrect, perform the Multivibrator Adjustment (5-7).*

6. Center the Power Meter Balance control, A4R46.
7. Adjust A4R32 DC Offset control for a DVM reading of  $0 \pm 0.2$  mVdc.
8. Set the Power Meter RANGE switch 5 turns from the fully ccw position.
9. Set the Range Calibrator FUNCTION switch to CALIBRATE.
10. Adjust the Power Meter front panel CAL ADJ control for a DVM reading of  $1000 \pm 1$  mVdc.
11. Adjust the Meter control A4R35 for a full-scale meter reading.
12. Set the Range Calibrator FUNCTION switch to STANDBY.
13. Set the Power Meter RANGE switch fully ccw, press and hold the ZERO switch, and adjust A4R42 Auto Zero Offset control for a DVM reading of  $0 \pm 1$  mVdc.
14. Set the Power Meter RANGE switch 5 turns from the fully ccw position; set the Range Calibrator's FUNCTION switch to CALIBRATE.
15. Press and hold the Power Meter ZERO switch and adjust the A4R46 Balance control for a DVM reading of  $961 \pm 3$  mVdc.

## SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

### 6-1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains information for ordering replacement parts for the Power Meter. Table 6-1 lists abbreviations used in the parts list and throughout the manual. Table 6-2 lists all replaceable parts in reference designator order. Table 6-3 contains the names and addresses that correspond to the manufacturer's code number.

### 6-2. ABBREVIATIONS

Table 6-1 gives a list of abbreviations used in the parts list, schematics and throughout the manual. In some cases, two forms of the abbreviations are given, one all capital letters and one partial or no capitals. This occurs because the abbreviations in the parts list are always all capitals. However, in the schematics and other parts of the manual, other abbreviation forms are used with both lower case and upper case letters.

### 6-3. REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

Table 6-2 is the list of replaceable parts and is organized as follows:

- a. Electrical assemblies and their components in alpha-numeric order by reference designation.
- b. Chassis-mounted parts in alpha-numeric order by reference designation.
- c. Miscellaneous parts.
- d. Illustrated parts breakdown.

The information given for each part consists of the following:

- a. The Hewlett-Packard part number.
- b. The part number check digit (CD).
- c. The total quantity (Qty) used in the instrument.
- d. The description of the part.
- e. Typical manufacturer of the part in a five-digit code.

- f. The manufacturer's number for the part.

The total quantity for each part is given only once; at the first appearance of the part number in the list.

### 6-4. FACTORY SELECTED PARTS (\*)

Parts marked with an asterisk (\*) are factory selected parts. The value listed in the parts list is the nominal value. Refer to Section V for information on determining what value to use for replacement.

### 6-5. ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

To order a part listed in the replaceable parts table, quote the Hewlett-Packard part number, indicate quantity required and address the order to the nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

To order a part that is not listed in the replaceable parts table, include the instrument model number, instrument serial number, the description and function of the part, and the number of parts required. Address the order to the nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

#### NOTE

*Within the USA, it is better to order directly from the HP Parts Center in Mt. View, California. Ask your nearest HP office for information and forms for the "Direct Mail Order System"*

### 6-6. PARTS PROVISIONING

Stocking spare parts for an instrument is often done to insure quick return to service after a malfunction occurs. Hewlett-Packard has a "Spare Parts Kit" available for this purpose. The kit consists of selected replaceable assemblies and components for this instrument. The contents of the kit and the "Recommended Spares" list are based on failure reports and repair data, and parts support for one year. A complimentary "Recommended Spares" list for this instrument may be obtained on request, and the "Spare Parts Kit" may be ordered through your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

Table 6-1. Reference Designations and Abbreviations (1 of 2)

## REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

|   |   |  |   |
|---|---|--|---|
| A . . . . . assembly  | E . . . . . miscellaneous electrical part                   | P . . . . . electrical connector (movable portion); plug | U . . . . . integrated circuit; microcircuit        |
| AT . . . . . attenuator; isolator; termination                            | F . . . . . fuse  | Q . . . . . transistor; SCR; triode thyristor            | V . . . . . electron tube                           |
| B . . . . . fan; motor  | FL . . . . . filter   | R . . . . . resistor                                     | VR . . . . . voltage regulator; breakdown diode     |
| BT . . . . . battery  | H . . . . . hardware  | RT . . . . . thermistor                                  | W . . . . . cable; transmission path; wire          |
| C . . . . . capacitor   | HY . . . . . circulator                                     | S . . . . . switch                                       | X . . . . . socket                                  |
| CP . . . . . coupler  | J . . . . . electrical connector (stationary portion); jack | T . . . . . transformer                                  | Y . . . . . crystal unit (piezo-electric or quartz) |
| CR . . . . . diode; diode thyristor; varactor                             | K . . . . . relay   | TB . . . . . terminal board                              | Z . . . . . tuned cavity; tuned circuit             |
| DC . . . . . directional coupler  | L . . . . . coil; inductor                                  | TC . . . . . thermocouple                                |   |
| DL . . . . . delay line   | M . . . . . meter   | TP . . . . . test point                                  |   |
| DS . . . . . annunciator; signaling device (audible or visual); lamp; LED | MP . . . . . miscellaneous mechanical part                  |  |   |

## ABBREVIATIONS

|   |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| A . . . . . ampere                        | COEF . . . . . coefficient                                | EDP . . . . . electronic data processing | INT . . . . . internal   |
| ac . . . . . alternating current          | COM . . . . . common                                      | ELECT . . . . . electrolytic             | kg . . . . . kilogram  |
| ACCESS . . . . . accessory                | COMP . . . . . composition                                | ENCAP . . . . . encapsulated             | kHz . . . . . kilohertz  |
| ADJ . . . . . adjustment                  | COMPL . . . . . complete                                  | EXT . . . . . external                   | k $\Omega$ . . . . . kilohm                                    |
| A/D . . . . . analog-to-digital           | CONN . . . . . connector                                  | F . . . . . farad                        | kV . . . . . kilovolt  |
| AF . . . . . audio frequency              | CP . . . . . cadmium plate                                | FET . . . . . field-effect transistor    | lb . . . . . pound   |
| AFC . . . . . automatic frequency control | CRT . . . . . cathode-ray tube                            | F/F . . . . . flip-flop                  | LC . . . . . inductance-capacitance                            |
| AGC . . . . . automatic gain control      | CTL . . . . . complementary transistor logic              | FH . . . . . flat head                   | LED . . . . . light-emitting diode                             |
| AL . . . . . aluminum                     | CW . . . . . continuous wave                              | FIL H . . . . . fillister head           | LF . . . . . low frequency                                     |
| ALC . . . . . automatic level control     | cw . . . . . clockwise                                    | FM . . . . . frequency modulation        | LG . . . . . long  |
| AM . . . . . amplitude modulation         | cm . . . . . centimeter                                   | FP . . . . . front panel                 | LH . . . . . left hand   |
| AMPL . . . . . amplifier                  | D/A . . . . . digital-to-analog                           | FREQ . . . . . frequency                 | LIM . . . . . limit  |
| APC . . . . . automatic phase control     | dB . . . . . decibel                                      | FXD . . . . . fixed                      | LIN . . . . . linear taper (used in parts list)                |
| ASSY . . . . . assembly                   | dBm . . . . . decibel referred to 1 mW                    | g . . . . . gram                         | lin . . . . . linear   |
| AUX . . . . . auxiliary                   | dc . . . . . direct current                               | GE . . . . . germanium                   | LK WASH . . . . . lock washer                                  |
| avg . . . . . average                     | deg . . . . . degree (temperature interval or difference) | GHz . . . . . gigahertz                  | LO . . . . . low; local oscillator                             |
| AWG . . . . . American wire gauge         | ° . . . . . degree (plane angle)                          | GL . . . . . glass                       | LOG . . . . . logarithmic taper (used in parts list)           |
| BAL . . . . . balance                     | °C . . . . . degree Celsius (centigrade)                  | GRD . . . . . ground(ed)                 | log . . . . . logarithm(ic)                                    |
| BCD . . . . . binary coded decimal        | °F . . . . . degree Fahrenheit                            | H . . . . . henry                        | LPF . . . . . low pass filter                                  |
| BD . . . . . board                        | °K . . . . . degree Kelvin                                | h . . . . . hour                         | LV . . . . . low voltage                                       |
| BE CU . . . . . beryllium copper          | DEPC . . . . . deposited carbon                           | HET . . . . . heterodyne                 | m . . . . . meter (distance)                                   |
| BFO . . . . . beat frequency oscillator   | DET . . . . . detector                                    | HEX . . . . . hexagonal                  | mA . . . . . milliamper  |
| BH . . . . . binder head                  | diam . . . . . diameter                                   | HD . . . . . head                        | MAX . . . . . maximum  |
| BKDN . . . . . breakdown                  | DIA . . . . . diameter (used in parts list)               | HDW . . . . . hardware                   | M $\Omega$ . . . . . megohm                                    |
| BP . . . . . bandpass                     | DIFF AMPL . . . . . differential amplifier                | HF . . . . . high frequency              | MEG . . . . . meg (10 <sup>6</sup> ) (used in parts list)      |
| BPF . . . . . bandpass filter             | div . . . . . division                                    | HG . . . . . mercury                     | MET FLM . . . . . metal film                                   |
| BRS . . . . . brass                       | DPDT . . . . . double-pole, double-throw                  | HI . . . . . high                        | MET OX . . . . . metallic oxide                                |
| BWO . . . . . backward-wave oscillator    | DR . . . . . drive  | HP . . . . . Hewlett-Packard             | MF . . . . . medium frequency; microfarad (used in parts list) |
| CAL . . . . . calibrate                   | DSB . . . . . double sideband                             | HPF . . . . . high pass filter           | MFR . . . . . manufacturer                                     |
| ccw . . . . . counter-clockwise           | DTL . . . . . diode transistor logic                      | HR . . . . . hour (used in parts list)   | mg . . . . . milligram   |
| CER . . . . . ceramic                     | DVM . . . . . digital voltmeter                           | HV . . . . . high voltage                | MHz . . . . . megahertz  |
| CHAN . . . . . channel                    | ECL . . . . . emitter coupled logic                       | Hz . . . . . Hertz                       | mH . . . . . millihenry  |
| cm . . . . . centimeter                   | EMF . . . . . electromotive force                         | IC . . . . . integrated circuit          | mho . . . . . mho  |
| CMO . . . . . cabinet mount only          |   | ID . . . . . inside diameter             | MIN . . . . . minimum  |
| COAX . . . . . coaxial                    |   | IF . . . . . intermediate frequency      | min . . . . . minute (time)                                    |
|   |   | IMPG . . . . . impregnated               | ... ' . . . . . minute (plane angle)                           |
|   |   | in . . . . . inch                        | MINAT . . . . . miniature                                      |
|   |   | INCD . . . . . incandescent              | mm . . . . . millimeter  |
|   |   | INCL . . . . . include(s)                |  |
|   |   | INP . . . . . input                      |  |
|   |   | INS . . . . . insulation                 |  |

## NOTE

All abbreviations in the parts list will be in upper-case.

Table 6-1. Reference Designations and Abbreviations (2 of 2)

|   |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|--|
| MOD . . . . . modulator   | OD . . . . . outside diameter                               | PWV . . . . . peak working voltage                  | TD . . . . . time delay                                |
| MOM . . . . . momentary   | OH . . . . . oval head                                      | RC . . . . . resistance-capacitance                 | TERM . . . . . terminal                                |
| MOS . . . . . metal-oxide semiconductor                             | OP AMPL . . . . . operational amplifier                     | RECT . . . . . rectifier                            | TFT . . . . . thin-film transistor                     |
| ms . . . . . millisecond  | OPT . . . . . option  | REF . . . . . reference                             | TGL . . . . . toggle                                   |
| MTG . . . . . mounting  | OSC . . . . . oscillator                                    | REG . . . . . regulated                             | THD . . . . . thread                                   |
| MTR . . . . . meter (indicating device)                             | OX . . . . . oxide  | REPL . . . . . replaceable                          | THRU . . . . . through                                 |
| mV . . . . . millivolt  | oz . . . . . ounce  | RF . . . . . radio frequency                        | TI . . . . . titanium                                  |
| mVac . . . . . millivolt, ac  | $\Omega$ . . . . . ohm                                      | RFI . . . . . radio frequency interference          | TOL . . . . . tolerance                                |
| mVdc . . . . . millivolt, dc  | P . . . . . peak (used in parts list)                       | RH . . . . . round head; right hand                 | TRIM . . . . . trimmer                                 |
| mVpk . . . . . millivolt, peak                                      | PAM . . . . . pulse-amplitude modulation                    | RLC . . . . . resistance-inductance-capacitance     | TSTR . . . . . transistor                              |
| mVp-p . . . . . millivolt, peak-to-peak                             | PC . . . . . printed circuit                                | RMO . . . . . rack mount only                       | TTL . . . . . transistor-transistor logic              |
| mVrms . . . . . millivolt, rms                                      | PCM . . . . . pulse-code modulation; pulse-count modulation | rms . . . . . root-mean-square                      | TV . . . . . television                                |
| mW . . . . . milliwatt  | PDM . . . . . pulse-duration modulation                     | RND . . . . . round                                 | TVI . . . . . television interference                  |
| MUX . . . . . multiplex   | pF . . . . . picofarad                                      | ROM . . . . . read-only memory                      | TWT . . . . . traveling wave tube                      |
| MY . . . . . mylar  | PH BRZ . . . . . phosphor bronze                            | R&P . . . . . rack and panel                        | U . . . . . micro ( $10^6$ ) (used in parts list)      |
| $\mu$ A . . . . . microampere                                       | PHL . . . . . Phillips                                      | RWV . . . . . reverse working voltage               | UF . . . . . microfarad (used in parts list)           |
| $\mu$ F . . . . . microfarad  | PIN . . . . . positive-intrinsic-negative                   | S . . . . . scattering parameter                    | UHF . . . . . ultrahigh frequency                      |
| $\mu$ H . . . . . microhenry  | PIV . . . . . peak inverse voltage                          | s . . . . . second (time)                           | UNREG . . . . . unregulated                            |
| $\mu$ mho . . . . . micromho  | pk . . . . . peak   | ..” . . . . . second (plane angle)                  | V . . . . . volt                                       |
| $\mu$ s . . . . . microsecond                                       | PL . . . . . phase lock                                     | S-B . . . . . slow-blow (fuse) (used in parts list) | VA . . . . . voltampere                                |
| $\mu$ V . . . . . microvolt   | PLO . . . . . phase lock oscillator                         | SCR . . . . . silicon controlled rectifier; screw   | Vac . . . . . volts, ac                                |
| $\mu$ Vac . . . . . microvolt, ac                                   | PM . . . . . phase modulation                               | SE . . . . . selenium                               | VAR . . . . . variable                                 |
| $\mu$ Vdc . . . . . microvolt, dc                                   | PNP . . . . . positive-negative-positive                    | SECT . . . . . sections                             | VCO . . . . . voltage-controlled oscillator            |
| $\mu$ Vpk . . . . . microvolt, peak                                 | P/O . . . . . part of                                       | SHF . . . . . superhigh frequency                   | Vdc . . . . . volts, dc                                |
| $\mu$ Vp-p . . . . . microvolt, peak-to-peak                        | POLY . . . . . polystyrene                                  | SI . . . . . silicon                                | VDCW . . . . . volts, dc, working (used in parts list) |
| $\mu$ Vrms . . . . . microvolt, rms                                 | PORC . . . . . porcelain                                    | SIL . . . . . silver                                | V(F) . . . . . volts, filtered                         |
| $\mu$ W . . . . . microwatt   | POS . . . . . positive; position(s) (used in parts list)    | SL . . . . . slide                                  | VFO . . . . . variable-frequency oscillator            |
| nA . . . . . nanoampere   | POSN . . . . . position                                     | SNR . . . . . signal-to-noise ratio                 | VHF . . . . . very-high frequency                      |
| NC . . . . . no connection  | POT . . . . . potentiometer                                 | SPDT . . . . . single-pole, double-throw            | Vpk . . . . . volts, peak                              |
| N/C . . . . . normally closed                                       | p-p . . . . . peak-to-peak                                  | SPG . . . . . spring                                | Vp-p . . . . . volts, peak-to-peak                     |
| NE . . . . . neon   | PP . . . . . peak-to-peak (used in parts list)              | SR . . . . . split ring                             | Vrms . . . . . volts, rms                              |
| NEG . . . . . negative  | PPM . . . . . pulse-position modulation                     | SPST . . . . . single-pole, single-throw            | VSWR . . . . . voltage standing wave ratio             |
| nF . . . . . nanofarad  | PREAMPL . . . . . preamplifier                              | SSB . . . . . single sideband                       | VTO . . . . . voltage-tuned oscillator                 |
| NI PL . . . . . nickel plate  | PRF . . . . . pulse-repetition frequency                    | SST . . . . . stainless steel                       | VTVM . . . . . vacuum-tube voltmeter                   |
| N/O . . . . . normally open   | PRR . . . . . pulse repetition rate                         | STL . . . . . steel                                 | V(X) . . . . . volts, switched                         |
| NOM . . . . . nominal   | ps . . . . . picosecond                                     | SQ . . . . . square                                 | W . . . . . watt                                       |
| NORM . . . . . normal   | PT . . . . . point  | SWR . . . . . standing-wave ratio                   | W/ . . . . . with                                      |
| NPN . . . . . negative-positive-negative                            | PTM . . . . . pulse-time modulation                         | SYNC . . . . . synchronize                          | WIV . . . . . working inverse voltage                  |
| NPO . . . . . negative-positive zero (zero temperature coefficient) | PWM . . . . . pulse-width modulation                        | T . . . . . timed (slow-blow fuse)                  | WW . . . . . wirewound                                 |
| NRFR . . . . . not recommended for field replacement                |   | TA . . . . . tantalum                               | W/O . . . . . without                                  |
| NSR . . . . . not separately replaceable                            |   | TC . . . . . temperature compensating               | YIG . . . . . yttrium-iron-garnet                      |
| ns . . . . . nanosecond   |   |   | Z <sub>0</sub> . . . . . characteristic impedance      |
| nW . . . . . nanowatt   |   |   |  |
| OBD . . . . . order by description                                  |   |   |  |

## NOTE

All abbreviations in the parts list will be in upper-case.

## MULTIPLIERS

| Abbreviation | Prefix | Multiple   |
|--------------|--------|------------|
| T            | tera   | $10^{12}$  |
| G            | giga   | $10^9$     |
| M            | mega   | $10^6$     |
| k            | kilo   | $10^3$     |
| da           | deka   | 10         |
| d            | deci   | $10^{-1}$  |
| c            | centi  | $10^{-2}$  |
| m            | milli  | $10^{-3}$  |
| $\mu$        | micro  | $10^{-6}$  |
| n            | nano   | $10^{-9}$  |
| p            | pico   | $10^{-12}$ |
| f            | femto  | $10^{-15}$ |
| a            | atto   | $10^{-18}$ |

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | C D | Qty | Description                              | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number      |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-----|--|----------|----------------------|
| A1                    | 00435-60035    | 8   | 1   | SWITCH ASSEMBLY                          | 28480    | 00435-60035          |
| A1C1                  | 0180-0374      | 3   | 4   | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10% 20VDC TA         | 56289    | 150D106X9020B2       |
| A1C2                  | 0180-0229      | 7   | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10% 10VDC TA         | 56289    | 150D336X9010B2       |
| A1C3                  | 0180-1746      | 5   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA         | 56289    | 150D156X9020B2       |
| A1C4                  | 0180-1704      | 5   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10% 6VDC TA          | 56289    | 150D476X9006B2       |
| A1J1                  | 1200-0508      | 0   | 1   | SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP-SLDR               | 28480    | 1200-0508            |
| A1R1                  | 0757-0346      | 2   | 15  | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R2                  | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R3                  | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R4                  | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R5                  | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R6                  | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R7                  | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R8                  | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R9                  | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R10                 | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R11                 | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R12                 | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R13                 | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R14                 | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R15                 | 0757-0346      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A1R16                 | 0757-0279      | 0   |     | RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3161-F     |
| A1R17                 | 0757-0280      | 3   | 5   | RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1001-F     |
| A1R18                 | 0757-0279      | 0   |     | RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3161-F     |
| A1R19                 | 0757-0279      | 0   |     | RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3161-F     |
| A1S1                  | 3100-1618      | 5   | 1   | SWITCH-ROTARY (RANGE)                    | 28480    | 3100-1618            |
|                       | 2190-0016      | 3   | 2   | WASHER-LK INTL T 3/8 IN .377-IN-ID       | 28480    | 2190-0016            |
|                       | 2950-0001      | 8   | 2   | NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK  | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A1S2                  | 3100-1617      | 4   | 1   | SWITCH-ROTARY (CAL FACTOR)               | 28480    | 3100-1617            |
|                       | 2190-0016      | 3   |     | WASHER-LK INTL T 3/8 IN .377-IN-ID       | 28480    | 2190-0016            |
|                       | 2950-0001      | 8   |     | NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK  | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A2                    |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED                             |          |                      |
| A3                    | 00435-60003    | 0   | 1   | POWER REFERENCE OSCILLATOR ASSEMBLY      | 28480    | 00435-60003          |
| A3C1                  | 0160-3879      | 7   | 4   | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER     | 28480    | 0160-3879            |
| A3C2                  | 0160-3036      | 8   | 2   | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF +80 -20% 200V    | 28480    | 0160-3036            |
| A3C3                  | 0160-3036      | 8   |     | CAPACITOR-FDTHRU 5000PF +80 -20% 200V    | 28480    | 0160-3036            |
| A3C4                  | 0160-3879      | 7   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER     | 28480    | 0160-3879            |
| A3C5                  | 0160-3879      | 7   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER     | 28480    | 0160-3879            |
| A3C6                  | 0160-2027      | 5   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF +-5% 500VDC MICA     | 28480    | 0160-2027            |
| A3C7                  | 0160-3070      | 0   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5% 300VDC MICA     | 28480    | 0160-3070            |
| A3C8                  | 0180-0100      | 3   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 4.7UF+-10% 35VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D475X9035B2       |
| A3C9                  | 0160-2255      | 1   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 8.2PF +-25% 500VDC CLR     | 28480    | 0160-2255            |
| A3C10                 | 0160-3878      | 6   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER    | 28480    | 0160-3878            |
| A3C11                 | 0160-0179      | 4   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 33PF +-5% 300VDC MICA      | 28480    | 0160-0179            |
| A3C12                 | 0160-3879      | 7   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER     | 28480    | 0160-3879            |
| A3C13                 | 0160-4006      | 4   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 34PF +-5% 300VDC GL        | 28480    | 0160-4006            |
| A3C14                 | 0160-4007      | 5   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 200PF +-5% 300VDC GL       | 28480    | 0160-4007            |
| A3CR1                 | 1901-0518      | 8   | 2   | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY                    | 28480    | 1901-0518            |
| A3CR2                 | 1901-0518      | 8   |     | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY                    | 28480    | 1901-0518            |
| A3CR3                 | 0122-0299      | 9   | 1   | DIODE-VVC 82PF 5% C2/C20-MIN=2 BVR=20V   | 28480    | 0122-0299            |
| A3J1                  | 1250-1220      | 0   | 1   | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50 OHM             | 28480    | 1250-1220            |
| A3L1                  | 9140-0144      | 0   | 1   | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 4.7UH 10% .105DX.26LG | 28480    | 9140-0144            |
| A3L2                  | 00436-80001    | 1   | 1   | COIL-VARIABLE                            | 28480    | 00436-80001          |
| A3L3                  | 00436-80002    | 2   | 1   | COIL-3 1/2 TURNS                         | 28480    | 00436-80002          |
| A3MP1                 | 00435-00010    | 3   | 1   | SHIELD-50MHZ OSCILLATOR                  | 28480    | 00435-00010          |
| A3MP2                 | 2190-0843      | 4   | 2   | WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 8 .165-IN-ID        | 28480    | 2190-0843            |
| A3MP3                 | 2580-0002      | 4   | 2   | NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 8-32-THD .085-IN-THK    | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A3MP4                 | 2190-0124      | 4   | 1   | WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 10 .195-IN-ID       | 28480    | 2190-0124            |
| A3MP5                 | 2950-0078      | 9   | 1   | NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-IN-THK   | 28480    | 2950-0078            |
| A3MP6                 | 2200-0113      | 4   | 4   | SCREW-MACH 4-40 .625-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI   | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A3MP7                 | 3050-0079      | 3   | 1   | WASHER-FL NM NO. 2 .094-IN-ID .188-IN-OD | 28480    | 3050-0079            |
| A3MP8                 | 7120-6996      | 8   | 1   | LABEL "LEVEL ADJ"                        | 28480    | 7120-6996            |
| A3Q1                  | 1854-0247      | 9   | 1   | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD=1W FT=800MHZ  | 28480    | 1854-0247            |
|                       | 1200-0173      | 5   | 2   | INSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL                    | 28480    | 1200-0173            |
| A3Q2                  | 1854-0071      | 7   | 6   | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ     | 28480    | 1854-0071            |
| A3R1                  | 0757-0442      | 9   | 15  | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F     |
| A3R2                  | 0757-0421      | 4   | 1   | RESISTOR 825 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-825R-F     |
| A3R3                  | 0811-3234      | 9   | 1   | RESISTOR 10K 1% .05W PWV TC=0+-10        | 20940    | 140-1/20-1002-F      |
| A3R4                  | 2100-3154      | 7   | 1   | RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN   | 01111    | 43R102               |
| A3R5*                 | 0811-3381      | 7   | 1   | RESISTOR 7.1K 1% .05W PWV TC=0+-10       | 28480    | 0811-3381            |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

\*Indicates factory selected value

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | C D | Qty | Description                              | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number  |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-----|--|----------|------------------|
| A3R6                  | 0757-0440      | 7   | 1   | RESISTOR 7.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100       | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-7501-F |
| A3R7                  | 0698-7204      | 5   | 2   | RESISTOR 100K 1% .05W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C3-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A3R8                  | 0757-0445      | 6   | 4   | RESISTOR 100K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100       | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A3R9                  | 0698-7204      | 5   |     | RESISTOR 100K 1% .05W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C3-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A3R10                 | 0757-0280      | 3   |     | RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A3R11                 | 0757-0280      | 3   |     | RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A3R12                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A3R13                 | 0698-0033      | 8   | 2   | RESISTOR 1.76K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1961-F |
| A3R14                 | 0757-0398      | 4   | 1   | RESISTOR 75 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-75R0-F |
| A3R15                 | 0698-3445      | 2   | 1   | RESISTOR 348 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A3R16                 | 0698-8581      | 7   | 1   | RESISTOR 50.5 1% .125W F TC=0+-25        | 20480    | 0698-8581        |
| A3TP1                 | 1251-0600      | 0   | 16  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SG | 20480    | 1251-0600        |
| A3TP2                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SG | 20480    | 1251-0600        |
| A3U1                  | 1826-0013      | 8   | 6   | IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE T0-99 PKG            | 06665    | SS8741CJ         |
| A3U2                  | 1820-0223      | 0   | 1   | IC OP AMP GP T0-99 PKG                   | 3L585    | CA301AT          |
| A3VR1                 | 1902-0041      | 4   | 2   | DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5% D0-35 PD=.4W          | 20480    | 1902-0041        |
| A3VR2                 | 1902-0680      | 7   | 1   | DIODE-ZNR 1N827 6.2V 5% D0-7 PD=.4W      | 24046    | 1N827            |
| A4C1                  | 0180-2206      | 4   | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD 60UF+-10% 6VDC TA          | 56289    | 150D06X9006B2    |
| A4C2                  | 0180-0228      | 6   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10% 15VDC TA         | 56289    | 150D226X9015B2   |
| A4C3                  | 0160-2055      | 9   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER   | 20480    | 0160-2055        |
| A4C4                  | 0160-3439      | 5   | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD .032UF + 5% 200VDC         | 20480    | 0160-3439        |
| A4C5                  | 0160-0160      | 3   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 8200PF +-10% 200VDC POLYE  | 20480    | 0160-0160        |
| A4C6                  | 0180-0229      | 7   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10% 10VDC TA         | 56289    | 150D336X9010B2   |
| A4C7                  | 0170-0040      | 9   | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-10% 200VDC POLYE  | 56289    | 292P47392        |
| A4C8                  | 0160-3439      | 5   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .032UF +-5% 200VDC         | 20480    | 0160-3439        |
| A4C9                  | 0180-0197      | 8   | 4   | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10% 20VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D225X9020A2   |
| A4C10                 | 0180-0197      | 8   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10% 20VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D225X9020A2   |
| A4C11*                | 0160-0161      | 4   | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10% 200VDC POLYE   | 20480    | 0160-0161        |
| A4C12                 | 0180-0116      | 1   | 4   | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF+-10% 35VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D685X9035B2   |
| A4C13                 | 0100-0116      | 1   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF+-10% 35VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D685X9035B2   |
| A4C14*                | 0160-0161      | 4   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10% 200VDC POLYE   | 20480    | 0160-0161        |
| A4C15                 | 0170-0040      | 9   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-10% 200VDC POLYE  | 56289    | 292P47392        |
| A4C16                 | 0180-0374      | 3   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10% 20VDC TA         | 56289    | 150D106X9020B2   |
| A4C17                 | 0180-0197      | 8   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10% 20VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D225X9020A2   |
| A4C18                 | 0180-0373      | 2   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD .60UF+-10% 35VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D64X9035A2    |
| A4C19                 | 0180-0116      | 1   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF+-10% 35VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D685X9035B2   |
| A4C20                 | 0180-0116      | 1   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8UF+-10% 35VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D685X9035B2   |
| A4C21                 | 0160-3456      | 6   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-10% 1KVDC CER     | 20480    | 0160-3456        |
| A4C22                 | 0180-1997      | 8   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 20UF+50-10% 150VDC AL      | 20480    | 0180-1997        |
| A4C23                 | 0180-0197      | 8   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10% 20VDC TA        | 56289    | 150D225X9020A2   |
| A4C24                 | 0180-0374      | 3   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10% 20VDC TA         | 56289    | 150D106X9020B2   |
| A4C25                 | 0160-2290      | 4   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD .15UF +-10% 80VDC POLYE    | 20480    | 0160-2290        |
| A4C26                 | 0160-2204      | 0   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5% 300VDC MICA     | 20480    | 0160-2204        |
| A4C27                 |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED                             |          |                  |
| A4C28                 | 0180-1794      | 3   | 2   | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10% 35VDC TA         | 56289    | 150D226X9035B2   |
| A4C29                 | 0180-1794      | 3   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10% 35VDC TA         | 56289    | 150D226X9035B2   |
| A4C30                 | 0180-2206      | 4   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 60UF+-10% 6VDC TA          | 56289    | 150D06X9006B2    |
| A4C31-<br>A4C38†      |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED                             |          |                  |
| A4C39                 | 0180-0291      | 3   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10% 35VDC TA          | 56289    | 150D105X9035A2   |
| A4C40-<br>A4C50†      |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED                             |          |                  |
| A4CR1                 | 1901-0895      | 4   | 2   | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY                    | 20480    | 1901-0895        |
| A4CR2                 | 1901-0895      | 4   |     | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY                    | 20480    | 1901-0895        |
| A4CR3                 | 1901-0033      | 2   | 7   | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA D0-7            | 20480    | 1901-0033        |
| A4CR4                 | 1901-0033      | 2   |     | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA D0-7            | 20480    | 1901-0033        |
| A4CR5                 | 1901-0364      | 2   | 1   | DIODE-PWR BRDG 200V 1A                   | 20480    | 1901-0364        |
| A4CR6                 | 1901-0033      | 2   |     | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA D0-7            | 20480    | 1901-0033        |
| A4CR7                 | 1901-0033      | 2   |     | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA D0-7            | 20480    | 1901-0033        |
| A4CR8                 | 1901-0328      | 8   | 3   | DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 6US               | 03508    | A14D             |
| A4CR9                 | 1901-0033      | 2   |     | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA D0-7            | 20480    | 1901-0033        |
| A4CR10                | 1901-0328      | 8   |     | DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 6US               | 03508    | A14D             |
| A4CR11                | 1901-0033      | 2   |     | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA D0-7            | 20480    | 1901-0033        |
| A4CR12                | 1901-0033      | 2   |     | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA D0-7            | 20480    | 1901-0033        |
| A4CR13                | 1901-0328      | 8   |     | DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 6US               | 03508    | A14D             |
| A4J1                  | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SG | 20480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4J2                  | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SG | 20480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4K1                  | 0490-0916      | 6   | 1   | RELAY-REED 1A 500MA 100VDC 5VDC-COIL     | 20480    | 0490-0916        |
| A4MP1                 | 1205-0085      | 8   | 2   | HEAT SINK T0-66-CS                       | 20480    | 1205-0085        |
| A4MP2                 | 1205-0085      | 8   |     | HEAT SINK T0-66-CS                       | 20480    | 1205-0085        |

See introduction to this section for ordering information

\*Indicates factory selected value

† Backdating information in Section VII.

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | C D | Qty | Description                              | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number   |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-----|--|----------|-------------------|
| A4P1                  | 0362-0063      | 3   | 2   | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT QDISC-FEM             | 28480    | 0362-0063         |
| A4P2                  | 0362-0063      | 3   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT QDISC-FEM             | 28480    | 0362-0063         |
| A4Q1                  | 1853-0020      | 4   | 3   | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT=150MHZ     | 28480    | 1853-0020         |
| A4Q2                  | 1853-0020      | 4   |     | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT=150MHZ     | 28480    | 1853-0020         |
| A4Q3                  | 1854-0071      | 7   |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ     | 28480    | 1854-0071         |
| A4Q4                  | 1854-0071      | 7   |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ     | 28480    | 1854-0071         |
| A4Q5                  | 1854-0071      | 7   |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ     | 28480    | 1854-0071         |
| A4Q6                  | 1855-0020      | 8   | 2   | TRANSISTOR J-FET N-CHAN D-MODE TO-18 SI  | 28480    | 1855-0020         |
| A4Q7                  | 1855-0020      | 8   |     | TRANSISTOR J-FET N-CHAN D-MODE TO-18 SI  | 28480    | 1855-0020         |
| A4Q8                  |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED                             |          |                   |
| A4Q9                  |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED                             |          |                   |
| A4Q10                 | 1853-0012      | 4   | 2   | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2904A SI TO-39 PD=600MW | 01295    | 2N2904A           |
| A4Q11                 | 1853-0012      | 4   |     | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2904A SI TO-39 PD=600MW | 01295    | 2N2904A           |
| A4Q12                 | 1854-0072      | 8   | 1   | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N3054 SI TO-66 PD=25W    | 3L585    | 2N3054            |
| A4Q13                 | 1853-0052      | 2   | 1   | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3740 SI TO-66 PD=25W    | 04713    | 2N3740            |
| A4Q14                 | 1854-0071      | 7   |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ     | 28480    | 1854-0071         |
| A4Q15                 | 1854-0071      | 7   |     | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=300MW FT=200MHZ     | 28480    | 1854-0071         |
| A4Q16                 | 1854-0090      | 0   | 1   | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD=1W FT=100MHZ  | 28480    | 1854-0090         |
| A4Q17                 | 1853-0038      | 4   | 1   | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-39 PD=1W FT=100MHZ  | 28480    | 1853-0038         |
| A4Q18                 | 1853-0020      | 4   |     | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT=150MHZ     | 28480    | 1853-0020         |
| A4Q19                 |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED                             |          |                   |
| A4Q20                 | 1884-0073      | 2   | 1   | THYRISTOR-SCR TO-5 VRRM=100              | 28480    | 1884-0073         |
| A4R1                  | 0698-3160      | 8   | 3   | RESISTOR 31.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3162-F  |
| A4R2                  | 0698-3156      | 2   | 1   | RESISTOR 14.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1472-F  |
| A4R3                  | 0757-0288      | 1   | 1   | RESISTOR 9.09K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 19701    | MF4C1/8-T0-9091-F |
| A4R4                  | 0698-3438      | 3   | 1   | RESISTOR 147 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-147R-F  |
| A4R5                  | 0698-3152      | 8   | 1   | RESISTOR 3.48K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3481-F  |
| A4R6                  | 0757-0459      | 8   | 1   | RESISTOR 56.2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-5622-F  |
| A4R7                  | 0698-0465      | 6   |     | RESISTOR 100K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100       | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1003-F  |
| A4R8                  | 0757-0444      | 1   | 1   | RESISTOR 12.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1212-F  |
| A4R9                  | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F  |
| A4R10                 | 0698-3159      | 5   | 3   | RESISTOR 26.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-2612-F  |
| A4R11                 | 0698-3159      | 5   |     | RESISTOR 26.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-2612-F  |
| A4R12*                | 0757-0279      | 0   | 7   | RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3161-F  |
| A4R13                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F  |
| A4R14                 | 0698-3446      | 3   | 1   | RESISTOR 383 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-383R-F  |
| A4R15                 | 0757-0461      | 2   | 2   | RESISTOR 68.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-6812-F  |
| A4R16*                | 0757-0279      | 0   |     | RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3161-F  |
| A4R17                 | 0757-0461      | 2   |     | RESISTOR 68.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-6812-F  |
| A4R18                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F  |
| A4R19                 | 0811-3214      | 5   | 1   | RESISTOR 31.62 1% .05W PWM TC=0+-10      | 14140    | 1409-1/40-3162-B  |
| A4R20                 | 0811-3218      | 9   | 1   | RESISTOR 1K .1% .05W PWM TC=0+-10        | 14140    | 1409-1/80-1001-B  |
| A4R21                 | 0757-0290      | 5   | 1   | RESISTOR 6.19K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 19701    | MF4C1/8-T0-6191-F |
| A4R22                 | 0698-3450      | 9   | 2   | RESISTOR 42.2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-4222-F  |
| A4R23                 | 0757-0278      | 9   | 2   | RESISTOR 1.78K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1781-F  |
| A4R24                 | 0757-0438      | 3   | 1   | RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-5111-F  |
| A4R25                 | 0698-3162      | 0   | 2   | RESISTOR 46.4K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-4642-F  |
| A4R26                 | 0757-0280      | 3   |     | RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1001-F  |
| A4R27                 | 0698-3450      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 42.2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-4222-F  |
| A4R28                 | 0757-0278      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 1.78K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1781-F  |
| A4R29                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F  |
| A4R30                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F  |
| A4R31                 | 0698-3159      | 4   | 2   | RESISTOR 23.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-2372-F  |
| A4R32                 | 2100-1738      | 9   | 3   | RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN    | 73138    | 82PR10K           |
| A4R33                 | 0698-8300      | 8   | 1   | RESISTOR 840 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 19701    | MF4C1/8-T0-840R-F |
| A4R34                 | 0757-0280      | 3   |     | RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100         | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1001-F  |
| A4R35                 | 2100-2061      | 3   | 1   | RESISTOR-TRMR 200 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN    | 73138    | 82PR200           |
| A4R36                 | 0757-0419      | 0   | 1   | RESISTOR 681 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-681R-F  |
| A4R37                 | 0757-0399      | 5   | 1   | RESISTOR 82.5 1% .125W F TC=0+-100       | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-82R5-F  |
| A4R38                 | 0698-3154      | 0   | 1   | RESISTOR 4.22K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-4221-F  |
| A4R39                 | 0698-3150      | 6   | 1   | RESISTOR 2.37K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-2371-F  |
| A4R40                 |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED                             |          |                   |
| A4R41                 |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED                             |          |                   |
| A4R42                 | 2100-1738      | 9   |     | RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN    | 73138    | 82PR10K           |
| A4R43                 | 0683-2265      | 1   | 1   | RESISTOR 22M 5% .25W FC TC=-900/+1200    | 01121    | CB2265            |
| A4R44                 | 0698-3160      | 8   |     | RESISTOR 31.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3162-F  |
| A4R45                 | 0757-0467      | 8   | 1   | RESISTOR 121K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100       | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1213-F  |
| A4R46                 | 2100-2031      | 7   | 1   | RESISTOR-TRMR 50K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN    | 73138    | 82PR50K           |
| A4R47                 | 0757-0841      | 2   | 1   | RESISTOR 12.1K 1% .5W F TC=0+-100        | 28480    | 0757-0841         |
| A4R48                 | 0757-1000      | 7   | 1   | RESISTOR 51.1 1% .5W F TC=0+-100         | 28480    | 0757-1000         |
| A4R49                 | 0683-0685      | 5   | 1   | RESISTOR 6.8 5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500     | 01121    | CB6865            |
| A4R50                 | 0757-0465      | 6   |     | RESISTOR 100K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100       | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1003-F  |
| A4R51                 | 0757-0465      | 6   |     | RESISTOR 100K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100       | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1003-F  |
| A4R52                 | 0698-3157      | 3   | 1   | RESISTOR 19.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1962-F  |
| A4R53                 | 0757-0279      | 0   |     | RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3161-F  |
| A4R54                 | 0698-3159      | 5   |     | RESISTOR 26.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-2612-F  |
| A4R55                 | 0683-1555      | 0   | 1   | RESISTOR 1.5M 5% .25W FC TC=-900/+1100   | 01121    | CB1555            |

See introduction to this section for ordering information  
 \*Indicates factory selected value

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | C D | Qty | Description                              | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number  |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-----|--|----------|------------------|
| A4R56                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4R57                 | 0757-0441      | 8   | 1   | RESISTOR 8.25K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A4R58                 | 0757-0428      | 1   | 3   | RESISTOR 1.62K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A4R59                 | 0698-3155      | 1   | 1   | RESISTOR 4.64K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| A4R60                 | 0698-3162      | 0   |     | RESISTOR 46.4K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-4642-F |
| A4R61                 | 0757-1094      | 9   | 1   | RESISTOR 1.47K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| A4R62                 | 0698-3449      | 6   | 1   | RESISTOR 28.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-2872-F |
| A4R63                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4R64                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4R65                 | 0757-0403      | 2   | 1   | RESISTOR 121 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-121R-F |
| A4R66*                | 0698-3453      | 2   | 1   | RESISTOR 196K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100       | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1963-F |
| A4R67                 | 0698-0084      | 9   | 1   | RESISTOR 2.15K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A4R68                 | 0698-0083      | 3   |     | RESISTOR 1.96K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1961-F |
| A4R69                 | 0683-3355      | 2   | 1   | RESISTOR 3.3M 5% .25W FC TC=-900/+1100   | 01121    | CR3355           |
| A4R70                 | 0757-0279      | 0   |     | RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A4R71                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4R72                 | 0698-3160      | 8   |     | RESISTOR 31.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-3162-F |
| A4R73                 | 0757-0274      | 5   | 1   | RESISTOR 1.21K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1211-F |
| A4R74                 | 0698-3440      | 7   | 1   | RESISTOR 196 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-196R-F |
| A4R75                 | 0698-3158      | 4   |     | RESISTOR 23.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-2372-F |
| A4R76                 | 2100-1738      | 9   |     | RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN    | 73138    | B2PR10K          |
| A4R77                 | 0757-0401      | 0   | 1   | RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-101-F  |
| A4R78                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4R79                 | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A4R80                 | 0698-3442      | 9   | 1   | RESISTOR 237 1% .125W F TC=0+-100        | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A4R81                 | 0757-0428      | 1   |     | RESISTOR 1.62K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A4R82                 | 0757-0428      | 1   |     | RESISTOR 1.62K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A4RT1                 | 0839-0011      | 2   | 1   | THERMISTOR DISC 100-OHM TC=-3.8%/C-DFG   | 28480    | 0839-0011        |
|                       | 4330-0145      | 9   | 2   | INSULATOR-BEAD GLASS                     | 28480    | 4330-0145        |
| A4TP1                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP2                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP3                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP4                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP5                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP6                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP7                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP8                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP9                 | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP10                | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP11                | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4TP12                | 1251-0600      | 0   |     | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480    | 1251-0600        |
| A4U1                  | 1826-0013      | 8   |     | IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE TO-99 PKG            | 06665    | SSS741CJ         |
| A4U2                  | 1826-0013      | 8   |     | IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE TO-99 PKG            | 06665    | SSS741CJ         |
| A4U3                  | 1826-0013      | 8   |     | IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE TO-99 PKG            | 06665    | SSS741CJ         |
| A4U4                  | 1826-0092      | 3   | 1   | IC OP AMP GP DUAL TO-99 PKG              | 28480    | 1826-0092        |
| A4U5                  | 1826-0013      | 8   |     | IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE TO-99 PKG            | 06665    | SSS741CJ         |
| A4U6                  | 1826-0013      | 8   |     | IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE TO-99 PKG            | 06665    | SSS741CJ         |
| A4U7                  | 1820-0058      | 9   | 1   | IC OP AMP GP TO-99 PKG                   | 24046    | TOA 2709V        |
| A4VR1*                | 1902-3005      | 6   | 2   | DIODE-ZNR 2.43V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=-.076% | 28480    | 1902-3005        |
| A4VR2*                | 1902-3005      | 6   |     | DIODE-ZNR 2.43V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=-.076% | 28480    | 1902-3005        |
| A4VR3                 | 1902-0041      | 4   |     | DIODE-ZNR 5.11V 5% DO-35 PD=.4W          | 28480    | 1902-0041        |
| A4VR4                 | 1902-3182      | 0   | 1   | DIODE-ZNR 12.1V 5% DO-35 PD=.4W          | 28480    | 1902-3182        |
| A4VR5                 | 1902-0104      | 6   | 1   | DIODE-ZNR 16.2V 5% DO-35 PD=.4W          | 28480    | 1902-0184        |
| A4VR6                 | 1902-3416      | 3   | 1   | DIODE-ZNR 90.9V 5% DO-7 PD=.4W TC=+.082% | 28480    | 1902-3416        |
| A4W1                  | 00435-60013    | 2   | 1   | CABLE-GRAY SHIELDED, 2-CONDUCTOR         | 28480    | 00435-60013      |
| A4A1                  | 00435-60010    | 9   | 1   | AUTO ZFRD ASSEMBLY                       | 28480    | 00435-60010      |
| A4A1C1                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1C2                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1C3                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1C4                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1CR1               |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1K1                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1Q1                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1R1                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1R2                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1R3                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |
| A4A1R4                |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A4A1 ASSEMBLY               |          |                  |

See introduction to this section for ordering information  
 \*Indicates factory selected value

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | C D | Qty | Description                            | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number    |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-----|--|----------|--------------------|
| A5                    | 00435-60034    | 7   | 1   | MOTHERBOARD                            | 28480    | 00435-60034        |
| A5C1                  | 0180-0374      | 3   |     | CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10% 20VDC TA       | 56289    | 150D106X90P0R2     |
| A5J1                  | 1251-3898      | 4   | 2   | NSR, PART OF A5W1                      | 28480    | 1251-3898          |
| A5J2                  |                |     |     | CONNECTOR 10-PIN M POST TYPE           | 28480    | 1251-3898          |
| A5J3                  | 1251-3898      | 4   |     | CONNECTOR 10-PIN M POST TYPE           |          |                    |
| A5P1                  |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A5W1                      |          |                    |
| A5P2                  |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF A5W1                      |          |                    |
| A5R1                  | 0811-3202      | 1   | 1   | RESISTOR 30.615K .1% .05W PWM TC=0+-10 | 14140    | 1409-1/40-30615R-B |
| A5R2                  | 0811-3203      | 2   | 1   | RESISTOR 968 .1% .05W PWM TC=0+-10     | 14140    | 1409-1/40-968R-B   |
| A5R3                  | 0811-3204      | 3   | 1   | RESISTOR 21.616K .1% .05W PWM TC=0+-10 | 14140    | 1409-1/40-21616R-B |
| A5R4                  | 0811-3205      | 4   | 1   | RESISTOR 6.836K .1% .05W PWM TC=0+-10  | 14140    | 1409-1/40-6836R-B  |
| A5R5                  | 0811-3206      | 5   | 1   | RESISTOR 2.162K .1% .05W PWM TC=0+-10  | 14140    | 1409-1/40-2162R-B  |
| A5R6                  | 1810-0206      | 8   | 1   | NETWORK-RES 8-SIP10.0K OHM X 7         | 01121    | 288A183            |
| A5R7                  | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F   |
| A5R8                  | 0757-0442      | 9   |     | RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100      | 24546    | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F   |
| A5U1                  | 1820-1971      | 7   | 2   | IC SWITCH ANLG QUAD 16-DIP-P PKG       | 17856    | DG201CJ            |
| A5U2                  | 1820-1971      | 7   |     | IC SWITCH ANLG QUAD 16-DIP-P PKG       | 17856    | DG201CJ            |
| A5VR1                 | 1902-3082      | 9   | 1   | DIODE-ZNR 4.64V 5% DO-35 PD=.4W        | 28480    | 1902-3082          |
| A5W1                  | 8120-3230      | 8   | 1   | CABLE ASSY (INCL A5J1,A5P1 AND A5P2)   | 28480    | 8120-3230          |
| A5XA4                 | 1251-1365      | 6   | 1   | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS   | 28480    | 1251-1365          |
| A6                    | 0960-0443      | 1   | 1   | POWER MODULE ASSEMBLY-JADE GRAY        | 28480    | 0960-0443          |

See introduction to this section for ordering information  
 \*Indicates factory selected value

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | C D | Qty | Description  | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number      |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-----|--|----------|----------------------|
|                       |                |     | 2   | CHASSIS PARTS  |          |                      |
| BT1                   | 1420-0096      | 7   | 1   | BATTERY 28.8V 1.2A-HR NI-CD POST (OPTION 001 ONLY)         | 28480    | 1420-0096            |
| C1                    | 0160-4851      | 7   | 1   | CAPACITOR-FXD .022 UF                                      | 28480    | 0160-4851            |
| DS1                   | 3131-0434      | 6   |     | LENS ASSY-PUSHBUTTON TRANSLUCENT WHITE                     | 28480    | 3131-0434            |
| F1                    | 2110-0234      | 9   | 1   | FUSE .1A 250V TD 1.25X.25 UL (FOR 100,120 VAC OPERATION)   | 71400    | MDL 1/10,            |
| F1                    | 2110-0040      | 5   | 1   | FUSE .062A 250V TD 1.25X.25 UL (FOR 220,240 VAC OPERATION) | 28480    | 2110-0040            |
| J1                    |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF W1, SEE MP4 AND MP5                           |          |                      |
| J2                    |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF W3, SEE MP3 AND MP6                           |          |                      |
| J3                    | 1250-0118      | 3   | 2   | CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM                    | 28480    | 1250-0118            |
| J4                    | 1250-0118      | 3   |     | CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM                    | 28480    | 1250-0118            |
| J5                    |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF W6, SEE MP4 AND MP5                           |          |                      |
| J6                    |                |     |     | NSR, PART OF W9, SEE MP3 AND MP6                           |          |                      |
| M1                    | 1120-1513      | 9   | 1   | METER 4.50-IN; 1MA FSD; LINEAR; TAUT                       | 28480    | 1120-1513            |
| MP1                   | 0370-1099      | 4   | 1   | KNOB (CAL FACTOR SWITCH)                                   | 28480    | 0370-1099            |
| MP2                   | 00435-60030    | 3   | 1   | KNOB-SKIRTED, JADE GRAY (RANGE SWITCH)                     | 28480    | 00435-60030          |
|                       | 00435-00013    | 6   | 1   | KNOB-OUTER (BLACK; THREADED)                               | 28480    | 00435-00013          |
|                       | 0350-0148      | 0   | 1   | SCALE RING   | 28480    | 0350-0148            |
|                       | 0350-0149      | 1   | 1   | DECAL-KR SKT TTX1: "100 30 10 3 1 300                      | 28480    | 0350-0149            |
|                       | 0370-1091      | 6   | 1   | KNOB-BASE  | 28480    | 0370-1091            |
|                       | 3030-0332      | 9   | 2   | SCREW-SET 2-56 .094-IN-LG CUP-PT SST                       | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|                       | 00435-00012    | 5   | 1   | KNOB-SKIRT, BLACK  | 28480    | 00435-00012          |
| MP3                   | 0590-0505      | 1   | 1   | NUT-KNRLD-R 5/8-24-THD .125-IN-THK (USED WITH J2)          | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP4                   |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED   |          |                      |
| MP5                   |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED   |          |                      |
| MP6                   | 2190-0036      | 7   | 1   | WASHER-LK INTL T 13/16 IN .818-IN-ID (USED WITH J2 AND J6) | 28480    | 2190-0036            |

See introduction to this section for ordering information  
 \*Indicates factory selected value

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | C D | Qty | Description   | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number      |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-----|---|----------|----------------------|
| MP7                   | 00435-00024    | 9   | 1   | COVER TOP   | 20480    | 00435-00024          |
| MP8                   | 00435-00017    | 0   | 1   | PANEL-REAR  | 20480    | 00435-00017          |
| MP9                   | 5000-8565      | 5   | 2   | COVER SIDE 6 X 11   | 20480    | 5000-8565            |
| MP10                  | 00435-00023    | 8   | 1   | COVER BOTTOM  | 20480    | 00435-00023          |
| MP11                  | 00435-00015    | 8   | 1   | PANEL-FRONT   | 20480    | 00435-00015          |
| MP12                  | 00435-00019    | 2   | 1   | CUSSET-FRONT PANEL  | 20480    | 00435-00019          |
| MP13                  | 5020-8633      | 0   | 1   | METER TRIM THIRD MODULE   | 20480    | 5020-8633            |
| MP14                  | 00435-00016    | 9   | 1   | DECK-SWITCH   | 20480    | 00435-00016          |
| MP15                  | 0403-0131      | 4   | 2   | GUIDE-PC 8D GRA POLYC .062-8D THKNS                                 | 20480    | 0403-0131            |
| MP16                  | 5060-0703      | 3   | 2   | FRAME ASSY: 6 X 11 SM   | 20480    | 5060-0703            |
| MP17                  | 00435-00018    | 1   | 1   | DECK CHASSIS POWER  | 20480    | 00435-00018          |
| MP18                  | 5060-0727      | 1   | 2   | FOOT ASSY-THIRD MODULE  | 20480    | 5060-0727            |
| MP19                  | 6960-0024      | 0   | 1   | PLUG HOLE FL-HD FOR .688-D-HOLE NYL.<br>(EXCEPT OPTION 002 AND 003) | 20480    | 6960-0024            |
| MP20                  | 1420-0031      | 7   | 1   | TILT STAND 2.236-IN-W 4.438-IN-DA-LG SST                            | 20480    | 1420-0031            |
| MP21                  | 5040-0700      | 8   | 2   | HINGE   | 20480    | 5040-0700            |
| MP22                  | 6960-0027      | 3   | 1   | PLUG HOLE FL-HD FOR .625-D-HOLE NYL.<br>(EXCEPT OPTION 003)         | 20480    | 6960-0027            |
| MP23                  | 2360-0192      | 7   | 1   | SCREW MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG                                   | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP24                  | 2360-0194      | 9   | 2   | SCREW MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 100 DEG                                  | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP25                  | 7120-1254      | 1   | 2   | NAMPLATE .312-IN-WD .54-IN-LG AL                                    | 20480    | 7120-1254            |
| MP26                  | 2360-0116      | 5   | 18  | SCREW MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG                                   | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP27                  | 2360-0120      | 1   | 4   | SCREW MACH 6-32 .438-IN-LG 82 DEG                                   | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP28                  | 0590-0052      | 3   | 4   | NUT-SHMIT-3 TP 6-32-THD .5 WD STL                                   | 20480    | 0590-0052            |
| MP29                  | 0590-0039      | 6   | 4   | NUT-SHMIT 6-32 THD .28-WD STL                                       | 20480    | 0590-0039            |

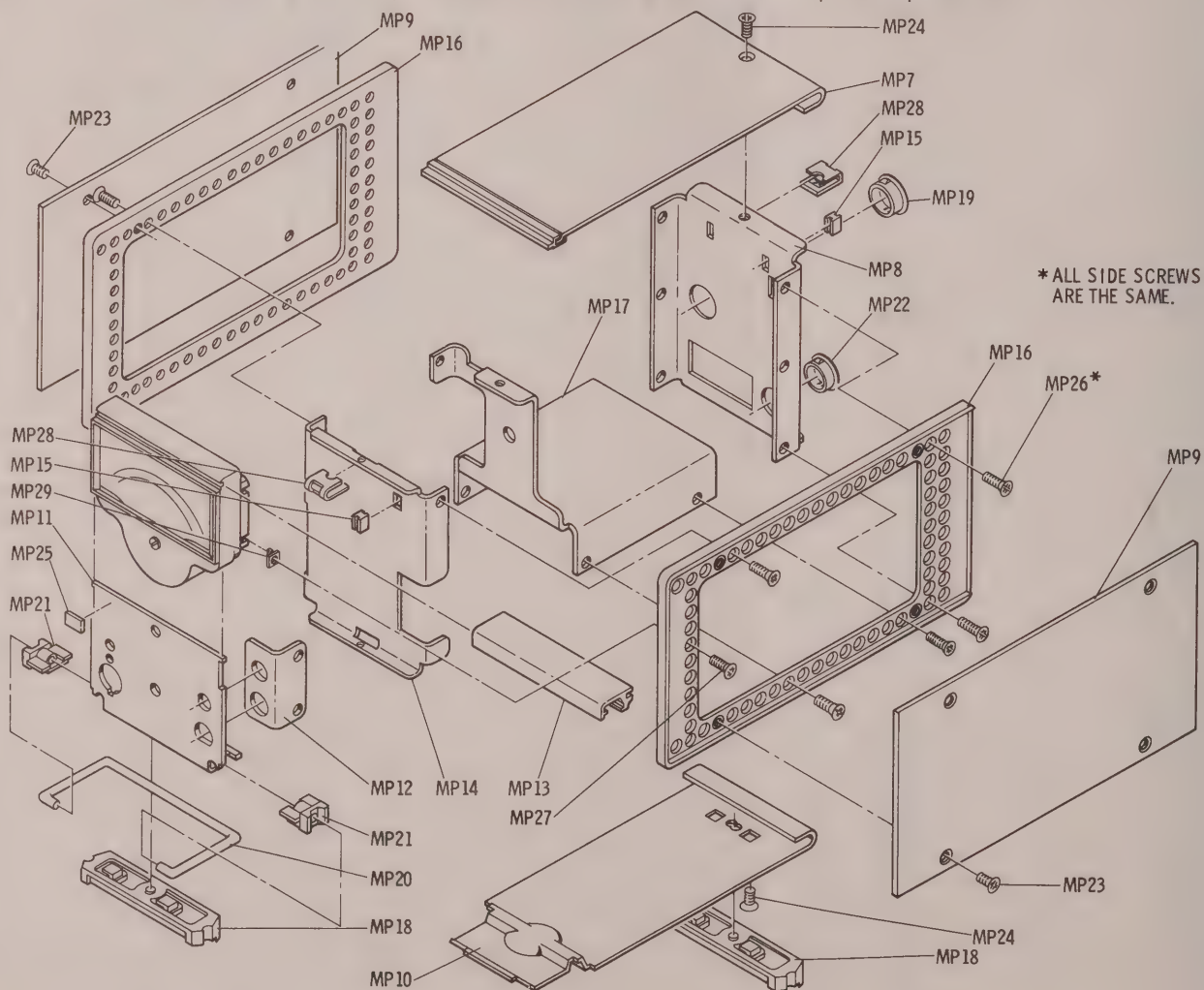


Figure 6-1. Cabinet Parts, Exploded View

See introduction to this section for ordering information

\*Indicates factory selected value

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | C D | Qty | Description  | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number      |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-----|--|----------|----------------------|
| MP30                  | 0360-0042      | 4   | 2   | TERMINAL-SLDR LUG PL-MTG FOR-#6-SCR  | 28480    | 0360-0042            |
| MP31                  | 00435-00009    | 0   | 1   | CLAMP-BATTERY (OPT. 001 ONLY)  | 28480    | 00435-00009          |
| MP32                  | 2360-0115      | 4   | 6   | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI   | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP33                  | 7120-3738      | 0   | 1   | LABEL-INFO (WARNING "HIGH VOLTAGE")  | 28480    | 7120-3738            |
|                       | 00432-0011     | 5   | 1   | FRAME BRACKET  | 28480    | 00432-0011           |
|                       | 2360-0116      | 5   | 2   | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG  | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP34                  | 3050-0253      | 5   | 1   | WASHER-SPR CRVD NO. 10 .195-IN-ID  | 28480    | 3050-0253            |
| P1                    |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED   |          |                      |
| P2                    | 1251-3537      | 8   | 2   | CONNECTOR 10-PIN F POST TYPE   | 28480    | 1251-3537            |
| P3                    | 1251-3966      | 7   | 14  | CONTACT-CONN U/W POST-TYPE FEM CRP   | 28480    | 1251-3966            |
|                       | 1251-3537      | 8   |     | CONNECTOR 10-PIN F POST TYPE   | 28480    | 1251-3537            |
|                       | 1251-3966      | 7   |     | CONTACT-CONN U/W POST-TYPE FEM CRP   | 28480    | 1251-3966            |
| P4-<br>P9<br>P10      |                |     | 1   | NOT ASSIGNED   |          |                      |
|                       | 1250-0665      | 5   | 1   | CONNECTOR-RF SMC FEM UNMTD 50-OHM<br>(PART OF W3 OR W9)                        | 28480    | 1250-0665            |
| R1                    | 2100-3797      | 4   | 1   | RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 22-TRN  | 32997    | 3057J-1-103M         |
| R2                    | 0757-0459      | 8   | 1   | RESISTOR 56.2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100  | 24546    | C4 1/8-T0-5622-F     |
| S1                    |                |     |     | NSR, P/D W2  |          |                      |
| S2                    | 3101-2055      | 8   | 1   | SWITCH-PUSHBUTTON SPDT (ZERO)  | 28480    | 3101-2055            |
|                       | 3131-0439      | 1   | 1   | CAP-PUSHBUTTON   | 28480    | 3131-0439            |
| S3                    | 3101-0415      | 0   | 1   | SWITCH-SL DPDT MINTR .5A 125VAC/DC<br>(POWER REF, SWITCH)                      | 28480    | 3101-0415            |
| T1                    | 9100-0424      | 5   | 1   | TRANSFORMER-POWER 100/120/220/240V   | 28480    | 9100-0424            |
|                       | 2360-0115      | 4   |     | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI   | 00000    | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| W1                    | 00435-60037    | 0   | 1   | CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY-RF INPUT<br>(INCL J1-OMITTED ON OPT. 003)                   | 28480    | 00435-60037          |
|                       | 1251-3362      | 7   |     | NUT-AUDIO CONN   | 28480    | 1251-3362            |
|                       | 00436-20014    | 0   |     | WASHER-CONNECTOR MOUNT   | 28480    | 00436-20014          |
| W2                    | 00435-60038    | 1   | 1   | CABLE ASSY-PRI PW (INCL. S1 & R2)  | 28480    | 00435-60038          |
| W3                    | 00435-60041    | 6   | 1   | CABLE-RF OSCILLATOR (INCL. J2 & P10<br>OMITTED ON OPT. 003)                    | 28480    | 00435-60041          |
| W4                    | 8120-2260      | 2   | 1   | CABLE-POWER SENSOR 15.2 METRES<br>(OPTION 011 ONLY)                            | 28480    | 8120-2260            |
| W4                    | 8120-2661      | 7   | 1   | CABLE-POWER SENSOR 30.5 METRES<br>(OPTION 012 ONLY)                            | 28480    | 8120-2661            |
| W4                    | 8120-2262      | 4   | 1   | CABLE-POWER SENSOR 61 METRES<br>(OPTION 013 ONLY)                              | 28480    | 8120-2262            |
| W4                    | 8120-2263      | 5   | 1   | CABLE-POWER SENSOR 1.5 METRES (STD.)<br>(OMIT ON OPT. 009,010,011,012 AND 013) | 28480    | 8120-2263            |
| W4                    | 8120-2264      | 6   | 1   | CABLE-POWER SENSOR 3.1 METRES<br>(OPTION 009 ONLY)                             | 28480    | 8120-2264            |
| W4                    | 8120-2265      | 7   | 1   | CABLE-POWER SENSOR 6.1 METRES<br>(OPTION 010 ONLY)                             | 28480    | 8120-2265            |
| W5                    | 8120-1378      | 1   | 1   | CABLE ASSY 18AWG 3-CNDCT JGK-JKT   | 28480    | 8120-1378            |
| W6                    | 00435-60039    | 2   | 1   | CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY-RF INPUT  | 28480    | 00435-60039          |
|                       | 1251-3362      | 7   |     | NUT-AUDIO CONN   | 28480    | 1251-3362            |
|                       | 00436-20014    | 0   |     | WASHER-CONNECTOR MOUNT   | 28480    | 00436-20014          |
| W7                    |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED   |          |                      |
| W8                    |                |     |     | NOT ASSIGNED   |          |                      |
| W9                    | 00435-60032    | 5   | 1   | CABLE-RF OSCILLATOR (INCL. J6 & P10;<br>OPT. 003 ONLY)                         | 28480    | 00435-60032          |

See introduction to this section for ordering information  
 \*Indicates factory selected value

Table 6-3. Code List of Manufacturers'

| Mfr Code | Manufacturer Name                   | Address          | Zip Code |
|----------|-------------------------------------|------------------|----------|
| 00000    | ANY SATISFACTORY SUPPLIER           |                  |          |
| 01121    | ALLEN-BRADLEY CO                    | MILWAUKEE WI     | 53204    |
| 01295    | TEXAS INSTR INC SEMICOND CMPNT DIV  | DALLAS TX        | 75222    |
| 02111    | SPECTROL ELECTRONICS CORP           | CITY OF IND CA   | 91745    |
| 03508    | GE CO SEMICONDUCTOR PROD DEPT       | AUBURN NY        | 13201    |
| 04713    | MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS     | PHOENIX AZ       | 85008    |
| 06665    | PRECISION MONOLITHICS INC           | SANTA CLARA CA   | 95050    |
| 14140    | EDISON ELEK DIV MCGRAW-EDISON       | MANCHESTER NH    | 03130    |
| 17856    | SILICONIX INC                       | SANTA CLARA CA   | 95054    |
| 19701    | MEPCO/ELECTRA CORP                  | MINERAL WELLS TX | 76067    |
| 20940    | MICRO-OHM CORP                      | EL MONTE CA      | 91731    |
| 24046    | TRANSITRON ELECTRONIC CORP          | WAKEFIELD MA     | 01880    |
| 24546    | CORNING GLASS WORKS (BRADFORD)      | BRADFORD PA      | 16701    |
| 28480    | HEWLETT-PACKARD CO CORPORATE HQ     | PALO ALTO CA     | 94304    |
| 3L505    | RCA CORP SOLID STATE DIV            | SOMERVILLE NJ    |          |
| 32997    | BOURNS INC TRIMPOT PROD DIV         | RIVERSIDE CA     | 92507    |
| 56289    | SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO                 | NORTH ADAMS MA   | 01247    |
| 71400    | BUSSMAN MFG DIV OF MCGRAW-EDISON CO | ST LOUIS MO      | 63107    |
| 73138    | BECKMAN INSTRUMENTS INC HELIPOT DIV | FULLERTON CA     | 92634    |

## SECTION VII MANUAL CHANGES

### 7-1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains instructions for backdating this manual for HP Model 435B Power Meters that have serial number prefixes that are lower than the prefix listed on the title page.

### 7-2. MANUAL CHANGES

To adapt this manual to your instrument, refer to Table 7-1 and make all of the manual changes

listed opposite your instrument's serial number or prefix.

If your instrument's serial number or prefix is not listed on the title page of this manual or in Table 7-1, it may be documented in a yellow MANUAL CHANGES supplement. For additional important information about serial number coverage, refer to INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL in Section I.

Table 7-1. Manual Changes by Serial Number

| Serial Prefix or Number | Make Manual Changes |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| 2005A, 2041U            | A                   |

### 7-3. Manual Change Instructions

#### CHANGE A

Table 6-2:

Add the following capacitors:

A4C31-33, 40-47 and 50 0160-3879 CD7 CAPACITOR-FXD .01  $\mu$ F  $\pm 20\%$  100 VDC CER 28480 0160-3879.

A4C34-37, 48-49 0160-3877 CD5 CAPACITOR-FXD 100 pF  $\pm 20\%$  200 VDC CER 28480 0160-3877.

A4C38 0160-4306 CD7 CAPACITOR-FXD 100 pF  $\pm 10\%$  100 VDC CER 51959 0805C 101K3P.

Service Sheet 2 (schematic):

On the J1 and J5 Connector Assemblies (left side of service sheet) add a capacitor from each pin (C, D, E, L) to ground.


Add the following capacitors on the A4 Assembly (left side of schematic):

C31 0.01  $\mu$ F between pins 5 and 6 of U4B.

C32 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 3 of U1 to -12 volts.


C33 0.1  $\mu$ F from pin 4 of U1 to +12 volts.


C38 100 pF between pins 2 and 3 of U1.


C50 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 7 of U1 to ground 1 (  ).


Add the following capacitors on the A4 Assembly (center of schematic):

C36 100 pF between pins 3 and 2 of U2.

C42 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 7 of U2 to ground 3 (  ).

C43 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 7 of U3 to ground 3 (  ).

C44 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 4 of U2 to ground 3 (  ).

C45 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 4 of U3 to ground 3 (  ).


C48 100 pF between pins 2 and 3 of U3.


**CHANGE A (cont'd)**


Service Sheet 2 (schematic) (cont'd):

Add the following capacitors on the A4 Assembly (right side of schematic):

C34 100 pF between the drain (D) and source (S) of Q7.

C35 100 pF from the source (S) of Q7 to ground 2 (  ).

C40 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 8 of U4A to ground 1 (  ).

C41 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 4 of U4A to ground 1 (  ).

C49 100 pF between pins 2 and 3 of U4A.

Service Sheet 3 (schematic):

Add the following capacitors on the A4 Assembly (center of schematic):

C37 100 pF between pins 2 and 3 of U5.

C46 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 7 of U5 to ground.

C47 0.01  $\mu$ F from pin 4 of U5 to ground.

## SECTION VIII SERVICE

### 8-1. INTRODUCTION

Service information is provided in this section. General service information relates to troubleshooting. Repair information relates to performance testing and adjustments after repairs are made. Each service sheet includes principles of operation and troubleshooting information, a component location diagram and a schematic diagram.

The last foldout in the manual shows the location of each assembly, chassis mounted component and adjustable component.

### 8-2. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Although this instrument has been designed in accordance with international safety standards, this manual contains information, cautions and warnings which must be followed to avoid personal injury and damage to the instrument (see Sections II, III, and V). Service and adjustments should be performed only by qualified service personnel.

#### WARNINGS

*Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnection of the protective earth terminal is likely to make the instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.*

*Maintenance described herein is performed with power supplied to the instrument and with the protective covers removed. Such maintenance should be performed only by service-trained personnel who are aware of the hazards involved (for example, fire and electrical shock). Where maintenance can be performed without power supplied, the power should be removed.*

*Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.*

*For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse only with a 250V fuse of the same current rating and type (for example, slow blow, time delay, etc.). Do not use repaired fuses or short circuited fuseholders.*

*Whenever it is likely that this protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.*

*The service information is often used with power supplied and protective covers removed from the instrument. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.*

### 8-3. SERVICE SHEETS

Each service sheet normally includes principles of operation and troubleshooting information, a component location diagram and a schematic, all of which apply to a specific portion of circuitry within the instrument.

Service Sheet 1 includes an overview of the instrument operation, troubleshooting on an assembly or stage level and a troubleshooting block diagram. The block diagram also serves as an "index" for the other service sheets.

The Schematic Diagram Notes, Figure 8-5, aid in interpreting the schematics.

### 8-4. Principles of Operation

The operation of the circuitry shown by the schematic diagram is explained in the Principles of Operation. This information is outlined by using assembly and stage names. These names also separate circuit areas on the schematic diagrams.

### 8-5. Troubleshooting

This information is in the form of hints and suggestions pertaining to problems one may encounter while troubleshooting the Power Meter. The troubleshooting information is located on the left-hand foldout of the service sheet following the Principles of Operation.

### Troubleshooting (Cont'd)

On Service Sheet 1, a malfunction is isolated to an assembly or stage. After turning to the appropriate service sheet, troubleshooting continues on a stage and/or component level.

DC voltages and, in some cases, ac voltages and waveforms are included on the schematics. Test points are physically located on printed circuit

boards and have assigned reference designators and symbols on the schematics. The waveforms and/or voltages refer to the test points and other important circuit junctions.

A circuit board extender, which provides easy access for troubleshooting, is shown in Figure 8-1. The extender may be ordered through your nearest HP office. Refer to Equipment Available in Section I.

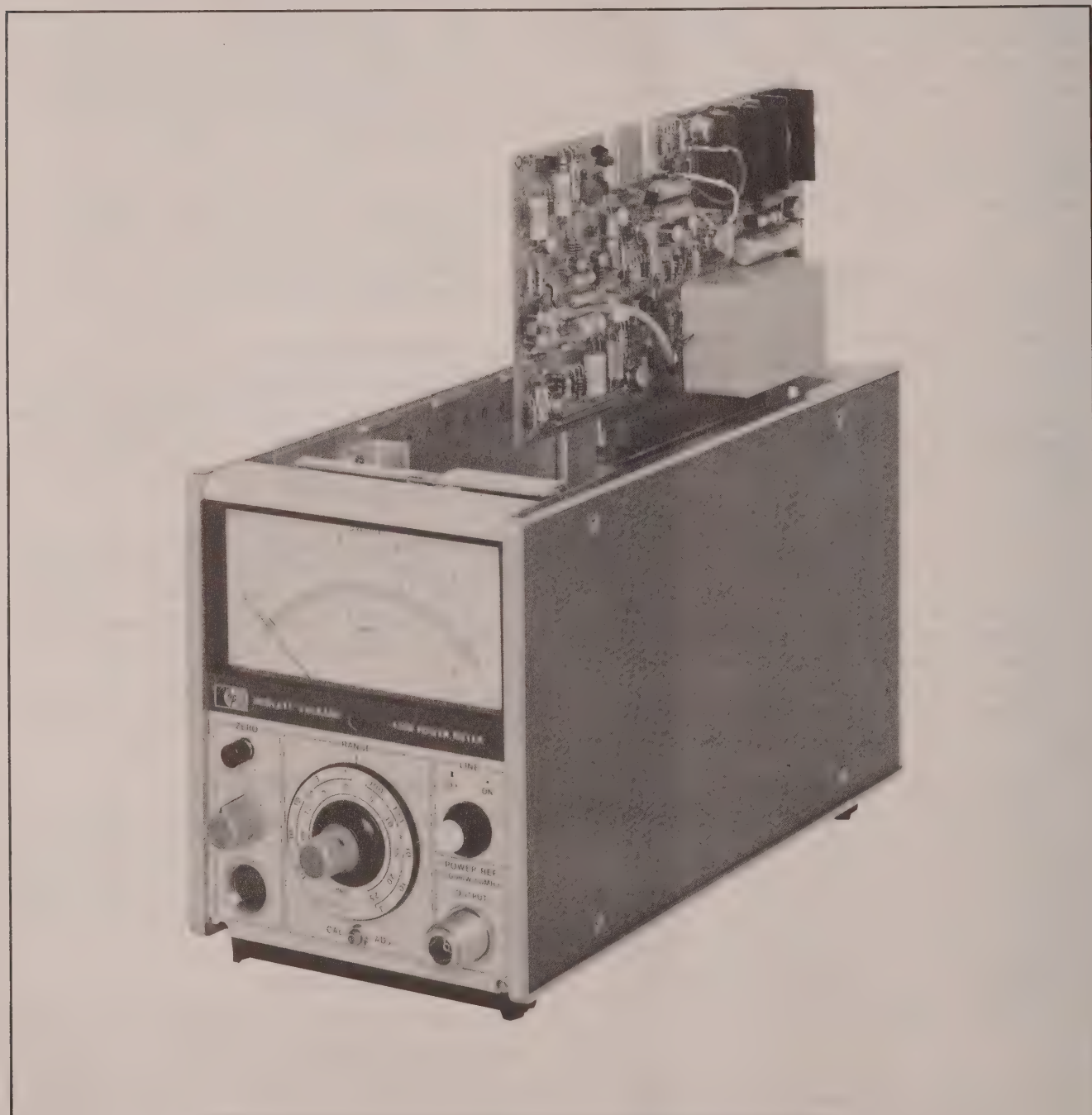


Figure 8-1. A4 Assembly Extended for Service

## 8-6. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

Equipment recommended in Table 1-2 should be used for testing and troubleshooting the Power Meter to ensure that it is operating within the specifications listed in Table 1-1. Test equipment that meets or exceeds the critical specifications listed may be used in place of recommended equipment.

## 8-7. REPAIR

After repairing any circuitry within the Power Meter, refer to Section V and perform the adjustments.

Perform the tests in Section IV to ensure that the instrument is operating within the specified limits.

### NOTE

*If the A3 Power Reference Assembly is repaired, see the Power Reference Output test in Section IV for instructions on setting the power output level.*

## 8-8. GENERAL SERVICE INFORMATION

### 8-9. Etched Circuit Boards

The etched circuit boards used in Hewlett-Packard equipment are the plated-through type consisting of metallic conductors bonded to both sides of an insulating material. The metallic conductors are extended through the component holes or interconnect holes by a plating process. Soldering can be performed on either side of the board with equally good results. Table 8-1 lists recommended tools and materials for use in repairing etched circuit boards. Following are recommendations and precautions pertinent to etched circuit repair work.

- a. Avoid unnecessary component substitution; it can result in damage to the circuit board and/or adjacent components.
- b. Do not use a high power soldering iron on etched circuit boards. Excessive heat may lift a conductor or damage the board or a component.

### CAUTION

*Do not use a sharp metal object such as an awl or twist drill to remove solder*

*from component mounting holes. Sharp objects may damage the plated-through conductor.*

- c. Use a suction device or wooden toothpick to remove solder from component mounting holes.
- d. After soldering, remove excess flux from the soldered areas and apply a protective coating to prevent contamination and corrosion.

## 8-10. Component Replacement

The following procedures are recommended when component replacement is necessary:

- a. Remove defective component from board.
- b. If component was unsoldered, remove solder from mounting holes with a suction device or a wooden toothpick.
- c. Shape leads of replacement component to match mounting hole spacing.

### NOTE

*Although not recommended when both sides of the circuit board are accessible, axial lead components such as resistors and tubular capacitors can be replaced without unsoldering. Clip leads near body or defective component, remove component and straighten leads left in board. Wrap leads of replacement component one turn around original leads. Solder wrapped connection and clip off excess lead.*

- d. Insert component leads into mounting holes and position component as original was positioned. Do not force leads into mounting holes; sharp lead ends may damage the plated-through conductor.

## 8-11. Operational Amplifiers

The source of gain in an operational amplifier can be characterized as an ideal, differential voltage amplifier having low output impedance, high input impedance, and very high differential gain. The output of an operational amplifier is proportional to the difference in the voltages applied to the two input terminals. In use, the amplifier output drives the input voltage difference close to zero through a feedback path.

Table 8-1. Etched Circuit Soldering Equipment

| Item  | Use   | Specification  | Item Recommended   |
|---|---|--|--|
| Soldering tool  | Soldering<br>Unsoldering  | Wattage rating: 47½—56½<br>Tip Temp: 850—900 degrees                             | Ungar No. 776 handle with<br>*Ungar No. 4037 Heating<br>Unit |
| Soldering tip*  | Soldering<br>Unsoldering  | *Shape: pointed  | *Ungar No. PL111   |
| De-soldering Aid  | To remove molten solder from connection   | Suction device   | Soldapult by Edsyn Co.<br>Arleta, California                 |
| Resin (flux)  | Remove excess flux from soldered area before application of protective coating. | Must not dissolve etched circuit base board material or conductor bonding agent. | Freon, Aceton, Lacquer Thinner, Isopropyl Alcohol (100% dry) |
| Solder  | Component replacement<br>Circuit board repair<br>Wiring                         | Resin (flux) core, high tin content (60/40 tin/lead), 18 gauge (SWG) preferred   |  |
| Protective coating  | Contamination, corrosion protection   | Good electrical insulation, corrosion-prevention properties                      | Silicone Resin such as GE DRI-FILM**88                       |
| <p>*For working on etched boards; for general purpose work, use Ungar No. 1237 Heating Unit (37.5W, tip temperature of 750—800 degrees) and Ungar No. PL113, 1/8-inch chisel tip.</p> <p>**General Electric Co., Silicone Products Dept., Waterford, New York, U.S.A.</p> |   |  |  |

### Operational Amplifiers (Cont'd)

When troubleshooting an operational amplifier circuit, measure the voltages at the two inputs; the difference between these voltages should be less than 10 mV. (Note: This troubleshooting procedure will not work for operational amplifiers which are configured as comparators.) A difference voltage much greater than 10 mV indicates trouble in the amplifier or its external circuitry. Usually, this difference will be several volts and one of the inputs will be very close to one of the supply voltages (e.g., +12V or -12V).

Next, check the amplifier's output voltage. It will probably also be close to one of the supply voltages (e.g., ground, +12V, or -12V). Check to see that the output conforms to the inputs. For example, if the inverting input is more positive than the non-inverting input, the output should be negative; if the non-inverting input is more positive than the inverting input, the output should be positive. If the output conforms to the inputs, check the amplifier's external circuitry. If the amplifier's output does not conform to its inputs, it is probably defective.

Figures 8-2, 8-3, and 8-4 show typical operational amplifier configurations. Figure 8-2 shows a non-inverting buffer amplifier with a gain of 1. Figure 8-3 is a non-inverting amplifier with gain determined by R1 and R2. Figure 8-4 is an inverting amplifier with a gain determined by R1 and R2.

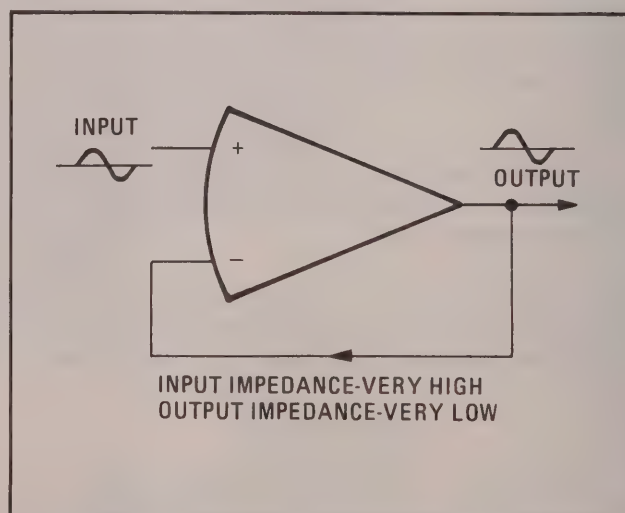
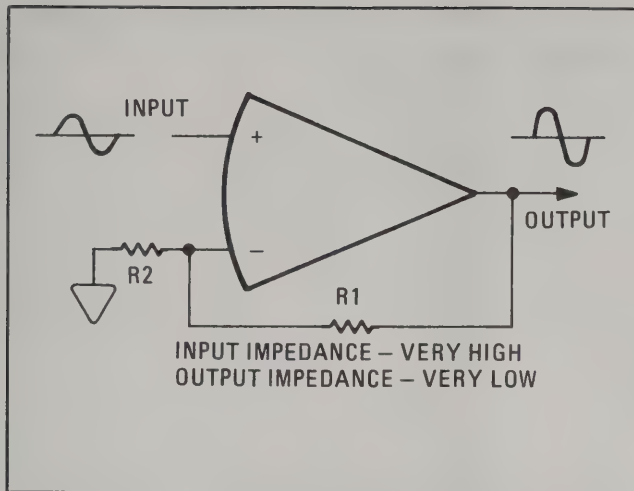
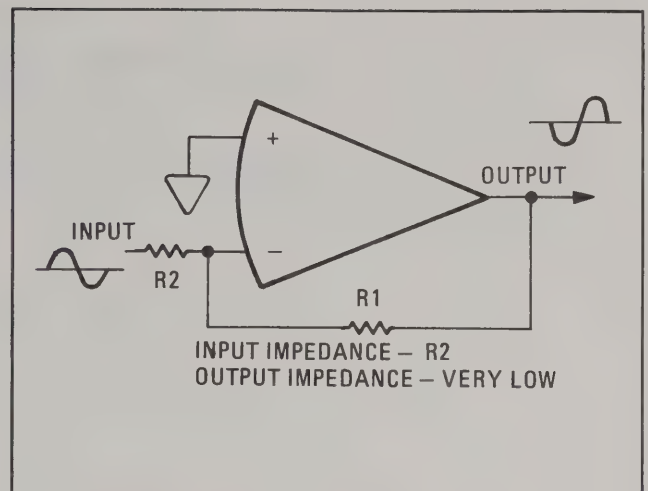


Figure 8-2. Non-Inverting Amplifier (Gain = 1)

Figure 8-3. Non-Inverting Amplifier (Gain =  $1 + R_1/R_2$ )Figure 8-4. Inverting Amplifier (Gain =  $-R_1/R_2$ )

## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES

## SWITCH DESIGNATIONS

EXAMPLE: A3S1AR(2-1/2)

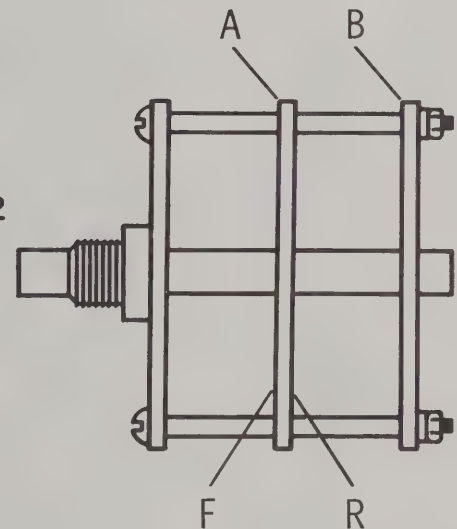
A3S1 = SWITCH S1 WITHIN  
ASSEMBLY A3A = 1ST WAFER FROM  
FRONT (A=1ST, ETC)R = REAR OF WAFER  
(F=FRONT)(2-1/2) = TERMINAL LOCATION  
(2-1/2) (VIEWED FROM  
FRONT)

Figure 8-5. Schematic Diagram Notes (1 of 3)

## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES

















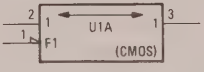
|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| *   | Asterisk denotes a factory-selected value. Value shown is typical. Part might be omitted.  |   |
|    | Tool-aided adjustment.   |  Manual control.                                       |
|    | Encloses front-panel designation.  |   |
|    | Encloses rear-panel designation.   |   |
|    | Circuit assembly borderline.   |   |
|    | Other assembly borderline. Also used to indicate mechanical interconnection (ganging).   |   |
|    | Heavy line with arrows indicates path and direction of main signal.  |   |
|    | Heavy dashed line with arrows indicates path and direction of main feedback.   |   |
|    | Wiper moves toward CW with clockwise rotation of control (as viewed from shaft or knob).   |   |
|   | Numbered Test point.<br>Measurement aid provided.  |  Lettered Test point.<br>No measurement aid provided. |
|  | Encloses wire color code. Code used is the same as the resistor color code. First number identifies the base color, second number identifies the wider stripe, third number identifies the narrower stripe. Eg., (947) denotes white base, yellow wide stripe, violet narrow stripe. |   |
|  | A direct conducting connection to the earth, or a conducting connection to a structure that has a similar function (e.g., the frame of an air, sea or land vehicle).   |   |
|  | A conducting connection to a chassis or frame.   |   |
|  | Common connections. All like-designated points are connected.  |   |
|  | Letter = off-page connection.<br>Number = Service Sheet number for off-page connection.  |   |
|  | Bilateral switch — acts as an on/off switch to analog signals when the input marked F is active.   |   |

Figure 8-5. Schematic Diagram Notes (2 of 3)

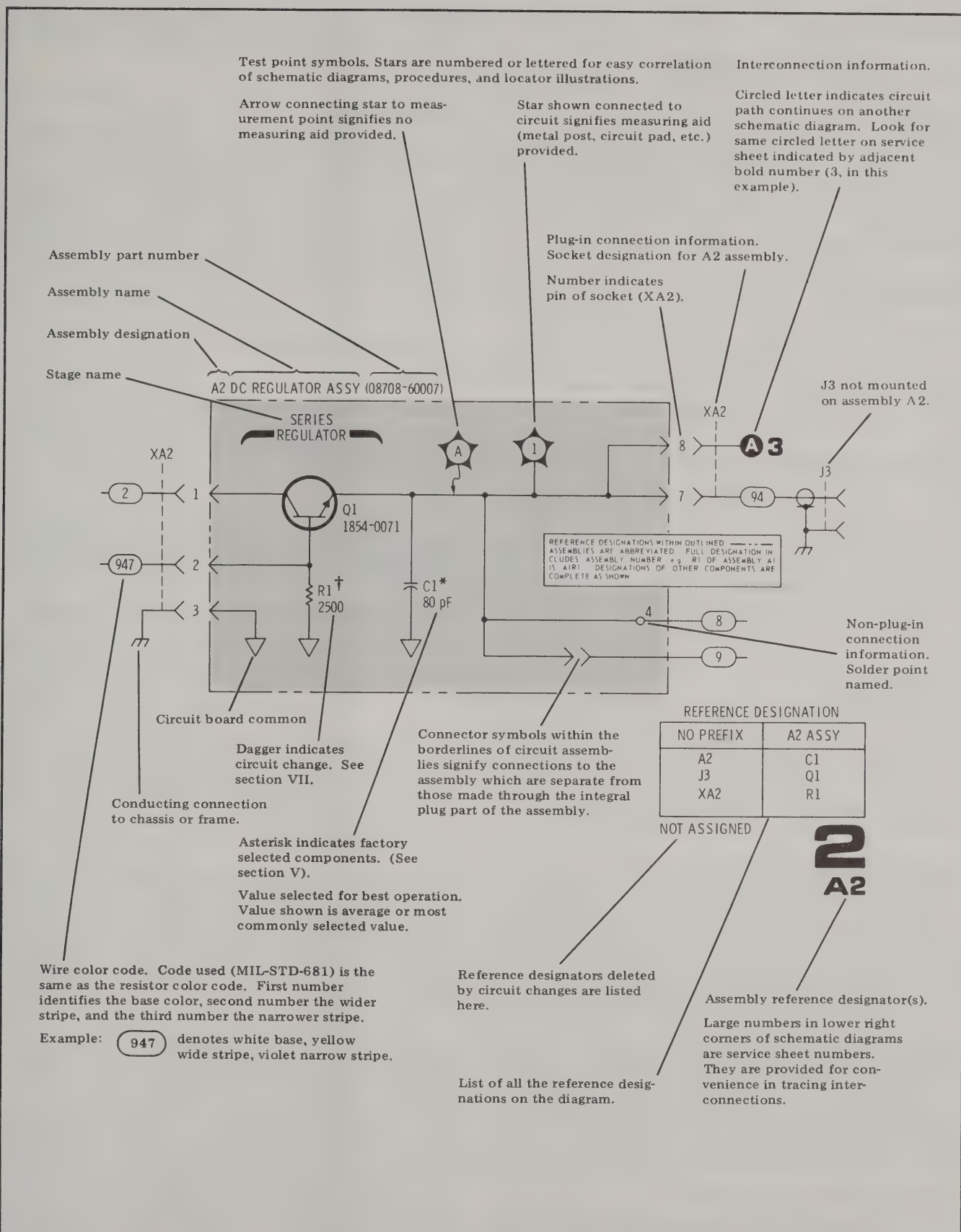


Figure 8-5. Schematic Diagram Notes (3 of 3)

## SERVICE SHEET 1

### PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

#### General

The Power Meter and a compatible power sensor are used to measure RF power levels. For example, the power range of the HP Model 8481A is from  $-35$  to  $+20$  dBm ( $\approx 0.3 \mu\text{W}$  to  $100 \text{ mW}$ ) into  $50 \Omega$ ; the frequency range is from  $10 \text{ MHz}$  to  $18 \text{ GHz}$ .

#### Power Sensor

The power sensing device dissipates the input RF energy into  $50 \text{ ohms}$  and produces a dc voltage proportional to the power level. This dc voltage is sampled creating an ac signal which is coupled to the Input Amplifier for amplification.

#### AC Amplifiers/Range Switch

The ac signal is amplified by the power sensor's Input Amplifier and the Power Meter's First, Second and Third Amplifiers. The RANGE switch attenuators, which are placed between the First and Second and Second and Third amplifiers, are used to set the range-to-range gain of the Power Meter amplifiers.

#### DC Circuits

The Synchronous Detector converts the ac signal back to dc. The output is coupled to the DC Amplifier via a Low Pass Filter network. The DC Amplifier drives the meter, the Servo Amplifier and possibly an external device through the RECORDER OUTPUT jack.

#### Servo Amplifier/Auto Zero

The Servo Amplifier amplifies the DC Amplifier output. When the front panel ZERO switch is pressed, the Servo Amplifier output is connected to the Auto Zero circuits completing the automatic zeroing feedback loop. The Auto Zero dc output voltage (error signal) is added to the ambient temperature output of the power sensor's power sensing device. The polarity of the error signal and the feedback loop gain force the DC Amplifier output to ground potential after five seconds. When the ZERO switch is released, the Auto Zero circuits hold the error signal constant.

#### Power Reference Assembly

The A3 Power Reference Assembly contains a  $50 \text{ MHz}$  oscillator with an ALC loop capable of pro-

viding an exceptionally stable output level. The calibrated output is  $1 \text{ mW} \pm 0.70\%$  at  $50 \pm 5 \text{ MHz}$ .

#### Power Supply

The Power Supply is a  $24\text{V}$  series regulator with a shunt regulator coupled across the output. The shunt regulator places ground potential midway between the  $24\text{V}$  potential difference thus providing supply outputs of  $+12$  and  $-12 \text{ Vdc}$ . The battery charging and test circuits are automatically operative with the battery installed.

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### General

Before beginning to troubleshoot the Power Meter, remove the cover from the right side of the instrument and measure the power supply voltages at TP9 and TP10.

When a malfunctioning component is isolated to an assembly or stage, refer to the appropriate Service Sheet for component level troubleshooting.

#### Block Diagram Troubleshooting Conditions

The waveforms and voltages shown are normal when operating under the following conditions.

#### NOTE

*To exhibit the correct waveforms in the RANGE positions shown, the power sensor (as part of the measurement system) must measure power from  $-35$  to  $+20 \text{ dBm}$  ( $50 \Omega$ ).*

**a. POWER METER AND SENSOR.** Set the Power Meter's RANGE switch to the  $1 \text{ mW}$  position; CAL FACTOR switch to  $100\%$  and the rear panel POWER REF switch to (ON). Connect the power sensor to the Power Meter's POWER REF OUTPUT jack.

**b. POWER METER AND HP MODEL 11683A RANGE CALIBRATOR.** Set the Power Meter's RANGE switch to the  $1 \text{ mW}$  position and CAL FACTOR switch to  $100\%$ . Set the Range Calibrator's RANGE switch to  $1 \text{ mW}$ , POLARITY switch to NORMAL and FUNCTION switch to STANDBY. Connect the Range Calibrator to the Power Meter with the power sensor cable. Set the Range Calibrate FUNCTION switch to CALIBRATE.

## SERVICE SHEET 1

### AC Amplifiers

If the waveform and rect, it must be determined is in the Power Meter. Substitution will quiet the instrument. If a spare range calibrator is not available, consult the troubleshooting information in Service Sheet 2. Also check the input (TP7 and TP8) of

## SERVICE SHEET 2 (Cont'd)

An increased noise level may be caused by C1, C6 or C30 line noise filters.

Range-to-range inaccuracy between the 100 mW range and another range may be due to a shaping circuit defect.

### Range Switch

Range-to-range inaccuracy which is caused by the RANGE switch attenuators can easily be isolated by performing one of the Instrumentation Accuracy Performance Tests (refer to Section IV).

### Third Amplifier

Adjust the CAL ADJ control from its present setting to the ccw stop. Then adjust the control to the cw stop. The meter reading will normally change by  $\pm 2$  dB ( $> 4$  dB from stop to stop). The ac voltage at TP4 will change from the nominal setting to approximately  $-35\%$  (ccw stop) and  $+70\%$  (cw stop).

### Synchronous Detector

The phase change of the 220 Hz signal between the power sensor's sampling gate and the Synchronous Detector cannot be measured directly because the detector output is dc rather than ac. However, the phase difference at TP4 (the input to the detector circuit) can be measured. Because the phase change between TP4 and the detector is known, the phase relationship between the drive signal (TP7) and the TP4 signal indicates the total phase shift through the ac amplifiers. This is the step-by-step procedure for checking phase shift.

- a. Set the Power Meter and (if used) the range calibrator controls as shown in the general troubleshooting information above.
- b. Connect the oscilloscope's vertical inputs to the 220 Hz drive (TP7) through a divide-by-ten probe (Channel B) and to TP4 through a one-to-one probe (Channel A).
- c. Set the oscilloscope controls as follows: Channel A sensitivity to 0.05V/division with ac coupling, Channel B sensitivity to 0.2V/division, horizontal sweep to 0.5 ms/division and the display mode to Channel A and B, chopped with triggering from B.
- d. Adjust the vertical position controls until both traces are symmetrical with respect to the horizontal center line (refer to the typical waveform below).
- e. Set the time base magnifier control to X10. The horizontal scale is now 50  $\mu$ s/division (refer to the expanded waveform below).

## SERVICE SHEET 1

### PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

#### General

The Power Meter and a compatible power sensor are used to measure RF power levels. For example, the power range of the HP Model 8481A is from  $-35$  to  $+20$  dBm ( $\approx 0.3 \mu\text{W}$  to  $100 \text{ mW}$ ) into  $50\Omega$ ; the frequency range is from  $10 \text{ MHz}$  to  $18 \text{ GHz}$ .

#### Power Sensor

The power sensing device dissipates the input RF energy into  $50 \text{ ohms}$  and produces a dc voltage proportional to the power level. This dc voltage is sampled creating an ac signal which is coupled to the Input Amplifier for amplification.

#### AC Amplifiers/Range Switch

The ac signal is amplified by the power sensor's Input Amplifier and the Power Meter's First, Second and Third Amplifiers. The RANGE switch attenuators, which are placed between the First and Second and Second and Third amplifiers, are used to set the range-to-range gain of the Power Meter amplifiers.

#### DC Circuits

The Synchronous Detector converts the ac signal back to dc. The output is coupled to the DC Amplifier via a Low Pass Filter network. The DC Amplifier drives the meter, the Servo Amplifier and possibly an external device through the RECORDER OUTPUT jack.

#### Servo Amplifier/Auto Zero

The Servo Amplifier amplifies the DC Amplifier output. When the front panel ZERO switch is pressed, the Servo Amplifier output is connected to the Auto Zero circuits completing the automatic zeroing feedback loop. The Auto Zero dc output voltage (error signal) is added to the ambient temperature output of the power sensor's power sensing device. The polarity of the error signal and the feedback loop gain force the DC Amplifier output to ground potential after five seconds. When the ZERO switch is released, the Auto Zero circuits hold the error signal constant.

#### Power Reference Assembly

The A3 Power Reference Assembly contains a  $50 \text{ MHz}$  oscillator with an ALC loop capable of pro-

viding an exceptionally stable output level. The calibrated output is  $1 \text{ mW} \pm 0.70\%$  at  $50 \pm 5 \text{ MHz}$ .

#### Power Supply

The Power Supply is a  $24\text{V}$  series regulator with a shunt regulator coupled across the output. The shunt regulator places ground potential midway between the  $24\text{V}$  potential difference thus providing supply outputs of  $+12$  and  $-12 \text{ Vdc}$ . The battery charging and test circuits are automatically operative with the battery installed.

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### General

Before beginning to troubleshoot the Power Meter, remove the cover from the right side of the instrument and measure the power supply voltages at TP9 and TP10.

When a malfunctioning component is isolated to an assembly or stage, refer to the appropriate Service Sheet for component level troubleshooting.

#### Block Diagram Troubleshooting Conditions

The waveforms and voltages shown are normal when operating under the following conditions.

#### NOTE

*To exhibit the correct waveforms in the RANGE positions shown, the power sensor (as part of the measurement system) must measure power from  $-35$  to  $+20 \text{ dBm}$  ( $50 \Omega$ ).*

**a. POWER METER AND SENSOR.** Set the Power Meter's RANGE switch to the  $1 \text{ mW}$  position; CAL FACTOR switch to  $100\%$  and the rear panel POWER REF switch to (ON). Connect the power sensor to the Power Meter's POWER REF OUTPUT jack.

**b. POWER METER AND HP MODEL 11683A RANGE CALIBRATOR.** Set the Power Meter's RANGE switch to the  $1 \text{ mW}$  position and CAL FACTOR switch to  $100\%$ . Set the Range Calibrator's RANGE switch to  $1 \text{ mW}$ , POLARITY switch to NORMAL and FUNCTION switch to STANDBY. Connect the Range Calibrator to the Power Meter with the power sensor cable. Set the Range Calibrate FUNCTION switch to CALIBRATE.



## SERVICE SHEET 2 (Cont'd)

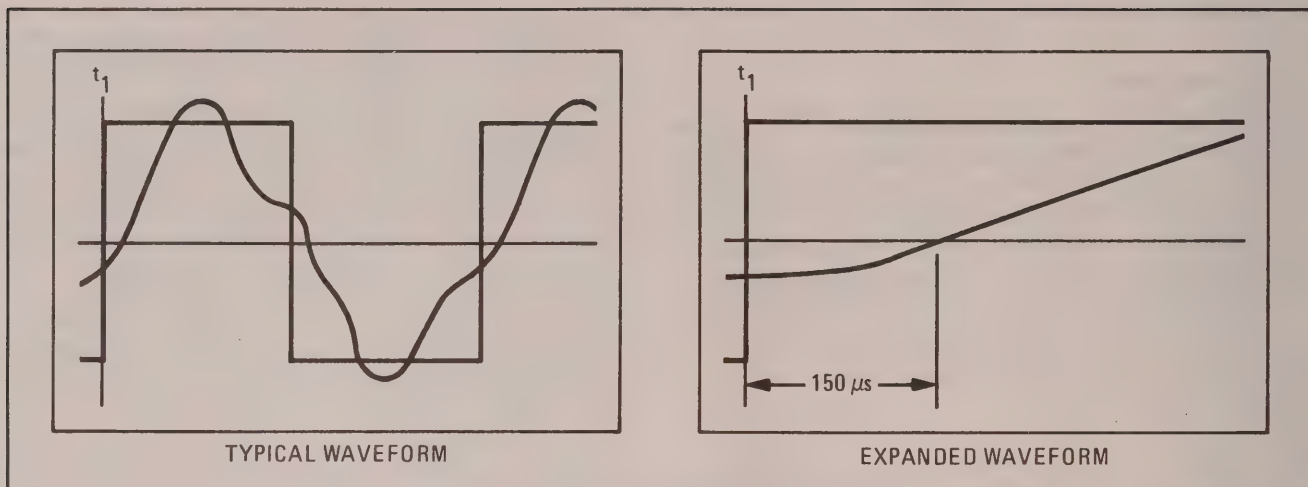


Figure 8-7. Multivibrator/Detector Waveforms

f. Set the Power Meter's rear panel POWER REF switch to OFF or set the range calibrator's FUNCTION switch to STANDBY. With the oscilloscope's Channel A position control, set the trace representing a zero input at TP4 to the grid horizontal center line.

g. Set the Power Meter's POWER REF switch to (ON) or set the range calibrator's FUNCTION switch to CALIBRATE. The zero crossing of the Channel A (TP4) trace should lag the drive signal by  $150 \pm 75 \mu\text{s}$ .

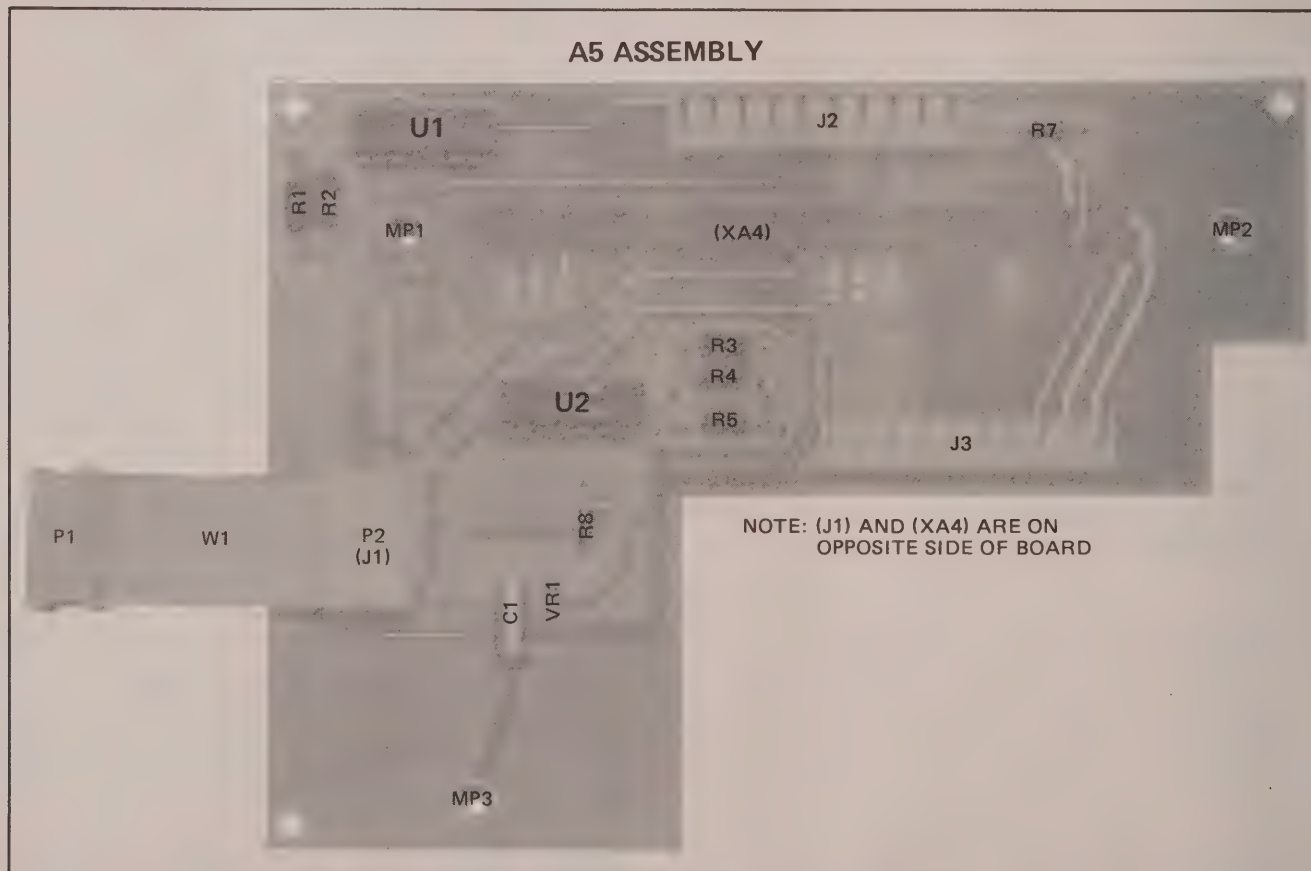
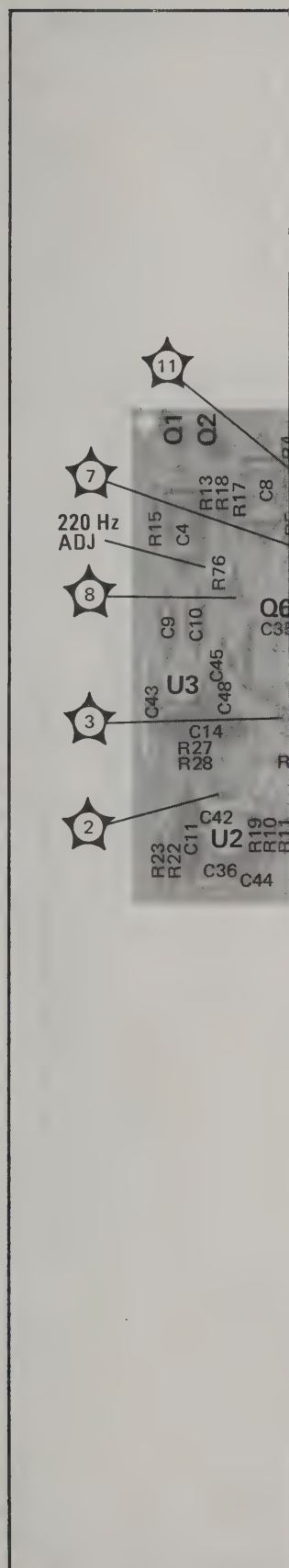


Figure 8-8. A5 Mother Board Component Locations



Figure

## SERVICE SHEET 3 (Cont'd)

### DC Amplifier and Servo Amplifier

Measure the dc input and output voltages. Verify that the amplifier outputs respond properly to the inputs. For troubleshooting operational amplifiers refer to General Service Information in Section VIII. A Servo Amplifier problem will be evident only during the zeroing sequence.

### Auto Zero Assembly

The normal value range of the offset error voltage at TPA is about  $-14$  to  $+14$  mVdc. The power sensing device normally exhibits a slight positive output due to ambient temperature, therefore, the normal correction voltage is slightly negative, hence  $-4$  mVdc.

The voltage measured at TPB will provide an indication of how long the charge is retained on A4A1C1. The voltage should remain virtually unchanged ( $\pm 1$  mVdc) for 24 hours.

If any component on the A4A1 assembly is found to be defective, the entire assembly must be replaced.

## SERVICE SHEET 2

## PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

## General

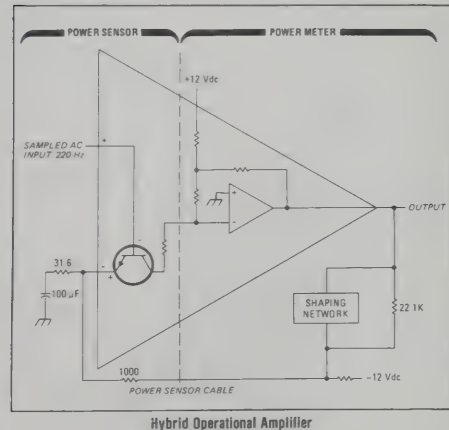
The RF input power coupled to the power sensor is dissipated by the load impedance of the power sensing device. The dc output of the power sensing device is converted to a 220 Hz ac signal by a sampling gate (chopper) circuit. The ac signal, which is proportional to the RF input, is amplified by tuned ac amplifiers in the power sensor and Power Meter. The Synchronous Detector converts the amplified 220 Hz ac signal back to a dc level which also is proportional to the RF input.

The RANGE switch attenuator networks attenuate the ac signal for higher power inputs. This allows equal measurement resolution for high and low power levels. The Synchronous Detector and a sampling gate circuit (in the power sensor) are driven in phase by the 220 Hz Multivibrator.

A4U4B is connected as a voltage follower between the input signal ground and signal ground. This circuit ensures a minimum voltage difference exists between the grounds thereby eliminating the possibility of unreliable readings. High current flow, through the ground return of cables which are greater than 5 feet long, causes the voltage difference.

## First Amplifier

The First Amplifier of the Power Meter and the power sensor's amplifier stage form a low-noise high-gain hybrid operational amplifier (refer to the figure below). The ac gain is approximately 750; dc bias is set by A4R1, R2, R6, R10 and R11.



## SERVICE SHEET 2 (Cont'd)

Diodes A4CR1, CR2, VR1 and VR2 and their associated components are part of a shaping network which compensates for the non-linear output of the power sensor's power sensing device. At RF inputs near the maximum power input (100 mW for Model 8481A), the power sensing device is slightly more efficient and the hybrid amplifier's gain is reduced slightly to provide an overall response that is linear.

The combination of A4C5, R8 and R9 is one of three RC networks in the ac amplifiers which determine the high frequency cutoff (240 Hz) of the 220 ±20 Hz bandpass. A4C1, C6 and C30 are line noise filters.

## Range Switch

The RANGE switch and associated components on the A4 and A5 assemblies form two separate attenuator networks and a low pass filter (the filter is shown and discussed on Service Sheet 3).

With higher power RF inputs, relatively high voltages are coupled to the attenuator inputs. The higher the voltage the more it is attenuated, thus allowing for greater sensitivity needed for low power measurements while providing the needed resolution for each range. The various levels of attenuation permit ten usable range positions from 3 μW to 100 mW (full scale). The following table shows the individual and combined effect of the attenuators on the ac signal.

The bandpass of the ac amplifiers in the Power Meter is approximately 220 ±20 Hz. The lower cutoff frequency (200 Hz) is fixed by the combination of A4C7 with A5R1, A5R2 and A4R19; also A4R15 with A5R3, A5R4, A5R5 and A4R20.

| Range Switch Position | Attenuation                     |                                     |              |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
|                       | Network #1 (A5R1, R2 and A4R19) | Network #2 (A5R3, R4, R5 and A4R20) | Total        |
| 3 μW                  | ÷ 1                             | ÷ 1                                 | ÷ 1          |
| 10 μW                 | ÷ 1                             | ÷ $\sqrt{10}$                       | ÷ $10^{1/2}$ |
| 30 μW                 | ÷ 1                             | ÷ $\sqrt{100}$                      | ÷ 10         |
| 100 μW                | ÷ 1                             | ÷ $\sqrt{1000}$                     | ÷ $10^{3/2}$ |
| 300 μW                | ÷ $\sqrt{1000}$                 | ÷ $\sqrt{10}$                       | ÷ $10^2$     |
| 1 mW                  | ÷ $\sqrt{1000}$                 | ÷ $\sqrt{100}$                      | ÷ $10^{5/2}$ |
| 3 mW                  | ÷ $\sqrt{1000}$                 | ÷ $\sqrt{1000}$                     | ÷ $10^3$     |
| 10 mW                 | ÷ 1000                          | ÷ $\sqrt{10}$                       | ÷ $10^{7/2}$ |
| 30 mW                 | ÷ 1000                          | ÷ $\sqrt{100}$                      | ÷ $10^4$     |
| 100 mW                | ÷ 1000                          | ÷ $\sqrt{1000}$                     | ÷ $10^{9/2}$ |

## SERVICE SHEET 2 (Cont'd)

## Second Amplifier

A4U2 and U3 and associated components are operational amplifiers with voltage gains of about 25 each. Gain for A4U2 is determined by A4R22 and R23; for A4U3 by A4R27 and R28. Bias current is provided for A4U3 by A4R25.

The tuned amplifiers upper bandpass limit (240 Hz) is set by the parallel RC networks of A4C11 and R22, A4C14 and R27 and parallel RC network in the First Amplifier.

## Third Amplifier

A4U4A and its associated components form an operational amplifier stage with variable voltage gain from 1.3 to 3.4. The front panel CAL ADJ gain control is set to compensate for differences in sensitivity of individual power sensors. The gain is determined by A4R24, R21 and the CAL ADJ control R1.

## Synchronous Detector

The phase shift of the 220 Hz signal through the tuned amplifiers is approximately zero. Because the phase shift is minimal, error introduced into the system is also minimal. This ensures that the detector output is proportional to the RF power input level.

The Synchronous Detector, like the sampling gate circuit in the power sensor, is driven by the 220 Hz Multivibrator drive signal. When A4Q6 is biased on, the equivalent sampling gate FET (which is connected to ground) is also on. Therefore, a negative going signal is coupled to the ac amplifiers. Because there is no phase inversion of the signal throughout the ac amplifiers, the output of the Third Amplifier is also the negative going portion of the distorted sinusoidal waveform. During this half cycle current flows from ground through A4Q6 and R26 to change C12 and C13. A positive voltage is stored on the positive terminal of C13. When the 220 Hz drive signal turns A4Q6 off and Q7 on, the Third Amplifier output is the positive going portion of the distorted sinusoidal waveform. This positive going signal is superimposed on the voltage across C12 and C13 such that the peak voltage is about twice the peak voltage of the Third Amplifier output. This voltage charges A4C16 through R26 and Q7. The dc output voltage is coupled across a dc pass filter to the DC Amplifier.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

Before attempting to troubleshoot the circuits represented by this schematic, verify that the power supply is operating properly. The voltage on TP9 should be +12 Vdc; on TP10, -12 Vdc.

The important characteristics of the waveforms shown on this schematic are the frequency and peak-to-peak voltage. If the shape of the waveform varies slightly, the performance of the

## SERVICE SHEET 2 (Cont'd)

system will not be degraded. Measuring and recording dc voltages and comparing them with the normal levels shown on the schematics may help to isolate defective components. Refer to General Service Information (in Section VIII) with regard to operational amplifier circuits.

The waveforms and voltages shown on the schematic are normal when operating under the following conditions.

## NOTE

To exhibit the correct waveforms in the RANGE switch positions indicated, the power sensor (as part of the measurement system) must measure power from -35 to +20 dBm into a 50Ω load.

a. **POWER METER AND SENSOR.** Set the Power Meter's RANGE switch to the 1 mW position, CAL FACTOR switch to 100% and the rear panel POWER REF switch to (ON). Connect the power sensor to the Power Meter's POWER REF OUTPUT jack.

b. **POWER METER AND HP MODEL 11683A RANGE CALIBRATOR.** Set the Power Meter's RANGE switch to the 1 mW position and CAL FACTOR switch to 100%. Set the Range Calibrator's RANGE switch to 1 mW, POLARITY switch to NORMAL and FUNCTION switch to STANDBY. Connect the Range Calibrator to the Power Meter with the power sensor cable. Set the Range Calibrator FUNCTION switch to CALIBRATE.

## First Amplifier

To troubleshoot the hybrid operational amplifier effectively, consider the complete amplifier as shown on the schematic on the opposite foldout and the power sensor's schematic.

The bias levels may be used most effectively to isolate the problem to the Power Meter. If the dc voltage at TP1 is correct but the ac voltage is incorrect, a defective component probably exists in the power sensor before the signal is input to the hybrid amplifier.

An ac voltage coupled with a positive voltage ( $\approx +3$  Vdc) at A4U1 pin 2 would indicate a defect in the power sensor's hybrid amplifier input or the interconnect cable. If the voltage at pin 2 is about 0.0 Vdc, the defective component is probably in the Power Meter's First Amplifier.

A positive voltage at TP1 indicates the malfunction is probably in the Power Meter's First Amplifier.

## NOTE

Do not overlook the possibility that a problem can exist in the Auto Zero circuits shown on Service Sheet 3.

## SERVICE SHEET 2 (Cont'd)

An increased noise level may be caused by C1, C6 or C30 line noise filters.

Range-to-range inaccuracy between the 100 mW range and another range may be due to a shaping circuit defect.

## Range Switch

Range-to-range inaccuracy which is caused by the RANGE switch attenuators can easily be isolated by performing one of the Instrumentation Accuracy Performance Tests (refer to Section IV).

## Third Amplifier

Adjust the CAL ADJ control from its present setting to the ccw stop. Then adjust the control to the cw stop. The meter reading will normally change by  $\pm 2$  dB ( $>4$  dB from stop to stop). The ac voltage at TP4 will change from the nominal setting to approximately -35% (ccw stop) and +70% (cw stop).

## Synchronous Detector

The phase change of the 220 Hz signal between the power sensor's sampling gate and the Synchronous Detector cannot be measured directly because the detector output is dc rather than ac. However, the phase difference at TP4 (the input to the detector circuit) can be measured. Because the phase change between TP4 and the detector is known, the phase relationship between the drive signal (TP7) and the TP4 signal indicates the total phase shift through the ac amplifiers. This is the step-by-step procedure for checking phase shift.

a. Set the Power Meter and (if used) the range calibrator controls as shown in the general troubleshooting information above.

b. Connect the oscilloscope's vertical inputs to the 220 Hz drive (TP7) through a divide-by-ten probe (Channel B) and to TP4 through a one-to-one probe (Channel A).

c. Set the oscilloscope controls as follows: Channel A sensitivity to 0.05 V/division with ac coupling, Channel B sensitivity to 0.2 V/division, horizontal sweep to 0.5 ms/division and the display mode to Channel A and B, chopped with triggering from B.

d. Adjust the vertical position controls until both traces are symmetrical with respect to the horizontal center line (refer to the typical waveform below).

e. Set the time base magnifier control to X10. The horizontal scale is now 50 μs/division (refer to the expanded waveform below).

## SERVICE SHEET 2 (Cont'd)

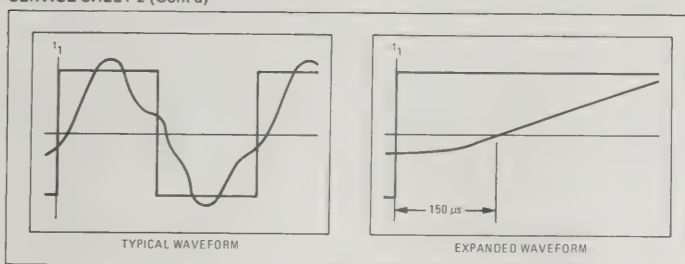


Figure 8-7. Multivibrator/Detector Waveforms

f. Set the Power Meter's rear panel POWER REF switch to OFF or set the range calibrator's FUNCTION switch to STANDBY. With the oscilloscope's Channel A position control, set the trace representing a zero input at TP4 to the grid horizontal center line.

g. Set the Power Meter's POWER REF switch to (ON) or set the range calibrator's FUNCTION switch to CALIBRATE. The zero crossing of the Channel A (TP4) trace should lag the drive signal by 150 ±75 μs.

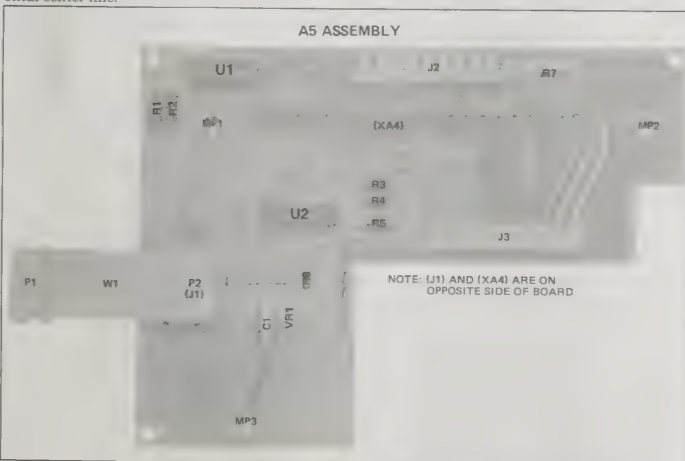
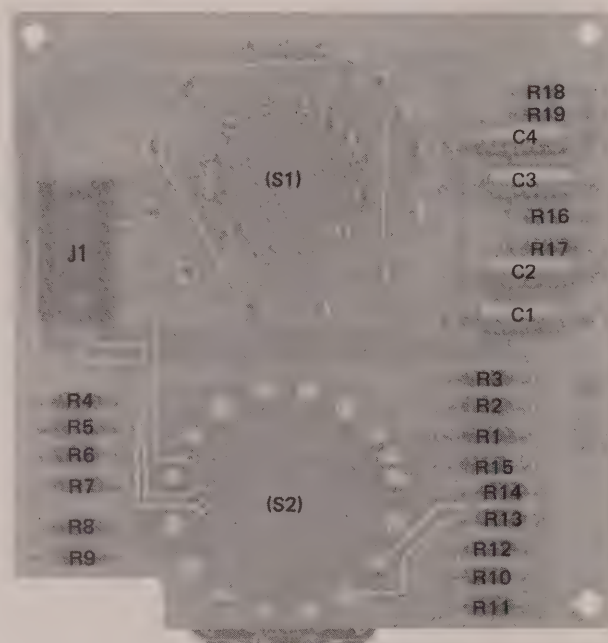


Figure 8-8. A5 Mother Board Component Locations

Figure 8-10. P/O A4 Assembly (AC Ampl/Sync Detector)  
Schematic Diagram

**A1 SWITCH ASSEMBLY**

NOTE: (S1) AND (S2) ARE ON  
OPPOSITE OF BOARD

Figure 8-11. A1 Switch Assembly Component Locations

**SERVICE SHEET 4 (Cont'd)**

Regulating action of the 24V supply is started by CR9, R58 and R60. When the LINE switch is set to ON, current begins to flow through R60 and VR4. As the voltage increases across VR4, current begins to flow through Q11 which biases Q13 and Q16 on. The regulator output begins to increase in a negative direction. The output voltage biases CR9 which, in turn, causes the voltage across VR4 to increase. The resulting rapid increase in voltage on the base of Q11 keeps it ahead of that on the base of Q10. When the Q11 base voltage stabilizes at -12 Vdc, the lower voltage on Q10 keeps the output level increasing until it approaches -24 Vdc. At this point the base voltages of Q10 and Q11 become equal, the differential amplifier's error output goes to zero, and the output is stabilized at -24V.

C25 and R61 form a low pass filter which reduces the high gain of the circuit at high frequencies thus preventing unwanted oscillations. R59 and C24 form a noise filter for the zener diode.

The input voltage to the 24V regulator may be as high as 70 Vdc from the line voltage or as low as 26 Vdc from the battery.

**12V Shunt Regulator**

U7 is connected as a voltage follower circuit. Chassis ground is coupled to the inverting input of U7 and the non-inverting input is coupled across half the 24V series regulator output by a voltage divider R63 and R64. If the voltage input to pin 3 tries to shift toward +12 or -12 Vdc, the output from U7 would bring the voltage at U7 pin 3 back to ground potential.

**Battery Test****NOTE**

*The battery test circuit is in operation any time the LINE switch is set to ON; however, the only time the meter indication is meaningful is when the battery is supplying power.*

When the battery is supplying power for the Power Meter circuits, and the battery is defective or discharged, the battery test circuit removes the positive (+12 Vdc) supply voltage from the DC Amplifier (A4U5). This causes a full downscale meter indication.

The test circuit measures a percentage of the voltage difference between the -12V output and the negative battery terminal. As this voltage difference decreases to approximately 3 Vdc, Q14



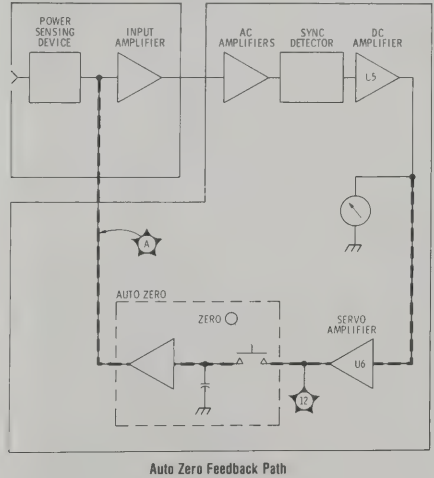
SERVICE SHEET 3

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

General

The input from the Synchronous Detector passes through a Low Pass Filter before it is amplified by the DC Amplifier. The output drives the Meter, the Servo Amplifier, and may also be coupled through the RECORDER OUTPUT jack to drive an external device such as an x-y recorder. The gain of the DC Amplifier is set by the CAL FACTOR switch.

The Servo Amplifier generates an error voltage if the DC Amplifier output is not ground potential. Without an RF input coupled to the power sensor, the DC Amplifier output is very close to 0 Vdc. When the ZERO switch is pressed, the Servo Amplifier error offset voltage is coupled to the Auto Zero circuits. The error voltage is processed, attenuated and coupled across the power sensor's power sensing device output as a zeroing correction voltage. This correction voltage is of equal dc level but opposite polarity to the output of the power sensing device (no RF input). With the corrected input voltage, the DC Amplifier output is exactly zero. When the ZERO switch is released, the Servo Amplifier output voltage is stored within the Auto Zero circuits and the correction voltage remains coupled across the output of the power sensing device. (Refer to the Auto Zero feedback diagram below.)



SERVICE SHEET 3 (Cont'd)

DC Amplifier

The input to the DC Amplifier is filtered by a two-stage Low Pass Filter A4R29 and C17; R30 and C18. On the three most sensitive ranges additional filtering is introduced by components which are mounted on the A1 Switch Assembly.

The DC Offset control A4R32 is set to eliminate any dc offset voltage introduced by the DC Amplifier. The gain of the DC Amplifier is controlled by A4R38, A4R33 and A1R1-15. The gain is variable from approximately 5.3 to 6.2 in 15 one-percent steps as determined by the CAL FACTOR switch. The CAL FACTOR switch setting is dependent on the frequency response of the power sensing device (refer to the chart on the power sensor case).

The DC Amplifier drives the Meter, Servo Amplifier and an external instrument through the rear panel RECORDER OUTPUT jack. The Meter control, A4R35, is used to calibrate the meter with a known input. Thermistor A4RT1 compensates for changes in sensitivity of the meter due to temperature. Diodes CR11 and CR12 at the output of the DC Amplifier, U5, prevent the meter needle from being damaged if excess power is applied to the meter.

Servo Amplifier

The DC Amplifier output is coupled to A4R39, the Servo Amplifier input. Because of the high dc gain ( $\approx 7000$ ) a small dc output from the DC Amplifier U5 produces a large error voltage at the Servo Amplifier U6 output. When the ZERO switch is pressed, this error voltage is coupled to the Auto Zero circuit.

Capacitor A4C21 with R43 gives the Servo Amplifier the characteristics of a low pass filter. The Auto Zero Offset Control A4R42 is set to remove any dc offset voltage introduced by the Servo Amplifier.

Auto Zero Circuit

When the front panel ZERO switch S2 is pressed, A4Q17 is turned on, the collector voltage goes positive which places a dc voltage across relays A4K1 and A4A1K1. The RF BLANKING OUTPUT is now coupled to ground by A4K1 and the Servo Amplifier error voltage is coupled to A4A1Q1 and A4A1C1 by A4A1K1.

The error voltage from the Servo Amplifier biases Q1 which produces an equivalent error voltage at Q1 source. This voltage is attenuated by A4A1R2, A4A1R4 and A4R74. The voltage is further attenuated in the power sensor and is coupled across the ambient temperature dc output of the power sensing device as a correction voltage. The algebraic sum of the dc voltages is amplified and coupled back to the Auto Zero input. Because the feedback loop is a negative path, the correction voltage across the power sensing device output begins to change and continues to do

SERVICE SHEET 3 (Cont'd)

so until it is the same level but opposite polarity as the power sensing device output. The input to the Power Meter circuits goes to zero which means the DC Amplifier output is also zero. When the ZERO switch is released, relay A4A1K1 opens and the final Servo Amplifier error voltage is stored on A4A1C1 at the high impedance input to A4A1Q1. The correction voltage across the power sensing device remains constant as long as the error voltage remains on C1.

Diodes A4CR4 and A4A1CR1 reduce voltage spikes caused by switching the relays. A4R69 also reduces switching transients in the feedback path.

The voltage which appears at the source of A4A1Q1 is coupled to A4U6 pin 2 through A4R44, C20 and C19. This voltage tends to keep the Servo Amplifier output constant when the ZERO switch is first pressed. It dampens the violent change which tries to occur because of the high gain of the Servo Amplifier. The initial change thus occurs slowly.

A4A1R1 establishes an RC time constant (1s) with A4A1C1 which averages out the thermal noise during the zeroing operation.

The special construction of the A4A1 assembly and the high gate impedance of A4A1Q1 reduce leakage from A4A1C1 and thus increases the correction voltage storage time.

A4A1R2, R3, R4, C2, C3 and C4 are part of a frequency response network which keeps the auto zero feedback loop from oscillating during the zeroing sequence.

A4R46, R45 and A4A1R4 form a voltage divider stick. The Balance control A4R46 removes the dc offset introduced by the Auto Zero circuit thus centering its effective range at 0 Vdc.

TROUBLESHOOTING

General

Before attempting to troubleshoot these circuits, verify that the power supply is operating properly. The voltage on TP9 should be +12 Vdc; on TP10, -12 Vdc.

If the dc offset controls A4R32, R42 or R46 are incorrectly adjusted, the Auto Zero circuits may not respond properly. Refer to the adjustment procedures in Section V.

Noise problems may be due to defective components in the Low Pass Filter (especially the three most sensitive ranges) or the Servo Amplifier which is an active low pass filter. A noise problem in the Servo Amplifier will be evident only during the zeroing sequence.

SERVICE SHEET 3 (Cont'd)

DC Amplifier and Servo Amplifier

Measure the dc input and output voltages. Verify that the amplifier outputs respond properly to the inputs. For troubleshooting operational amplifiers refer to General Service Information in Section VIII. A Servo Amplifier problem will be evident only during the zeroing sequence.

Auto Zero Assembly

The normal value range of the offset error voltage at TPA is about -14 to +14 mVdc. The power sensing device normally exhibits a slight positive output due to ambient temperature, therefore, the normal correction voltage is slightly negative, hence -4 mVdc.

The voltage measured at TPB will provide an indication of how long the charge is retained on A4A1C1. The voltage should remain virtually unchanged ( $\pm 1$  mVdc) for 24 hours.

If any component on the A4A1 assembly is found to be defective, the entire assembly must be replaced.

A1 SWITCH ASSEMBLY



NOTE: (S1) AND (S2) ARE ON OPPOSITE OF BOARD

Figure 8-11. A1 Switch Assembly Component Locations

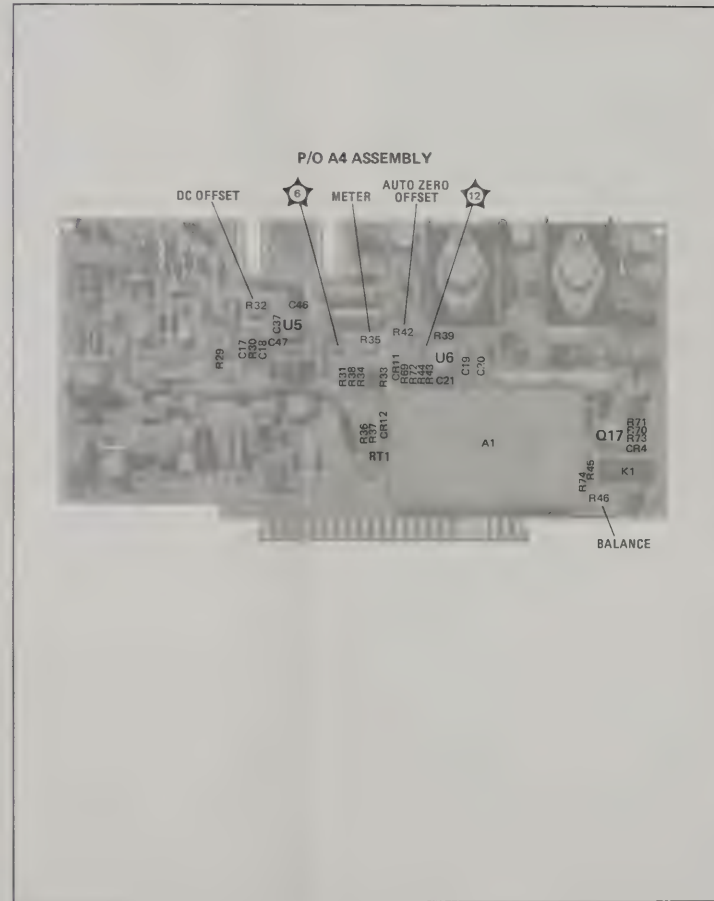
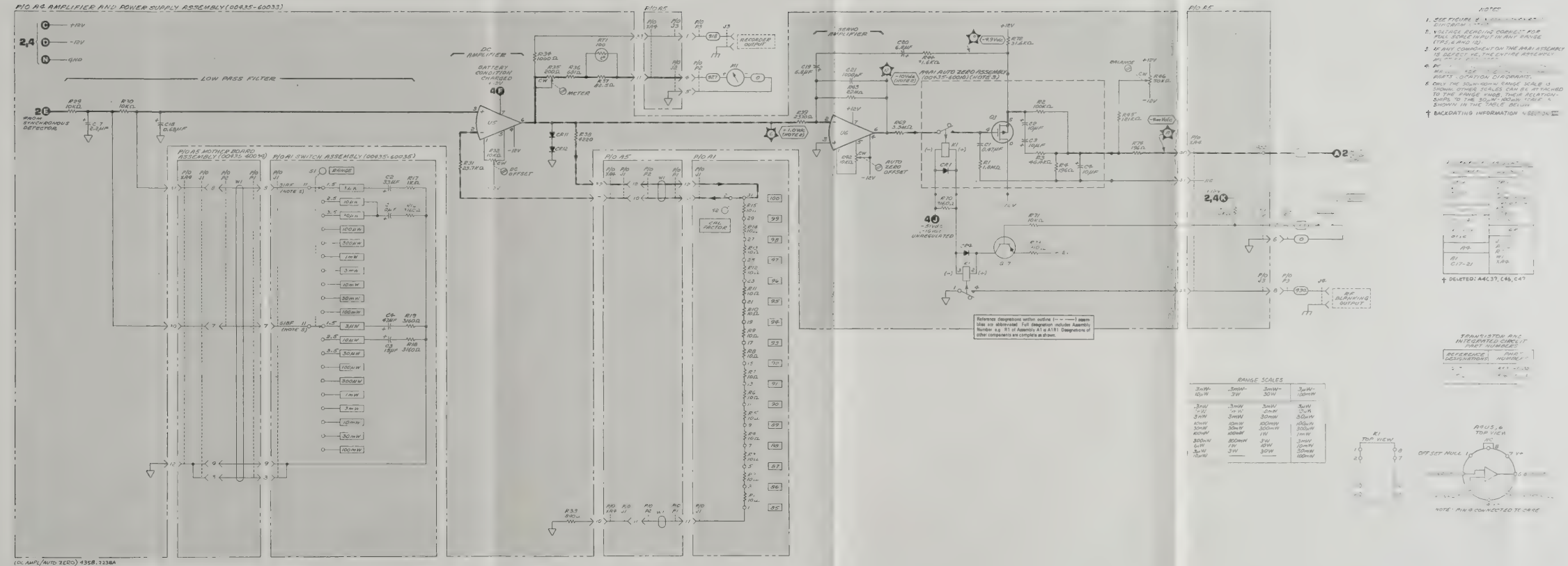


Figure 8-12. P/O A4 Assembly (DC Amp/Auto Zero) Component Locations



**SERVICE SHEET 4 (Cont'd)**

begins to turn off. The collector voltage begins to go positive and the change is transmitted through R51 and VR5 to Q18. As Q18 begins to turn off, its collector goes more negative. A negative going transient is coupled through R55 to the base of Q14 which speeds up the turn-off time. The positive supply voltage is removed from the collector of Q18 and also the DC Amplifier. As the battery voltage is further reduced, the series regulated output begins to decrease faster than the battery voltage and, eventually, the 3 volt threshold voltage is exceeded. Q14 is then biased on, but, because the battery voltage is less than 20 Vdc, the knee voltage of VR5 cannot be reached. Therefore, VR5 does not conduct and Q18 remains biased off.

**Battery Charger**

If a battery has been placed in the Power Meter as a secondary power source, it is always being charged whenever the line voltage is coupled to the instrument and the LINE switch is ON. With ac line (Mains) power supplying energy VR3 is turned on, which biases Q12 for a charging current of approximately 90 mA. This current is supplied through CR6 to the battery BT1. CR7 is reverse biased while the battery is being charged.

When the line voltage is removed, CR7 is forward biased by the current flowing to the Power Meter circuits from the battery. CR6 is turned off and no current flows through the charging circuit.

**Current Limiter**

If the current flow through the 24V regulator were to suddenly increase to approximately 90 mA, Q15 would turn on and draw the drive current away from Q16. Consequently, the current flow to Q13 would disappear and the regulator output would be reduced.

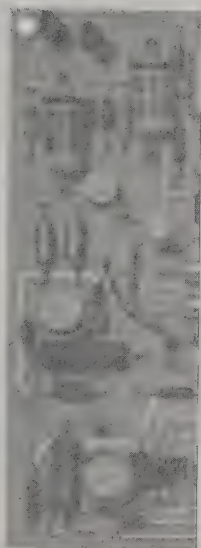
**TROUBLESHOOTING**

Set the LINE switch to OFF and remove A4P1 (red wire) from A4J1 and A4P2 (blue wire) from A4J2. This disconnects the load from the power supply. If the supply voltages are now correct, the malfunction is not in the power supply.

If, after removing the load, the output voltages measured are less than normal but of equal and opposite polarity, the malfunction is probably in the series regulator circuits.

Voltages shown in parenthesis are for battery operation only.

+12



## SERVICE SHEET 5

### PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

#### General

The A3 assembly provides a  $50 \pm 5$  MHz output at  $1 \text{ mW} \pm 0.7\%$ . The oscillator output is held constant by an ALC loop made up of a peak detector CR2 and comparator U2. The comparator reference input is from a very stable +5V power supply composed of U1, VR1, VR2, Q2, and their associated components. The LEVEL ADJ control R4 sets the comparator reference which controls the oscillator feedback level and thereby controls the A3 assembly POWER REFERENCE OUTPUT level.

#### 50 MHz Oscillator

The oscillator circuit is made up of common emitter amplifier Q1 and its associated components. Resistors R10, R11, R12 and R13 bias Q1 for an emitter current of approximately 5 mA. The  $\pi$ -network tuned circuit (C9, L2, C10 and C11) determines the operating frequency. The amplifier ac gain is set by the operating circuit impedance across the tuned circuit and the emitter resistor R15 (which is ac coupled to ground by C12). The positive feedback required to sustain oscillation is satisfied in this circuit. Phase shift of  $180^\circ$  is a characteristic of both common-emitter transistor amplifiers and  $\pi$ -network tuned circuits. This feedback is coupled through C9 and C10, back to the base of Q1.

#### ALC Loop

At the positive peak of each cycle, current momentarily flows from the feedback loop through peak detector diode CR2 to C7. The resultant stored charge is coupled, as a dc input voltage, to pin 3 of U2. The detector output is compared to a very stable reference input by comparator U2. Any difference between the comparator's input voltages produces an error voltage at the dc output. The comparator output is coupled to a reactance voltage divider, capacitor C9 and varactor CR3. As the error output voltage goes more positive the capacitive reactance of CR3 decreases, which reduces the oscillator feedback. Conversely, a more negative output voltage will increase the feedback. For example, if the oscillator output were to suddenly increase, the detector output would become more positive. The comparator output would become more positive, a lower CR3 reactance would decrease the feedback to Q1 which forces the oscillator output level back to its original level. If the R4 LEVEL ADJ control were adjusted for a more positive reference voltage, the comparator output would go more negative, the feedback would increase, allowing the oscillator output to increase. Therefore, the peak detector output would increase until it equals the comparator reference level input, thus establishing a higher leveled-output signal from the oscillator.



## SERVICE SHEET 4

## PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

## General

Power sources for the Power Meter are line (Mains) power or the rechargeable battery. If the battery is being used as a power source, it will receive a charging current any time the line voltage is coupled to the instrument and the LINE switch is set to ON. When the line voltage is disconnected, the battery automatically becomes the power source.

## CAUTION

*A voltmeter or oscilloscope which is used to measure the 24V output across the +12V terminals must have a floating ground input.*

The 12V Shunt Regulator establishes a reference ground at the half voltage point of the 24V Series Regulator output and thus establishes the +12 and -12 Vdc outputs with respect to ground.

## Over Voltage Protection Circuit

The Over Voltage Protection Circuit consists of capacitor C39, thyristor Q20, resistors R81 and R82, and zener diode VR6. The function of this circuit is to prevent component damage in the power supply due to power line transients, wrong voltages being applied to the Power Module (A6) or the shorting of Q13's collector to ground.

## 24V Series Regulator

## NOTE

*The explanation of the 24V Series Regulator is based on the assumption that TP9 is the reference ground and the regulator output is -24 Vdc at TP10.*

A reference voltage of -12 Vdc is established on the base of Q11 by VR4. Because Q10 and Q11 are a differential amplifier pair a difference in voltage between the base of Q11 and the base of Q10, half the 24V output (refer to the note above), produces an error output on the collector of Q11. This error voltage is coupled to Q16, the regulator driver, and from there to Q13, the series regulator. If, for example, the output voltage suddenly decreased to -23 volts, the current through Q11 would increase and the collector voltage would become less negative. Current flow through Q16 increases and the collector voltage goes more negative. The emitter voltage of Q13 follows the collector voltage of Q16 and approaches -24V. As the output voltage becomes more negative, the Q10 base voltage also becomes more negative until it equals the base voltage of Q11. At this instant, the output voltage is -24 Vdc and the circuit action (voltage change) ceases.

## SERVICE SHEET 4 (Cont'd)

Regulating action of the 24V supply is started by CR9, R58 and R60. When the LINE switch is set to ON, current begins to flow through R60 and VR4. As the voltage increases across VR4, current begins to flow through Q11 which biases Q13 and Q16 on. The regulator output begins to increase in a negative direction. The output voltage biases CR9 which, in turn, causes the voltage across VR4 to increase. The resulting rapid increase in voltage on the base of Q11 keeps it ahead of that on the base of Q10. When the Q11 base voltage stabilizes at -12 Vdc, the lower voltage on Q10 keeps the output level increasing until it approaches -24 Vdc. At this point the base voltages of Q10 and Q11 become equal, the differential amplifier's error output goes to zero, and the output is stabilized at -24V.

C25 and R61 form a low pass filter which reduces the high gain of the circuit at high frequencies thus preventing unwanted oscillations. R59 and C24 form a noise filter for the zener diode.

The input voltage to the 24V regulator may be as high as 70 Vdc from the line voltage or as low as 26 Vdc from the battery.

## 12V Shunt Regulator

U7 is connected as a voltage follower circuit. Chassis ground is coupled to the inverting input of U7 and the non-inverting input is coupled across half the 24V series regulator output by a voltage divider R63 and R64. If the voltage input to pin 3 tries to shift toward +12 or -12 Vdc, the output from U7 would bring the voltage at U7 pin 3 back to ground potential.

## Battery Test

## NOTE

*The battery test circuit is in operation any time the LINE switch is set to ON; however, the only time the meter indication is meaningful is when the battery is supplying power.*

When the battery is supplying power for the Power Meter circuits, and the battery is defective or discharged, the battery test circuit removes the positive (+12 Vdc) supply voltage from the DC Amplifier (A4U5). This causes a full downscale meter indication.

The test circuit measures a percentage of the voltage difference between the -12V output and the negative battery terminal. As this voltage difference decreases to approximately 3 Vdc, Q14

## SERVICE SHEET 4 (Cont'd)

begins to turn off. The collector voltage begins to go positive and the change is transmitted through R51 and VR5 to Q18. As Q18 begins to turn off, its collector goes more negative. A negative going transient is coupled through R55 to the base of Q14 which speeds up the turn-off time. The positive supply voltage is removed from the collector of Q18 and also the DC Amplifier. As the battery voltage is further reduced, the series regulated output begins to decrease faster than the battery voltage and, eventually, the 3 volt threshold voltage is exceeded. Q14 is then biased on, but, because the battery voltage is less than 20 Vdc, the knee voltage of VR5 cannot be reached. Therefore, VR5 does not conduct and Q18 remains biased off.

## Battery Charger

If a battery has been placed in the Power Meter as a secondary power source, it is always being charged whenever the line voltage is coupled to the instrument and the LINE switch is ON. With ac line (Mains) power supplying energy VR3 is turned on, which biases Q12 for a charging current of approximately 90 mA. This current is supplied through CR6 to the battery BT1. CR7 is reverse biased while the battery is being charged.

When the line voltage is removed, CR7 is forward biased by the current flowing to the Power Meter circuits from the battery. CR6 is turned off and no current flows through the charging circuit.

## Current Limiter

If the current flow through the 24V regulator were to suddenly increase to approximately 90 mA, Q15 would turn on and draw the drive current away from Q16. Consequently, the current flow to Q13 would disappear and the regulator output would be reduced.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

Set the LINE switch to OFF and remove A4P1 (red wire) from A4J1 and A4P2 (blue wire) from A4J2. This disconnects the load from the power supply. If the supply voltages are now correct, the malfunction is not in the power supply.

If, after removing the load, the output voltages measured are less than normal but of equal and opposite polarity, the malfunction is probably in the series regulator circuits.

Voltages shown in parenthesis are for battery operation only.



## SERVICE SHEET 5 (Cont'd)

Frequency shaping components R8, R10, R11 and C8 determine the upper limit of frequency response of the ALC loop which prevents spurious oscillations.

### +5V POWER SUPPLY

A3VR2 provides a reference voltage of -6.2 Vdc to the power supply reference amplifier A3U1. The gain of the reference amplifier is set by R3, R4 and R5 and is approximately -0.8 with R4 centered. The very stable output is coupled through CR1 as the reference voltage input to comparator U2. Diode CR1 temperature compensates CR2.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### General

Before trying to troubleshoot the A3 assembly, verify the presence of +12 Vdc and -12 Vdc on the circuit board.

If a defect in the A3 assembly is isolated and repaired, the correct output level (1 mW  $\pm 0.7\%$ ) must be set by a very accurate power measurement system. Hewlett-Packard employs a special system, accurate to  $\pm 0.5\%$  and traceable to the

National Bureau of Standards. When setting the power level, a transfer error of  $\pm 0.2\%$  is introduced making the total error  $\pm 0.7\%$ . If a system this accurate is available it may be used to set the proper output level. Otherwise, Hewlett-Packard recommends returning the Power Meter so it can be reset at the factory. Contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office for more information.

### 50 MHz Oscillator

Malfunctions of the oscillator circuits will occur as a wrong output frequency or as an abnormal output level. The voltage at TP2 will indicate if the ALC loop is trying to compensate for an incorrect output level.

Modulation of the 50 MHz signal or spurious signals, which are part of the output, may be caused by defects in R8, R10, R11 or C8 in the ALC loop.

### ALC Loop and Power Supply

Problems in the ALC Loop and Power Supply circuits may be quickly isolated by measuring dc voltages at the inputs and outputs of the integrated circuits. For added information on troubleshooting integrated circuits, refer to General Service Information in Section VIII.



## SERVICE SHEET 5

## PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

## General

The A3 assembly provides a  $50 \pm 5$  MHz output at 1 mW  $\pm 0.7\%$ . The oscillator output is held constant by an ALC loop made up of a peak detector CR2 and comparator U2. The comparator reference input is from a very stable +5V power supply composed of U1, VR1, VR2, Q2, and their associated components. The LEVEL ADJ control R4 sets the comparator reference which controls the oscillator feedback level and thereby controls the A3 assembly POWER REFERENCE OUTPUT level.

## 50 MHz Oscillator

The oscillator circuit is made up of common emitter amplifier Q1 and its associated components. Resistors R10, R11, R12 and R13 bias Q1 for an emitter current of approximately 5 mA. The  $\pi$ -network tuned circuit (C9, L2, C10 and C11) determines the operating frequency. The amplifier ac gain is set by the operating circuit impedance across the tuned circuit and the emitter resistor R15 (which is ac coupled to ground by C12). The positive feedback required to sustain oscillation is satisfied in this circuit. Phase shift of  $180^\circ$  is a characteristic of both common-emitter transistor amplifiers and  $\pi$ -network tuned circuits. This feedback is coupled through C9 and C10, back to the base of Q1.

## ALC Loop

At the positive peak of each cycle, current momentarily flows from the feedback loop through peak detector diode CR2 to C7. The resultant stored charge is coupled, as a dc input voltage, to pin 3 of U2. The detector output is compared to a very stable reference input by comparator U2. Any difference between the comparator's input voltages produces an error voltage at the dc output. The comparator output is coupled to a reactance voltage divider, capacitor C9 and varactor CR3. As the error output voltage goes more positive the capacitive reactance of CR3 decreases, which reduces the oscillator feedback. Conversely, a more negative output voltage will increase the feedback. For example, if the oscillator output were to suddenly increase, the detector output would become more positive. The comparator output would become more positive, a lower CR3 reactance would decrease the feedback to Q1 which forces the oscillator output level back to its original level. If the R4 LEVEL ADJ control were adjusted for a more positive reference voltage, the comparator output would go more negative, the feedback would increase, allowing the oscillator output to increase. Therefore, the peak detector output would increase until it equals the comparator reference level input, thus establishing a higher leveled-output signal from the oscillator.

## SERVICE SHEET 5 (Cont'd)

Frequency shaping components R8, R10, R11 and C8 determine the upper limit of frequency response of the ALC loop which prevents spurious oscillations.

## +5V POWER SUPPLY

A3VR2 provides a reference voltage of  $-6.2$  Vdc to the power supply reference amplifier A3U1. The gain of the reference amplifier is set by R3, R4 and R5 and is approximately  $-0.8$  with R4 centered. The very stable output is coupled through CR1 as the reference voltage input to comparator U2. Diode CR1 temperature compensates CR2.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

Before trying to troubleshoot the A3 assembly, verify the presence of +12 Vdc and  $-12$  Vdc on the circuit board.

If a defect in the A3 assembly is isolated and repaired, the correct output level (1 mW  $\pm 0.7\%$ ) must be set by a very accurate power measurement system. Hewlett-Packard employs a special system, accurate to  $\pm 0.5\%$  and traceable to the

National Bureau of Standards. When setting the power level, a transfer error of  $\pm 0.2\%$  is introduced making the total error  $\pm 0.7\%$ . If a system this accurate is available it may be used to set the proper output level. Otherwise, Hewlett-Packard recommends returning the Power Meter so it can be reset at the factory. Contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office for more information.

## 50 MHz Oscillator

Malfunctions of the oscillator circuits will occur as a wrong output frequency or as an abnormal output level. The voltage at TP2 will indicate if the ALC loop is trying to compensate for an incorrect output level.

Modulation of the 50 MHz signal or spurious signals, which are part of the output, may be caused by defects in R8, R10, R11 or C8 in the ALC loop.

## ALC Loop and Power Supply

Problems in the ALC Loop and Power Supply circuits may be quickly isolated by measuring dc voltages at the inputs and outputs of the integrated circuits. For added information on troubleshooting integrated circuits, refer to General Service Information in Section VIII.

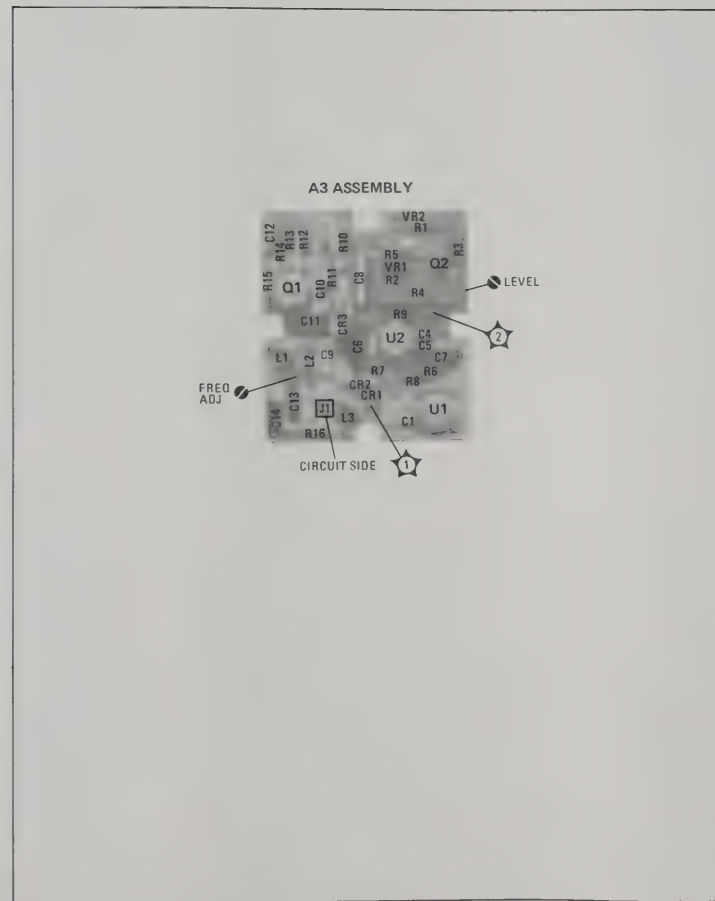


Figure 8-16. A3 Power Reference Assembly Component Locations

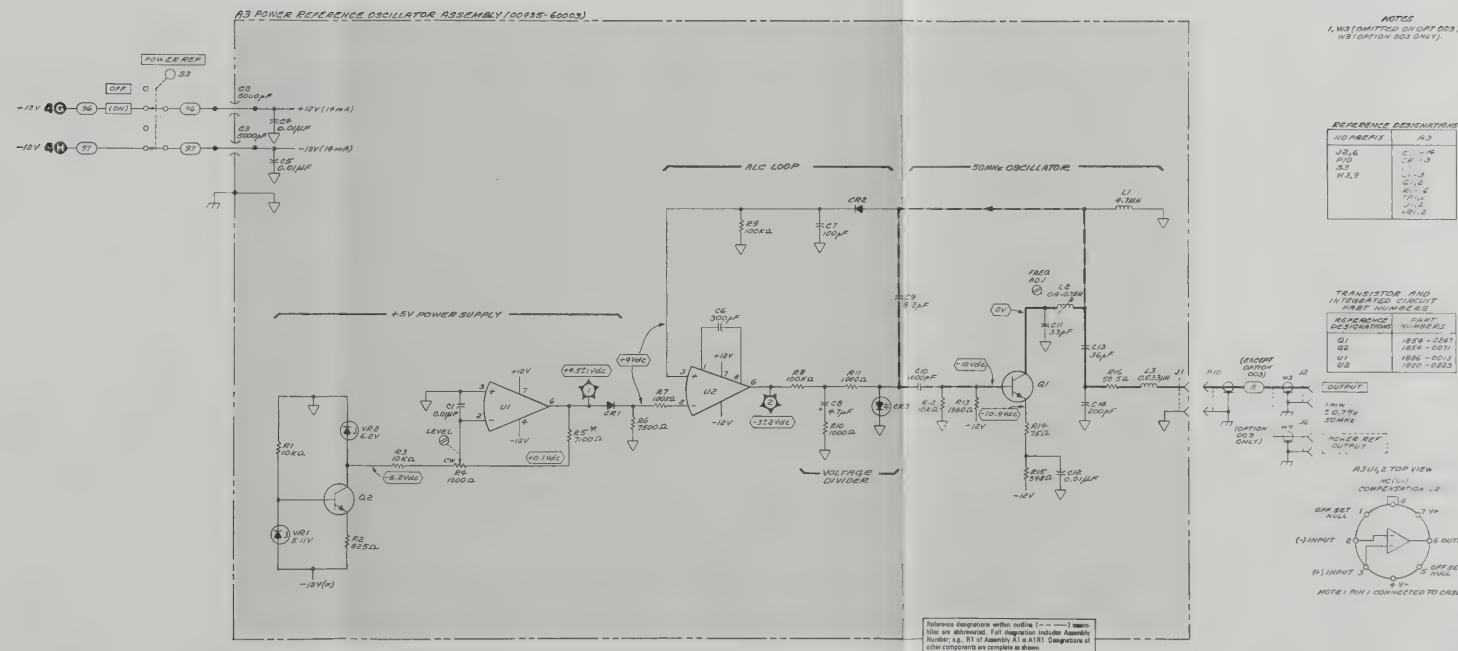


Figure 8-17. A3 Power Reference Assembly Schematic Diagram



| Assembly<br>Referenc |
|----------------------|
| A1 Assembl           |
| A3 Assembl           |
| A3R4 LEVE            |
| A4 Assembl           |
| A4R32 DC C           |
| A4R35 MET            |
| A4R42 AUT            |
| OFFSET               |
| A4R46 BAL            |
| A4R76 220 F          |
| A4A1                 |
| A5 Assembl           |
| A5XA4                |
| A6 Assembl           |
| C1                   |
| F1                   |
| J1                   |
| J2                   |
| J3                   |
| J4                   |
| J5                   |
| J6                   |
| M1                   |
| P2                   |
| P3                   |
| P10                  |
| R1 CAL FA            |
| R2                   |
| S1 LINE              |
| S2 ZERO              |
| S3 POWER             |
| T1                   |
| W1                   |
| W2                   |
| W3                   |
| W4                   |
| W5                   |
| W6                   |
| W9                   |





Table 8-2. Assembly, Chassis and Adjustable Components Locations

| Assembly or Component<br>Reference Designator | Service<br>Sheet | Figure          | Remarks   |
|---|------------------|-----------------|---|
| A1 Assembly                                   | 2, 3             | 8-11, 18        | 8-18 Bottom View  |
| A3 Assembly                                   | 5                | 8-16, 18        | 8-18 Top View   |
| A3R4 LEVEL ADJ                                | 5                | 8-18            |   |
| A4 Assembly                                   | 2, 3, 4          | 8-9, 12, 14, 18 |   |
| A4R32 DC OFFSET                               | 3                | 8-12, 18        | 8-18 Right Side View  |
| A4R35 METER                                   | 3                | 8-12, 18        | 8-18 Right Side View  |
| A4R42 AUTO ZERO<br>OFFSET                     | 3                | 8-12, 18        | 8-18 Right Side View  |
| A4R46 BALANCE                                 | 3                | 8-12, 18        | 8-18 Right Side View  |
| A4R76 220 Hz                                  | 2                | 8-9, 18         | 8-18 Right Side View  |
| A4A1  | 3                | 8-12, 18        | 8-18 Right Side View  |
| A5 Assembly                                   | 2, 3, 4          | 8-8, 18         | 8-18 Bottom View  |
| A5XA4   | 2, 3, 4          | 8-18            | 8-18 Left Side View   |
| A6 Assembly                                   | 4                | 8-18            | 8-18 Top View   |
| C1  | 4                | 8-18            | 8-18 Bottom View  |
| F1  | 4                | 8-18            | 8-18 Rear Panel View  |
| J1  | 2                | 8-18            | 8-18 Front Panel View   |
| J2  | 5                | 8-18            | 8-18 Front Panel View   |
| J3  | 3                | 8-18            | 8-18 Rear Panel View  |
| J4  | 3                | 8-18            | 8-18 Rear Panel View  |
| J5  | 2                | 8-18            | 8-18 Rear Panel View  |
| J6  | 5                | 8-18            | 8-18 Rear Panel View  |
|   |                  |                 | (Options 002 and 003 only)                                    |
|   |                  |                 | (Option 003 only)   |
| M1  | 3                | 8-18            | 8-18 Front Panel View   |
| P2  | 2, 3, 4          | 8-18            | 8-18 Bottom View  |
| P3  | 3, 4             | 8-18            | 8-18 Bottom View  |
| P10   | 5                | 8-18            | 8-18 Top View   |
| R1 CAL FACTOR ADJ                             | 2                | 8-18            | 8-18 Front Panel View   |
| R2  | 4                | —               | Connected to S1 inside safety cover                           |
| S1 LINE                                       | 4                | 8-18            | 8-18 Front Panel View   |
| S2 ZERO                                       | 3                | 8-18            | 8-18 Front Panel View   |
| S3 POWER REF                                  | 5                | 8-18            | 8-18 Rear Panel View  |
| T1  | 4                | 8-18            | 8-18 Bottom View  |
| W1  | 2                | 8-18            | Cable connecting J1 to A5 Assembly                            |
| W2  | 4                | 8-18            | Cable connecting S1 to power module                           |
| W3  | 5                | 8-18            | Cable connecting J2 to A3 Assembly                            |
| W4  | 2                | —               | Power sensor cable  |
| W5  | 4                | —               | Line (Mains) power cable                                      |
| W6  | 2                | —               | Cable connecting J5 to A5 Assembly (Options 002 and 003 only) |
| W9  | 5                | —               | Cable connecting J6 to A3 Assembly (Option 003 only)          |

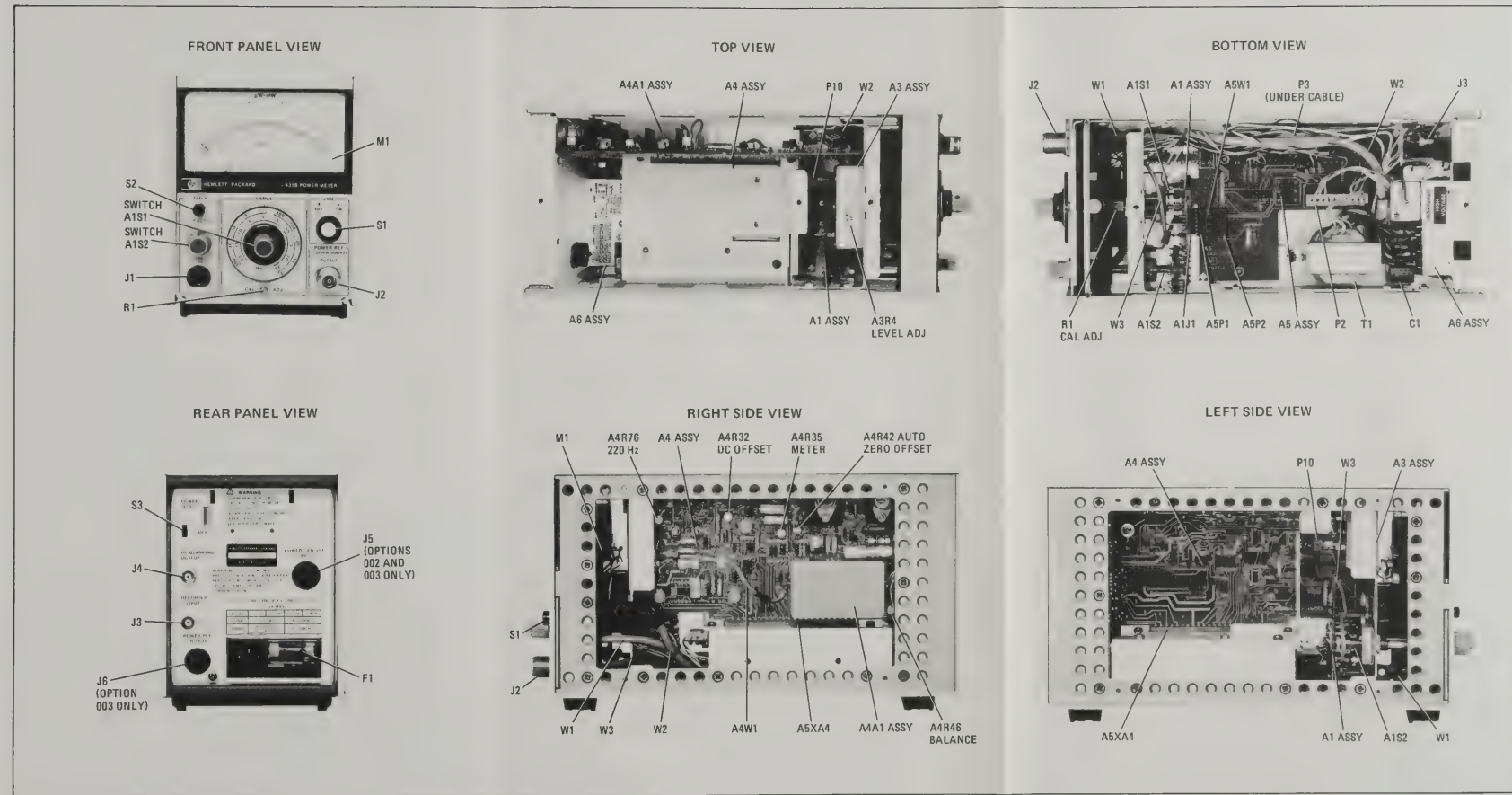


Figure 8-18. Front, Rear and Internal Views



# SALES OFFICES

## Arranged alphabetically by country

### ANGOLA

Teleclra  
Empresa Técnica de  
Equipamentos  
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Caixa Postal, 6487  
**Luanda**  
Tel: 35515/6

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6140 Buenos Aires  
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Telex: 122443 AR CIGY  
Biotron S.A.C.I. y M.  
Avda. Paseo Colon 221  
9 piso  
1399 Buenos Aires  
Tel: 30-4846/185/18384  
34-9356/0460/4551  
Telex: (33) 17595 BIO AR

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**AUSTRALIA CAPITAL TERR.**  
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121 Wollongong Street  
Fyshwick, 2609  
Tel: 804244  
Telex: 62650

### NEW SOUTH WALES

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Ltd.  
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Pymble, 2073  
Tel: 4496566  
Telex: 21561

### QUEENSLAND

Hewlett-Packard Australia Pty.  
Ltd.  
5th Floor  
Teachers Union Building  
495-499 Boundary Street  
Spring Hill, 4000  
Tel: 2291544

### SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Hewlett-Packard Australia Pty.  
Ltd.  
153 Greenhill Road  
Parkside, 5063  
Tel: 2725911  
Telex: 82536

### VICTORIA

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31-41 Joseph Street  
Blackburn, 3130  
Tel: 89-6351  
Telex: 31024 MELB

### WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Hewlett-Packard Australia Pty.  
Ltd.  
141 Sirling Highway  
Nedlands, 6009  
Tel: 3865455  
Telex: 93859

### AUSTRIA

Hewlett-Packard Ges.m.b.H.  
Wehlstrasse 29  
P.O. Box 7  
A-1205 Vienna  
Tel: 35-16-21-0  
Telex: 13582/135066

### Hewlett-Packard Ges.m.b.H.

Wehlstrasse, 29  
A-1205 Wien  
Tel: 35-16-21  
Telex: 135066

### BAHRAIN

Medical Only  
Wael Pharmacy  
P.O. Box 648  
**Bahrain**  
Tel: 54886, 56123  
Telex: 8550 WAEI GJ  
Al Hamidiya Trading and  
Contracting  
P.O. Box 20074  
**Manama**  
Tel: 259978, 259958  
Telex: 8895 KALDIA GJ

### BANGLADESH

The General Electric Co. of  
Bangladesh Ltd.  
Magnet House 72  
Dikusha Commercial Area  
Motihill, Dacca 2  
Tel: 252415, 252419  
Telex: 734

### BELGIUM

Hewlett-Packard Benelux  
S.A./N.V.  
Avenue du Col-Vert, 1,  
(Groenkraslaan)  
B-1170 Brussels  
Tel: (02) 660 50 50  
Telex: 23-494 paloben bru

### BRAZIL

Hewlett-Packard do Brasil  
I.E.C. Ltda.  
Alameda Rio Negro, 750  
Alphaville  
06400 Barueri SP  
Tel: 429-3222  
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil  
I.E.C. Ltda.  
Rua Padre Chagas, 32  
90000-Pôrto Alegre-RS  
Tel: 22-2998, 22-5621  
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil  
I.E.C. Ltda.  
Av. Epilacio Pessoa, 4664  
22471-Rio de Janeiro-RJ  
Tel: 286-0237  
Telex: (021)-21-95 HPBR-BR

### CANADA

**ALBERTA**  
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.  
11620A - 168th Street  
Edmonton T5M 3T9  
Tel: (403) 452-3670  
TWX: 610-831-2431  
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.  
210, 7220 Fisher St. S.E.  
Calgary T2H 2H8  
Tel: (403) 253-2713  
TWX: 610-821-6141  
**BRITISH COLUMBIA**  
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.  
10691 Shellbridge Way  
Richmond V6X 2W7  
Tel: (604) 270-2277  
TWX: 610-925-5059

### MANITOBA

Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.  
380-550 Century St.  
St. James,  
Winnipeg R3H 0Y1  
Tel: (204) 786-6701  
TWX: 610-671-3531

### NOVA SCOTIA

Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.  
P.O. Box 931  
800 Windmill Road  
Dartmouth B3B 1L1  
Tel: (902) 469-7820  
TWX: 610-271-4482

### ONTARIO

Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.  
1020 Morrison Dr.  
Ottawa K2H 8K7  
Tel: (613) 820-6483  
TWX: 610-563-1636  
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.  
6877 Goreway Drive  
Mississauga L4V 1M8  
Tel: (416) 678-9430  
TWX: 610-492-4246  
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.  
552 Newbold Street  
London N6E 2S5  
Tel: (519) 686-9181  
TWX: 610-352-1201

### QUEBEC

Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.  
275 Hymus Blvd.  
Pointe Claire H9R 1G7  
Tel: (514) 697-4232  
TWX: 610-422-9022

### FOR CANADIAN

**AREAS NOT LISTED:**  
Contact Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd. in Mississauga.

### CHILE

Jorge Calcagni y Cia. Ltda.  
Arturo Burtie 065  
Casilla 16475  
Correo 9, Santiago  
Tel: 220222  
Telex: JCALCAGNI

### COLOMBIA

Instrumentación  
Henrik A. Langebaek & Kier  
S.A.  
Carrera 7 No. 48-75  
Apartado Aéreo 6287  
Bogotá, D.E.  
Tel: 269-8877  
Telex: 44400  
Instrumentación  
H.A. Langebaek & Kier S.A.  
Carrera 63 No. 49-A-31  
Apartado 54098  
Medellín  
Tel: 304475

### COSTA RICA

Cientifica Costarricense S.A.  
Avenida 2, Calle 5  
San Pedro de Montes de Oca  
Apartado 10159  
San José  
Tel: 24-38-20, 24-08-19  
Telex: 2367 GALGUR CR

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Kypronics  
19 Gregorios Xenopoulos  
Street  
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**Nicosia**  
Tel: 45628/29  
Telex: 3018

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CSSR  
Vývojova a Provozní Znakladna  
Vyzkumnych Ustavu v  
Bechovicích  
CSSR-25097 Bechovice u  
Prahy  
Tel: 89 93 41  
Telex: 12133

### Institute of Medical Bionics

Vyskumny Ustav Leksarskej  
Bioniky  
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CS-88346 Bratislava-  
Kramare  
Tel: 44-551  
Telex: 93229

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Datavej 52  
DK-3460 Birkerød  
Tel: (02) 81 66 40  
Telex: 37409 hpas dk  
Hewlett-Packard A/S  
Navervej 1  
DK-8600 Silkeborg  
Tel: (06) 82 71 66  
Telex: 37409 hpas dk

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**Cairo**  
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Edificio Sarhan 1148  
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**Addis Ababa**  
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Technisches Büro Hamburg  
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D-2000 Hamburg 60  
Tel: (040) 6304-1  
Telex: 21 63 032 hphd d

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SF-02100 Espoo 10  
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Telex: 121563 hewpa sf

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Zone d'activités de  
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Boite Postale 6  
91401 Orsay-Cédex  
Tel: (1) 907 78 78  
TWX: 600408F  
Hewlett-Packard France  
Chemin des Moulins  
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69130 Ecullay  
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Hewlett-Packard France  
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rue van Gogh  
59650 Villeneuve D'Ascq  
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TWX: 160124F

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33700 Mérignac  
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Boulevard de France  
91035 Evry-Cédex  
Tel: 077 96 60  
Telex: 692315F

Hewlett-Packard France  
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57000 Metz  
Tel: (87) 65 53 50

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Berner Strasse 117  
Postfach 560 140  
D-6000 Frankfurt 56  
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Telex: 04 13249 hpfm d

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Herrenberger Strasse 110  
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Telex: 07265739 bbn

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Emanuel-Leutze-Str. 1  
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Telex: 085/86 533 hppd d

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D-1000 Berlin 30  
Tel: (030) 24 90 86  
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Telex: 0524985

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Tamuning 96911  
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Telex: 4192 Teletro Gu

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Telex: 0155-459

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**Madras** 600 034  
Tel: 82057  
Telex: 041-379

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**Surabaya**  
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Telex: 336055/56

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Telex: 334632 HEWPACKIT

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20063 Cernusco Sul  
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Tel: 334632 HEWPACKIT  
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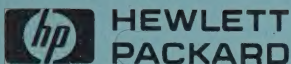
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Should one of your HP instruments need repair, the HP service organization is ready to serve you. However, you can help us serve you more effectively. When sending an instrument to HP for repair, please fill out this card and attach it to the product. Increased repair efficiency and reduced turn-around time should result.

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MODEL NO. SERIAL NO.

MODEL NO. SERIAL NO.

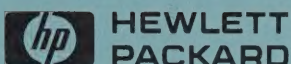
P.O. NO. DATE

Accessories returned with unit

☐ NONE ☐ CABLE(S)

☐ POWER CABLE ☐ ADAPTER(S)

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PHONE NO. EXT.

MODEL NO. SERIAL NO.

MODEL NO. SERIAL NO.

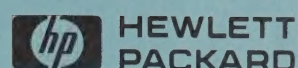
P.O. NO. DATE

Accessories returned with unit

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☐ POWER CABLE ☐ ADAPTER(S)

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_ over



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PHONE NO. EXT.

MODEL NO. SERIAL NO.

MODEL NO. SERIAL NO.

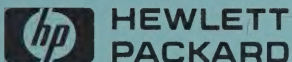
P.O. NO. DATE

Accessories returned with unit

☐ NONE ☐ CABLE(S)

☐ POWER CABLE ☐ ADAPTER(S)

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_ over



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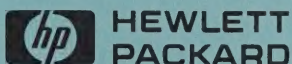
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Accessories returned with unit

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☐ POWER CABLE ☐ ADAPTER(S)

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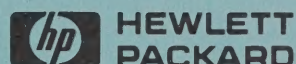
P.O. NO. DATE

Accessories returned with unit

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☐ POWER CABLE ☐ ADAPTER(S)

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_ over



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ADDRESS

TECHNICAL CONTACT PERSON

PHONE NO. EXT.

MODEL NO. SERIAL NO.

MODEL NO. SERIAL NO.

P.O. NO. DATE

Accessories returned with unit

☐ NONE ☐ CABLE(S)

☐ POWER CABLE ☐ ADAPTER(S)

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_ over

## Service needed

☐ CALIBRATION ONLY☐ REPAIR ☐ REPAIR & CAL

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

Observed symptoms/problems

FAILURE MODE IS:

☐ CONSTANT ☐ INTERMITTENT

SENSITIVE TO:

☐ COLD ☐ HEAT ☐ VIBRATIONFAILURE SYMPTOMS/SPECIAL  
CONTROL SETTINGS \_\_\_\_\_

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If unit is part of system list model  
number(s) of other interconnected in-  
struments. \_\_\_\_\_

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5955-8108

Printed in U.S.A.

## Service needed

☐ CALIBRATION ONLY☐ REPAIR ☐ REPAIR & CAL

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

Observed symptoms/problems

FAILURE MODE IS:

☐ CONSTANT ☐ INTERMITTENT

SENSITIVE TO:

☐ COLD ☐ HEAT ☐ VIBRATIONFAILURE SYMPTOMS/SPECIAL  
CONTROL SETTINGS \_\_\_\_\_

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If unit is part of system list model  
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struments. \_\_\_\_\_

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5955-8108

Printed in U.S.A.

## Service needed

☐ CALIBRATION ONLY☐ REPAIR ☐ REPAIR & CAL

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

Observed symptoms/problems

FAILURE MODE IS:

☐ CONSTANT ☐ INTERMITTENT

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☐ COLD ☐ HEAT ☐ VIBRATIONFAILURE SYMPTOMS/SPECIAL  
CONTROL SETTINGS \_\_\_\_\_

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If unit is part of system list model  
number(s) of other interconnected in-  
struments. \_\_\_\_\_

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## Service needed

☐ CALIBRATION ONLY☐ REPAIR ☐ REPAIR & CAL

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

Observed symptoms/problems

FAILURE MODE IS:

☐ CONSTANT ☐ INTERMITTENT

SENSITIVE TO:

☐ COLD ☐ HEAT ☐ VIBRATIONFAILURE SYMPTOMS/SPECIAL  
CONTROL SETTINGS \_\_\_\_\_

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If unit is part of system list model  
number(s) of other interconnected in-  
struments. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

9320-3896

Printed in U.S.A.

## Service needed

☐ CALIBRATION ONLY☐ REPAIR ☐ REPAIR & CAL

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

Observed symptoms/problems

FAILURE MODE IS:

☐ CONSTANT ☐ INTERMITTENT

SENSITIVE TO:

☐ COLD ☐ HEAT ☐ VIBRATIONFAILURE SYMPTOMS/SPECIAL  
CONTROL SETTINGS \_\_\_\_\_

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If unit is part of system list model  
number(s) of other interconnected in-  
struments. \_\_\_\_\_

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## Service needed

☐ CALIBRATION ONLY☐ REPAIR ☐ REPAIR & CAL

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

Observed symptoms/problems

FAILURE MODE IS:

☐ CONSTANT ☐ INTERMITTENT

SENSITIVE TO:

☐ COLD ☐ HEAT ☐ VIBRATIONFAILURE SYMPTOMS/SPECIAL  
CONTROL SETTINGS \_\_\_\_\_

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If unit is part of system list model  
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